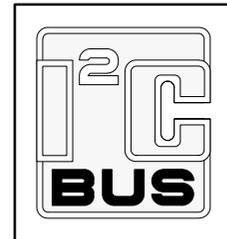


DATA SHEET



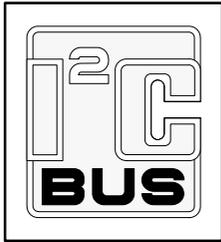
P82B715 I²C bus extender

Product data
Supersedes data of 2001 Mar 06

2003 Feb 20

I²C bus extender

P82B715



DESCRIPTION

The P82B715 is a bipolar integrated circuit intended for application in I²C bus systems.

While retaining all the operating modes and features of the I²C system it permits extension of the practical separation distance between components on the I²C bus by buffering both the data (SDA) and the clock (SCL) lines.

The I²C bus capacitance limit of 400 pF restricts practical communication distances to a few meters. Using one P82B715 at each end of longer cables reduces the cable loading capacitance on the I²C bus by a factor of 10 times and may allow the use of low cost general purpose wiring to extend bus lengths.

FEATURES

- Dual, bi-directional, unity voltage gain buffer
- I²C bus compatible
- Logic signal levels may include both supply and ground
- X10 impedance transformation
- Supply voltage range of 4.5 to 12 V
- 100 kHz operation
- ESD protection exceeds 2500 V HBM per Mil. Std 883C-3015.7
- Latch-up free (bipolar process with no latching structures)

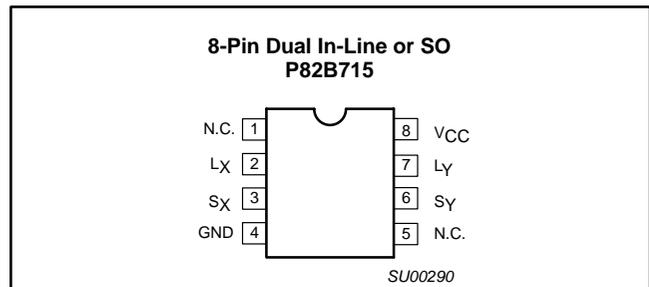
ORDERING INFORMATION

| PACKAGES | TEMPERATURE RANGE | ORDER CODE | TOPSIDE MARK | DRAWING NUMBER |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------|------------|--------------|----------------|
| 8-pin plastic dual In-line package | -40 to +85 °C | P82B715PN | P82B715PN | SOT97-1 |
| 8-pin plastic small outline package | -40 to +85 °C | P82B715TD | P82B715 | SOT96-1 |

NOTES:

1. For applications requiring lower voltage operation, or additional buffer performance, see AN255 I²C and SMBus Repeaters, Hubs and Expanders Application Note.
2. Standard packing quantities and other packaging data are available at www.philipslogic.com/packaging.

PIN CONFIGURATIONS

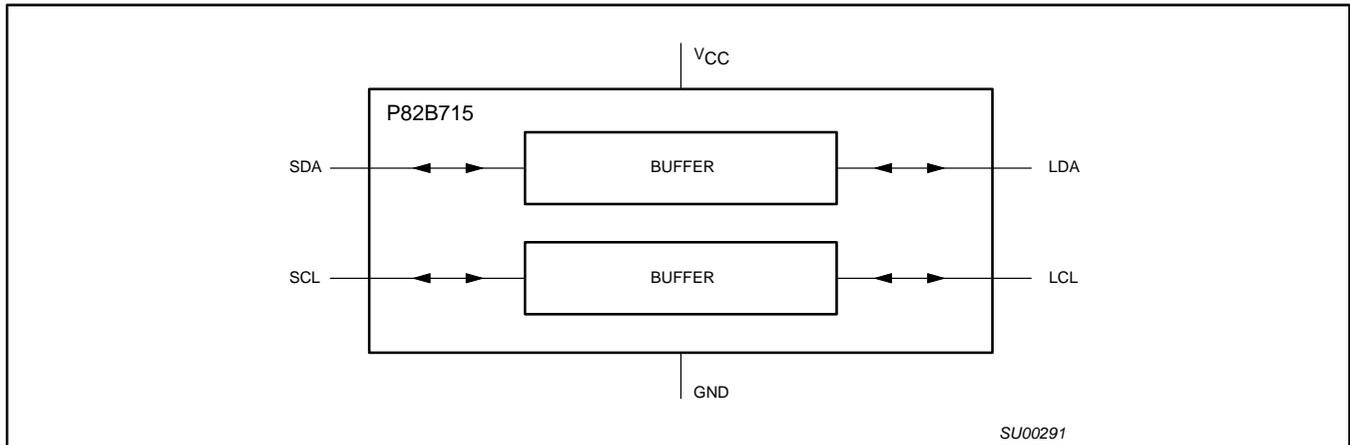


PINNING

| PIN | SYMBOL | FUNCTION |
|-----|-----------------|----------------------------------|
| 1 | N.C. | No connect |
| 2 | L _X | Buffered Bus, LDA or LCL |
| 3 | S _X | I ² C Bus, SDA or SCL |
| 4 | GND | Negative Supply |
| 5 | N.C. | No connect |
| 6 | S _Y | I ² C Bus, SCL or SDA |
| 7 | L _Y | Buffered Bus, LCL or LDA |
| 8 | V _{CC} | Positive Supply |

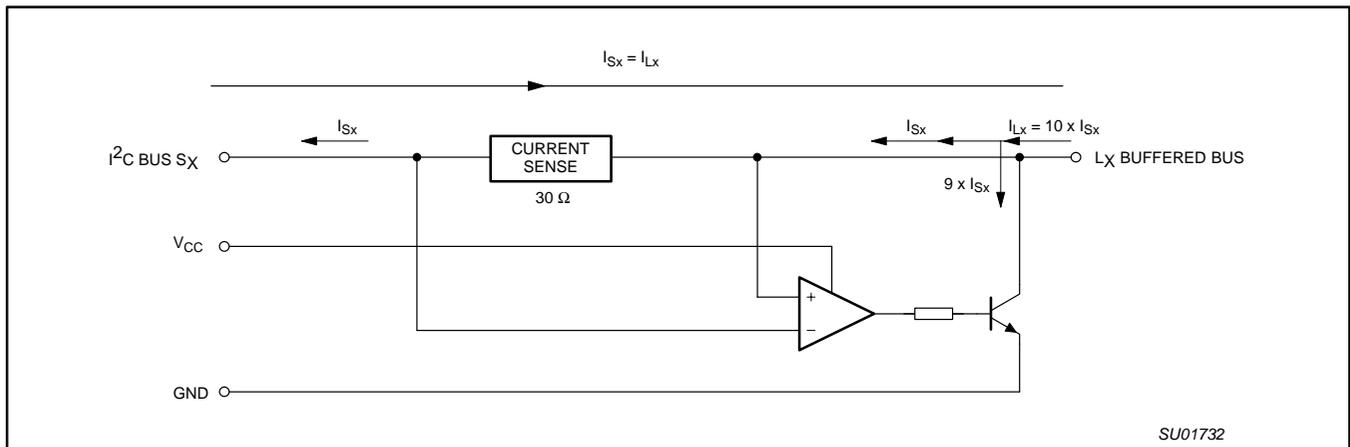
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SU00291

Figure 1. Block Diagram: P82B715



SU01732

Figure 2. Equivalent Circuit: One Half P82B715

S_x, S_y, I²C Bus, SDA or SCL

On the normal side, because the two buffer circuits in the P82B715 are identical, either the S_x or S_y input pins can be used as the I²C Bus SDA data line, or the SCL clock line.

L_x, L_y, Buffered Bus, LDA or LCL

On the special low impedance or buffered line side, the corresponding output becomes the LDA data line or LCL clock line.

V_{CC}, GND — Positive and Negative Supply Pins

In normal use the power supply voltages at each end of the low impedance buffered bus line should be the same. If these differ by a significant amount, noise margin is sacrificed.

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FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

The P82B715 bipolar integrated circuit is a dual bi-directional logic signal driver that increases the allowable total I²C system wiring capacitance. It contains identical circuits, one for each bus signal, and requires no external directional control. It uses unidirectional analog current amplification to increase the current sink capability of I²C chips by a factor 10 and to change the 400 pF I²C bus specification limit into a 4nF bus wiring capacitance limit. This allows I²C, or similar bus systems, to be extended over long distances without degradation of system performance or the use of special cables.

P82B715 provides current amplification from its I²C bus to its low impedance or buffered bus. Whenever current is flowing out of Sx, into an I²C chip driving the I²C bus low, its amplifier will sink ten times that current into Lx to drive the buffered bus low (see Figure 2).

To minimize interference and ensure stability, the current rise and fall times of the Lx drive amplifier are internally controlled.

The P82B715 does not amplify signal currents flowing into Sx on the I²C bus, driven by currents flowing out of Lx on the buffered side. A buffered bus logic low signal at Lx passes via the internal 30 Ω resistor to drive the I²C bus low.

This signal current amplification, dependent on its direction, preserves the multi-master, bi-directional, open-collector/open-drain, characteristic of any connected I²C bus lines and the new low impedance bus. Bus logic signal voltage levels will be clamped at ($V_{cc} + 0.7$ V) but otherwise are independent of the supply voltage V_{cc} .

APPLICATION NOTES

By using two (or more) P82B715 ICs, a sub-system can be built that retains the interface characteristics of a normal I²C device so that the sub-system may be included in, or added onto, any I²C or related system.

The sub-system features a low impedance or buffered bus, capable of driving large wiring capacitance (see Figure 3).

The P82B715 will operate with a supply voltage from 3 V to 12.5 V but the logic signal levels at Sx/Lx are independent of the chip's supply. They remain at the levels presented to the chip by the attached ICs. The maximum static I²C bus sink current, 3 mA, flowing in either direction in the internal current sense resistor, causes a difference less than 100 mV in the bus logic low levels at Sx and Lx. This makes P82B715 fully compatible with all logic signal drivers, including TTL. The P82B715 cannot modify the bus logic signal voltage levels but it contains internal diodes connected between Lx/Sx and V_{cc} that will conduct and limit the logic signal swing if the applied logic levels would have exceeded the supply voltage by more than 0.7 V.

In normal applications external pull-up resistors will pull the connected buses up to the desired voltage high level. Usually this will be the chip supply, V_{cc} , but for very low logic voltages it is necessary to use a V_{cc} of at least 3.3 V and preferably higher. Note that full performance over temperature is only guaranteed from 4.5 V. Specification de-ratings that apply when its supply voltage is reduced below 4.5 V are given in Appendix 3 of AN255-02 I²C and SMBus Repeaters, Hubs and Expanders Application Note. The absolute minimum V_{cc} is 3 V.

I²C Systems

As in standard I²C systems, pull-up resistors are required to provide the logic high levels on the buffered bus. (The standard open-collector configuration is retained). The size and number of pull-up resistors depends on the system.

If P82B715 ICs are to be permanently connected into a system, the circuit may be configured with only one pull-up resistor on the buffered bus and none on the I²C buses, but the system design will be simplified and performance improved by fitting separate pull-ups on each section of the bus. When a sub-system using P82B715 may be optionally connected to an existing I²C system that already has a pull-up then the effects of the sub-system pull-ups acting in parallel with the existing I²C bus pull-up must be considered.

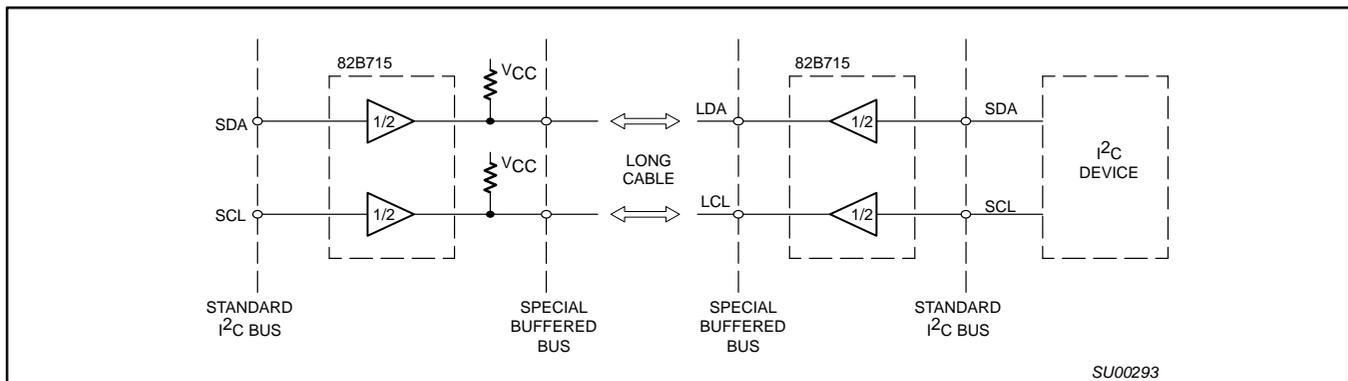


Figure 3. Minimum Sub-System with P82B715

Pull-Up Resistance Calculation

When calculating the pull-up resistance values the gain of the buffer introduces scaling factors which must be applied to the system components. In practical systems the pull-up resistance value is calculated to meet the rise time limit for I²C systems. As an approximation, this limit will be satisfied in a 100 kHz system if the

time constant of the total system (product of the net resistance and net capacitance) is set to 1 microsecond or less.

In systems using the P82B715 it is convenient to set the total system time constant by considering each bus node separately (i.e., the I²C nodes and the buffered bus node) and selecting a

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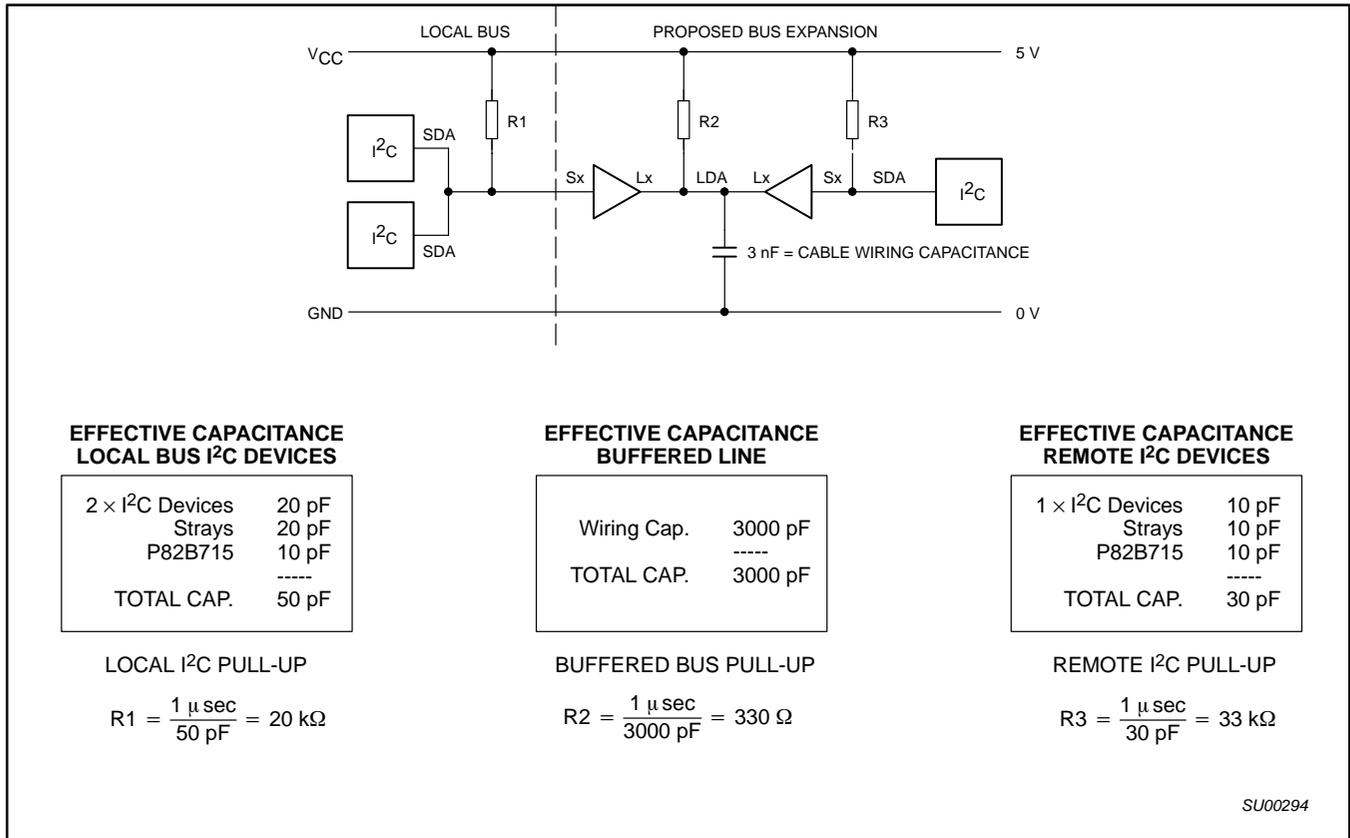


Figure 5. Typical Loading Calculation: Adding An Extension Bus with P82B715

RATINGS

Limiting values in accordance with the Absolute Maximum System (IEC 134).
 Voltages with respect to pin GND (DIL-8 pin 4).

| SYMBOL | PARAMETER | LIMITS | | UNIT |
|------------------------|--|--------|-----------------|------|
| | | MIN. | MAX. | |
| V _{CC} to GND | Supply voltage range V _{CC} | -0.3 | +12 | V |
| V _{bus} | Voltage range I ² C Bus, SCL or SDA | 0 | V _{CC} | V |
| V _{buff} | Voltage range Buffered Bus | 0 | V _{CC} | V |
| I | DC current (any pin) | — | 60 | mA |
| P _{tot} | Power dissipation | — | 300 | mW |
| T _{stg} | Storage temperature range | -55 | +125 | °C |
| T _{amb} | Operating ambient temperature range | -40 | +85 | °C |

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CHARACTERISTICSAt T_{amb} = +25 °C and V_{CC} = 5 Volts, unless otherwise specified.

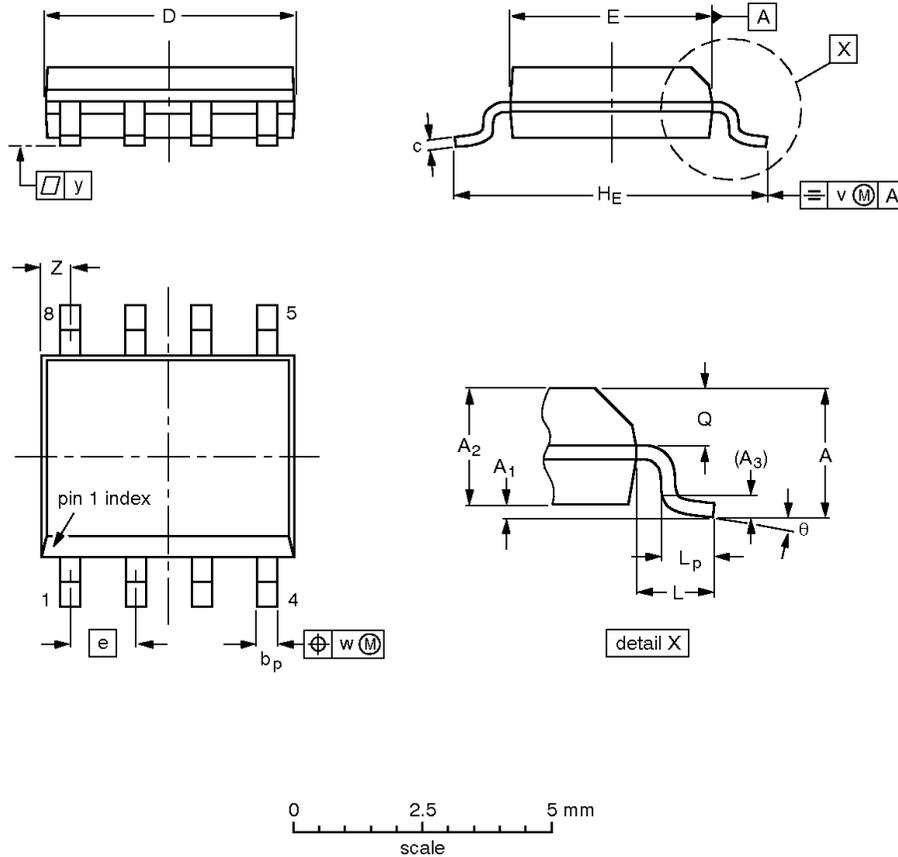
| SYMBOL | PARAMETER | LIMITS | | | UNIT |
|-----------------------------------|---|--------|------|------|------|
| | | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | |
| Power Supply | | | | | |
| V _{CC} | Supply voltage (operating) | 4.5 | — | 12 | V |
| I _{CC} | Supply current | — | 16 | — | mA |
| I _{CC} | Supply current at V _{CC} = 12 V | — | 22 | — | mA |
| I _{CC} | Supply current, both I ² C inputs LOW, both buffered outputs sinking 30 mA. | — | 28 | — | mA |
| Drive Currents | | | | | |
| I _{Sx} , I _{Sy} | Output sink on I ² C bus V _{Sx} , V _{Sy} LOW = 0.4 V V _{Lx} , V _{Ly} LOW on Buffered bus = 0.3 V | 3 | — | — | mA |
| I _{Lx} , I _{Ly} | Output sink on Buffered bus V _{Lx} , V _{Ly} LOW = 0.4 V V _{Sx} , V _{Sy} LOW on I ² C bus = 0.3 V | 30 | — | — | mA |
| Input Currents | | | | | |
| I _{Sx} , I _{Sy} | Input current from I ² C bus when I _{Lx} , I _{Ly} sink on Buffered bus = 30 mA | — | — | 3 | mA |
| I _{Lx} , I _{Ly} | Input current from Buffered bus when I _{Sx} , I _{Sy} sink on I ² C bus = 3 mA | — | — | 3 | mA |
| I _{Lx} , I _{Ly} | Leakage current on Buffered bus V _{Lx} , V _{Ly} = V _{CC} , and V _{Sx} , V _{Sy} = V _{CC} | — | — | 200 | μA |
| Impedance Transformation | | | | | |
| Z _{in} /Z _{out} | Input/Output impedance | 8 | 10 | 13 | |

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SO8: plastic small outline package; 8 leads; body width 3.9 mm

SOT96-1



DIMENSIONS (inch dimensions are derived from the original mm dimensions)

| UNIT | A max. | A ₁ | A ₂ | A ₃ | b _p | c | D ⁽¹⁾ | E ⁽²⁾ | e | H _E | L | L _p | Q | v | w | y | Z ⁽¹⁾ | θ |
|--------|--------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|-------|----------------|-------|----------------|----------------|------|------|-------|------------------|----------|
| mm | 1.75 | 0.25 0.10 | 1.45 1.25 | 0.25 | 0.49 0.36 | 0.25 0.19 | 5.0 4.8 | 4.0 3.8 | 1.27 | 6.2 5.8 | 1.05 | 1.0 0.4 | 0.7 0.6 | 0.25 | 0.25 | 0.1 | 0.7 0.3 | 8° 0° |
| inches | 0.069 | 0.010 0.004 | 0.057 0.049 | 0.01 | 0.019 0.014 | 0.0100 0.0075 | 0.20 0.19 | 0.16 0.15 | 0.050 | 0.244 0.228 | 0.041 | 0.039 0.016 | 0.028 0.024 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.004 | 0.028 0.012 | |

Notes

1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.15 mm maximum per side are not included.
2. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.25 mm maximum per side are not included.

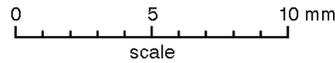
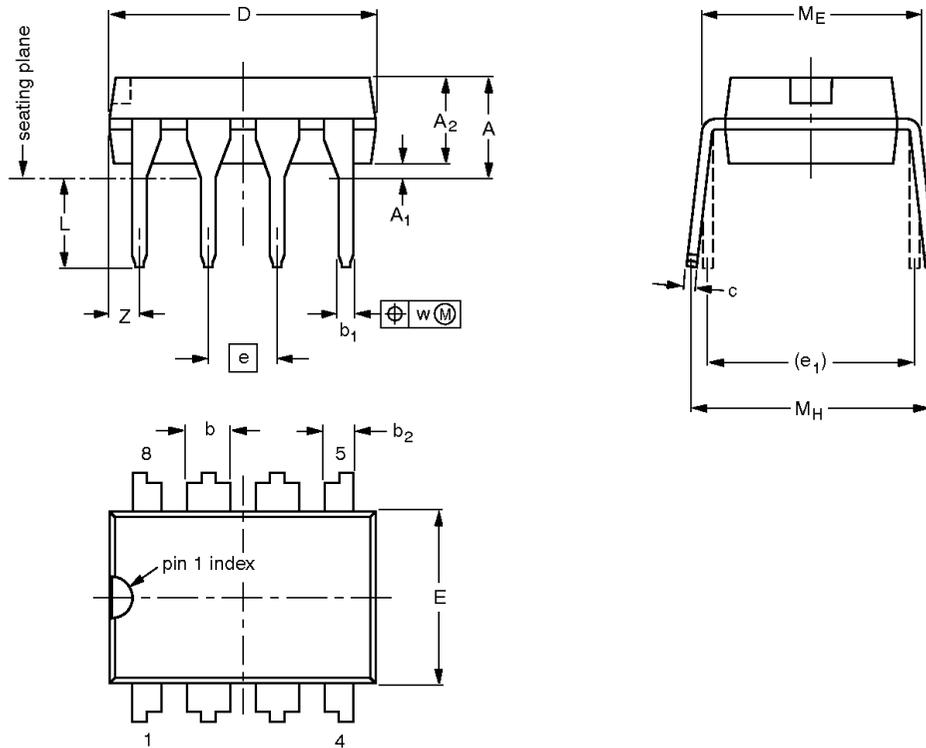
| OUTLINE VERSION | REFERENCES | | | EUROPEAN PROJECTION | ISSUE DATE |
|-----------------|------------|--------|------|---------------------|----------------------|
| | IEC | JEDEC | EIAJ | | |
| SOT96-1 | 076E03 | MS-012 | | | 97-05-22 99-12-27 |

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DIP8: plastic dual in-line package; 8 leads (300 mil)

SOT97-1



DIMENSIONS (inch dimensions are derived from the original mm dimensions)

| UNIT | A max. | A ₁ min. | A ₂ max. | b | b ₁ | b ₂ | c | D ⁽¹⁾ | E ⁽¹⁾ | e | e ₁ | L | M _E | M _H | w | Z ⁽¹⁾ max. |
|--------|--------|---------------------|---------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|------------------|------------------|------|----------------|--------------|----------------|----------------|-------|-----------------------|
| mm | 4.2 | 0.51 | 3.2 | 1.73 1.14 | 0.53 0.38 | 1.07 0.89 | 0.36 0.23 | 9.8 9.2 | 6.48 6.20 | 2.54 | 7.62 | 3.60 3.05 | 8.25 7.80 | 10.0 8.3 | 0.254 | 1.15 |
| inches | 0.17 | 0.020 | 0.13 | 0.068 0.045 | 0.021 0.015 | 0.042 0.035 | 0.014 0.009 | 0.39 0.36 | 0.26 0.24 | 0.10 | 0.30 | 0.14 0.12 | 0.32 0.31 | 0.39 0.33 | 0.01 | 0.045 |

Note

1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.25 mm maximum per side are not included.

| OUTLINE VERSION | REFERENCES | | | | EUROPEAN PROJECTION | ISSUE DATE |
|-----------------|------------|--------|----------|--|---------------------|----------------------|
| | IEC | JEDEC | EIAJ | | | |
| SOT97-1 | 050G01 | MO-001 | SC-504-8 | | | 95-02-04 99-12-27 |

I²C bus extender**P82B715**

REVISION HISTORY

| Rev | Date | Description |
|------------|-------------|---|
| _5 | 20030220 | Product data (9397 750 11094); ECN 853-2240 29410 of 22 January 2003; supersedes data of 2001 Mar 06 (9397 750 08163). Modifications: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Pin capacitance added |
| _4 | 20010306 | Product data (9397 750 08163); ECN 853-2240 25757 of 2001 Mar 06. |

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Purchase of Philips I²C components conveys a license under the Philips' I²C patent to use the components in the I²C system provided the system conforms to the I²C specifications defined by Philips. This specification can be ordered using the code 9398 393 40011.

Data sheet status

| Level | Data sheet status ^[1] | Product status ^[2] [3] | Definitions |
|-------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| I | Objective data | Development | This data sheet contains data from the objective specification for product development. Philips Semiconductors reserves the right to change the specification in any manner without notice. |
| II | Preliminary data | Qualification | This data sheet contains data from the preliminary specification. Supplementary data will be published at a later date. Philips Semiconductors reserves the right to change the specification without notice, in order to improve the design and supply the best possible product. |
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[1] Please consult the most recently issued data sheet before initiating or completing a design.

[2] The product status of the device(s) described in this data sheet may have changed since this data sheet was published. The latest information is available on the Internet at URL <http://www.semiconductors.philips.com>.

[3] For data sheets describing multiple type numbers, the highest-level product status determines the data sheet status.

Definitions

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Limiting values definition — Limiting values given are in accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). Stress above one or more of the limiting values may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and operation of the device at these or at any other conditions above those given in the Characteristics sections of the specification is not implied. Exposure to limiting values for extended periods may affect device reliability.

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Date of release: 02-03

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Document order number:

9397 750 11094

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