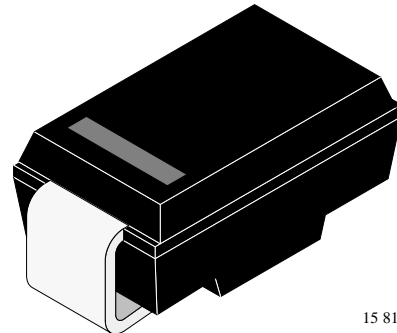


# Fast Silicon Mesa SMD Rectifier

## Features

- Glass passivated junction
- Low reverse current
- Soft recovery characteristics
- Fast reverse recovery time
- Good switching characteristics
- Wave and reflow solderable



15 811

## Applications

Surface mounting  
 Fast rectifier  
 Freewheeling diodes in SMPS and converters  
 Snubber diodes

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

 $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ 

| Parameter  | Test Conditions                                | Type   | Symbol        | Value      | Unit             |
|--|--|--------|---------------|------------|------------------|
| Reverse voltage<br>=Repetitive peak reverse voltage                        |  | BYG20D | $V_R=V_{RRM}$ | 200        | V                |
|  |  | BYG20G | $V_R=V_{RRM}$ | 400        | V                |
|  |  | BYG20J | $V_R=V_{RRM}$ | 600        | V                |
| Peak forward surge current   | $t_p=10\text{ms}$ ,<br>half sinewave           |        | $I_{FSM}$     | 30         | A                |
| Average forward current  |  |        | $I_{FAV}$     | 1.5        | A                |
| Junction and storage temperature range                                     |  |        | $T_j=T_{stg}$ | -55...+150 | $^\circ\text{C}$ |
| Pulse energy in avalanche mode, non repetitive (inductive load switch off) | $I_{(BR)R}=1\text{A}$ , $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ |        | $E_R$         | 20         | mJ               |

## Maximum Thermal Resistance

 $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ 

| Parameter        | Test Conditions   | Symbol     | Value | Unit |
|------------------|---|------------|-------|------|
| Junction lead    | $T_L=\text{const.}$   | $R_{thJL}$ | 25    | K/W  |
| Junction ambient | mounted on epoxy-glass hard tissue  | $R_{thJA}$ | 150   | K/W  |
|                  | mounted on epoxy-glass hard tissue, 50mm <sup>2</sup> 35μm Cu                           | $R_{thJA}$ | 125   | K/W  |
|                  | mounted on Al-oxid-ceramic (Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> ), 50mm <sup>2</sup> 35μm Cu | $R_{thJA}$ | 100   | K/W  |

### Electrical Characteristics

$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$

| Parameter             | Test Conditions                                    | Type | Symbol   | Min | Typ | Max | Unit          |
|-----------------------|--|------|----------|-----|-----|-----|---------------|
| Forward voltage       | $I_F=1\text{A}$                                    |      | $V_F$    |     |     | 1.3 | V             |
|                       | $I_F=1.5\text{A}$                                  |      | $V_F$    |     |     | 1.4 | V             |
| Reverse current       | $V_R=V_{RRM}$                                      |      | $I_R$    |     |     | 1   | $\mu\text{A}$ |
|                       | $V_R=V_{RRM}, T_j=100^\circ\text{C}$               |      | $I_R$    |     |     | 10  | $\mu\text{A}$ |
| Reverse recovery time | $I_F=0.5\text{A}, I_R=1\text{A}, i_R=0.25\text{A}$ |      | $t_{rr}$ |     |     | 75  | ns            |

### Characteristics ( $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified)

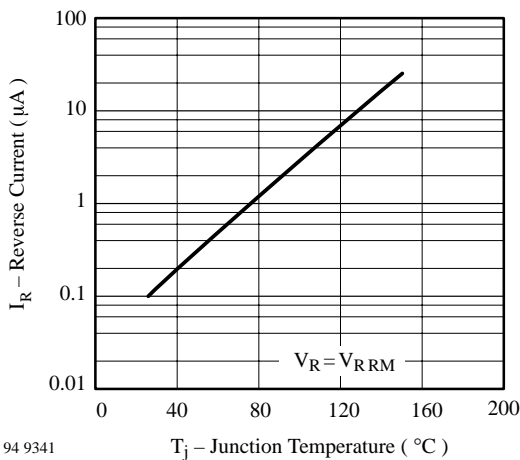


Figure 1. Typ. Reverse Current vs. Junction Temperature

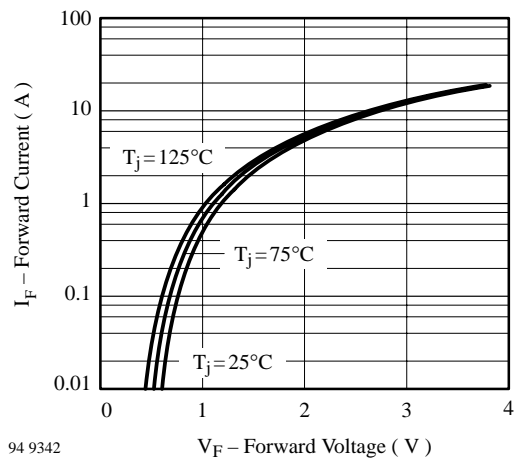


Figure 3. Max. Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

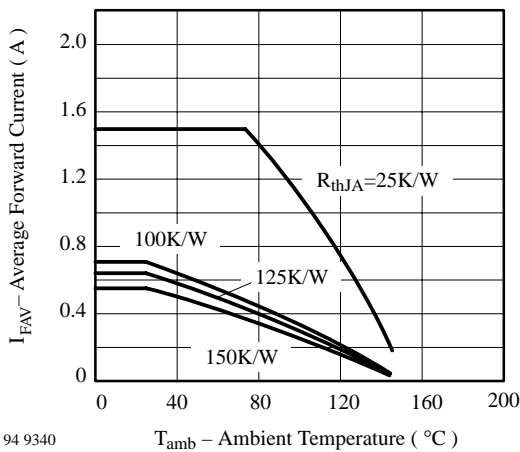


Figure 2. Max. Average Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature

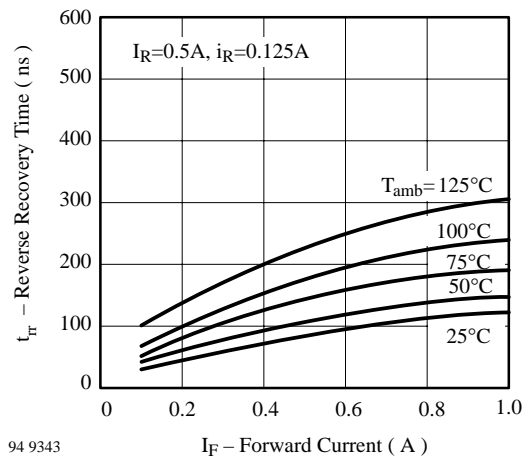
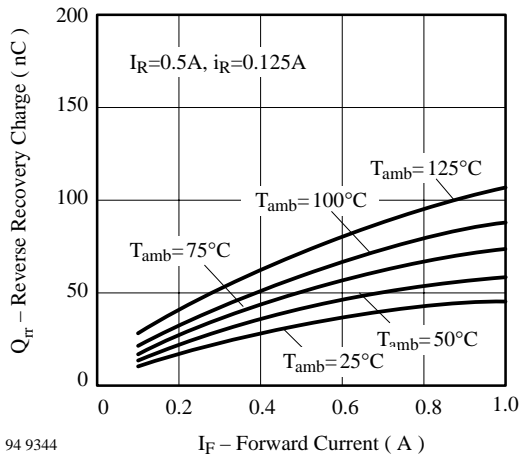
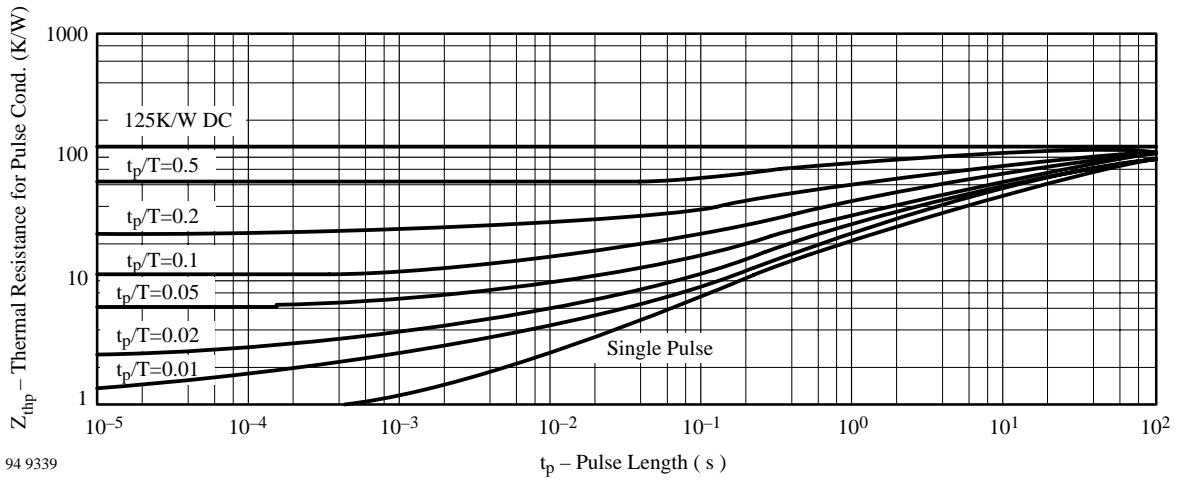


Figure 4. Max. Reverse Recovery Time vs. Forward Current



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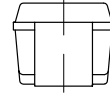
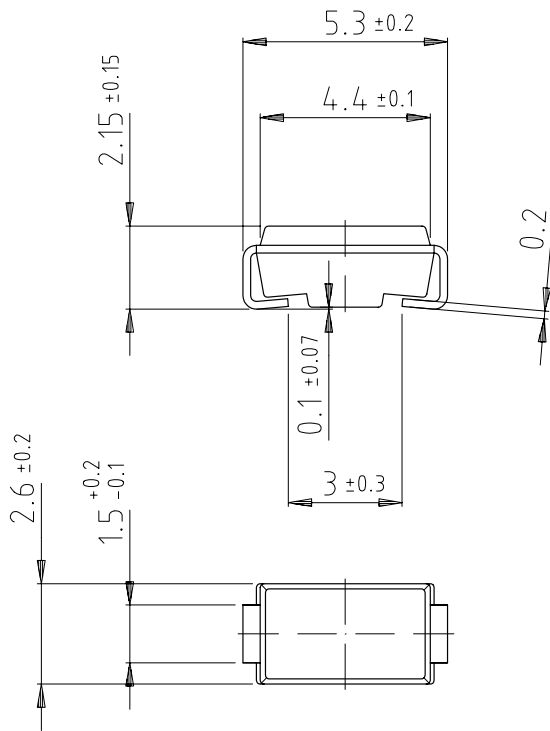
Figure 5. Max. Reverse Recovery Charge vs. Forward Current



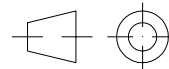
94 9339

Figure 6. Thermal Response

### Dimensions in mm



Plastic case JEDEC DO 214  
similar to SMA  
Cathode indicated by a band



technical drawings  
according to DIN  
specifications

14275



## Ozone Depleting Substances Policy Statement

It is the policy of **Vishay Semiconductor GmbH** to

1. Meet all present and future national and international statutory requirements.
2. Regularly and continuously improve the performance of our products, processes, distribution and operating systems  
with respect to their impact on the health and safety of our employees and the public, as well as their impact on the environment.

It is particular concern to control or eliminate releases of those substances into the atmosphere which are known as ozone depleting substances (ODSs).

The Montreal Protocol (1987) and its London Amendments (1990) intend to severely restrict the use of ODSs and forbid their use within the next ten years. Various national and international initiatives are pressing for an earlier ban on these substances.

**Vishay Semiconductor GmbH** has been able to use its policy of continuous improvements to eliminate the use of ODSs listed in the following documents.

1. Annex A, B and list of transitional substances of the Montreal Protocol and the London Amendments respectively
2. Class I and II ozone depleting substances in the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990 by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) in the USA
3. Council Decision 88/540/EEC and 91/690/EEC Annex A, B and C (transitional substances) respectively.

**Vishay Semiconductor GmbH** can certify that our semiconductors are not manufactured with ozone depleting substances and do not contain such substances.

**We reserve the right to make changes to improve technical design and may do so without further notice.**

Parameters can vary in different applications. All operating parameters must be validated for each customer application by the customer. Should the buyer use Vishay-Telefunken products for any unintended or unauthorized application, the buyer shall indemnify Vishay-Telefunken against all claims, costs, damages, and expenses, arising out of, directly or indirectly, any claim of personal damage, injury or death associated with such unintended or unauthorized use.

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