RC Bug

Warning! Not suitable for children under 36 months. Choking hazard. Only for use by children over 8 years old. To be used solely under the strict supervision of adults that have studied the precautions given in the experimental set. Hair entanglement may result if the child's head is too close to the motorized unit of this toy. This toy contains functional sharp point – on the component leads. Do not short-circuit the battery terminals and motors, which may cause overheating. Do not lock the motor or other moving parts, which may cause overheating. Use with care and only under supervision of adult.

Packaging materials are not toys. Please remove all packaging and packing tags/wires before giving this toy to your child.

CAUTION! Take extra care during unpacking and use.

Please take note: As an extra precaution, check this toy regularly for signs of wear or damage. Read the instructions carefully before use, then follow them and keep them for reference.

Warning! Do not short-circuit the battery terminals and motor, which may cause overheating. The wires are not to be inserted into socket outlets.

Batteries required: 6 x AAA/LR03 (Not included)

IMPORTANT: Keep these instructions. DO NOT DISCARD.

- Only adults should install and replace batteries.
- Alkáline batteries are recommended.
- If the device has not been used for a long time, remove the batteries. 3.
- Do not use rechargeable batteries.
- Do not mix old and new batteries.
- Do not mix alkaline, standard (carbon zinc) or rechargeable (nickel cadmium) batteries.
- 7. Exhausted batteries are to be removed from the toy.
- Non-rechargeable batteries are not to be recharged.
- The supply terminals are not to be short-circuited.
- Only batteries of the same or equivalent type as recommended are to be used. Batteries are to be inserted with the correct polarity.
- 12. Do not dispose of batteries in fire, batteries may explode or leak.
- 13. Batteries may explode or leak if misused.



If at any time in the future you should need to dispose of this product please note that Waste electrical products should not be disposed of with household waste. Please recycle where facilities exist. Check with your Local Authority or retailer for recycling advice.(Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment Directive)

Introduction

Almost every modern home has one or more remote control device, such as television or CD player. There are two major types of remote control, depending on the transmission signal used.

This RC robot uses the first type: infrared light (IR). It is commonly used for TV and home appliance control because of lower cost and it will not interfere with other radio devices. However, the range is short and the remote control must point at the device. In other words, the device must be able to "see" the control signal from the remote. Furthermore, it does not work well outdoors because the infrared part of sunlight will interfere the sensor.

The other type of remote control uses radio wave, it is often used in car security alarm, radio controlled planes and video game consoles, etc. They have the advantages of longer range, and will not be blocked by walls and objects in between. However, they are more expensive and may interfere with other radio devices.

How does a remote control work?

Most control remotes for electronic appliances use a near infrared diode to emit a beam of light that reaches the device. This infrared light is invisible to the human eye, but picked up by sensors on the receiving device. Video cameras see the diode as if it produces visible purple light. The sensor converts the light pulses into electrical signal and passes it to the microprocessor which decodes them as commands, for example, to turn left or move forward.

Components:

- 1 Wheel x2
- 2 Wheel cover x2
- 3 Body part x2
- 4 Gearbox x1
- 5 Rear wheel x1
- 6 Remote control x1
- 7 Face x1
- 8 Antenna part x4
- 9 Battery box x1
- 10 Switch x1
- 11 Circuit board x1
- 12 Switch cap



Fig. 1

Steps:

1. Attach the circuit board (11) on the top of the gearbox (4) and install the gearbox to the right body part (3). (Fig. 2)

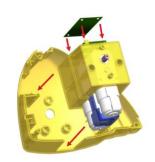


Fig. 2

2. Cover the switch (10) with the switch cap (12) and install it to the body part (3). (Fig. 3)





Fig. 3

3. Insert the face (7) to the body part. (Fig. 4)

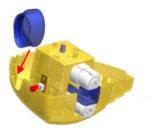


Fig. 4

4. Combine the antenna part (8). (Fig. 5)

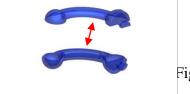
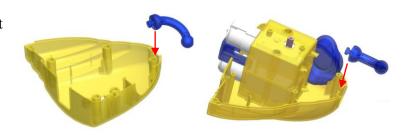


Fig. 5

5. Install the antenna to each body part (3). (Fig. 6)



6. Install the rear wheel (5). (Fig. 7)





Fig. 7

7. Install the battery box (9) on the body part. (Fig. 8)



Fig. 8

- 8. Connect the different plugs to the circuit board:
 - i. Battery socket "BAT"
 - ii. Right motor socket "M1"
 - iii. Left motor socket "M2"
 - iv. Switch socket "SW1" See Fig. 9.

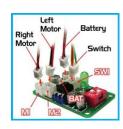


Fig. 9

9. Use a cross head screwdriver (not included) to loosen the screw in the battery compartment door of the battery box (9), install 3 AAA batteries according to the polarity mark. (Fig. 10) Replace the door and

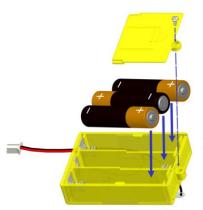


Fig. 10

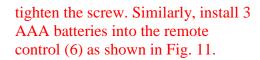




Fig. 11

10. Close the left and right body part. (Fig. 12)



Fig. 12

11. Attach the wheel covers (2) on each wheel (1). (Fig. 13)

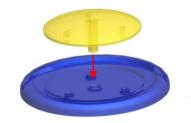


Fig. 13

12. Attach the wheels to the body. Done! (Fig. 14)

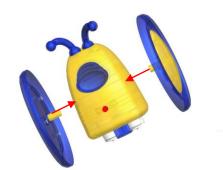


Fig. 14

13. There is a channel select switch on the circuit board and the remote control. The remote control must be set to the same channel (1, 2 or 3) as the robot to be able to control it. If you are playing with your friends, each must choose a different channel so that one will not interfere with the other units. (Fig. 15)



Fig. 15

14. Push the red button on the robot and the triangle button (A) on the remote control to turn it on. Point the remote control towards the unit. Push both

control sticks of the remote control forward or backward at the same time to move it in straight line. Move them in opposite directions to make a turn. (Fig. 16)

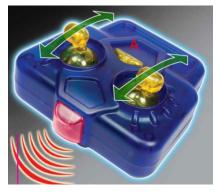


Fig. 16