

ESP8266 AT Instruction Set

Version 1.5.4

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About This Guide

This document provides AT commands list based on ESP8266_NONOS_SDK. The document is structured as follows.

Chapter	Title	Subject
Chapter 1	Preambles	Instructions on user-define AT command and downloading.
Chapter 2	Command Description	Basic description of AT commands.
Chapter 3	Basic AT Commands	List basic function AT commands.
Chapter 4	Wi-Fi Related AT Commands	Lists Wi-Fi related AT commands.
Chapter 5	TCP/IP AT Commands	Lists TCP/IP related AT commands.
Chapter 6	Appendix	List the AT commands which will save configuration into flash.
Chapter 7	Q & A	Provides information about AT technical support.

Release Notes

Date	Version	Release notes
2016.04	V1.5.3	First Release.
2016.05	V1.5.4	Updated Chapter 5.2.16 and Chapter 5.2.19.



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19. 20. 21. 22. 23. 24. 25. 26. 27. 28. 29.	AT+CWAUTOCONN – Auto connect to AP or not	P DHCP, save .35 .35 .35 .36 .37 .37 .38 .39 .40 .41 .42 .43 .44
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1. Preambles

AT commands set is divided into: Basic AT commands, WiFi related AT commands, TCP / IP AT commands.

1.1. User-define AT commands

Please use only letters when naming user-define AT commands, do not name it with other characters or numbers.

AT is based on ESP8266_NONOS_SDK, Espressif Systems AT commands are provided in libat.a. In the example of \ESP8266_NONOS_SDK\examples\at\user\user_main.c, ways are delivered on how to implement a self-defined AT Command, " AT+TEST".

The structure, at_funcationType, is used to define four types of a command, e.g. "AT+TEST".

Definition Type		Description			
		AT Command	AT+TEST=?		
at taat0md	To at	Registered Callback In Example	at_testCmdTest		
at_testCmd	Test	Function Design	Return the value range of parameters		
		If at_testCmd is registered as NULL, there will be no testing command.			
		AT Command	AT+TEST?		
ot guaryCmd	Ouena	Registered Callback In Example	at_queryCmdTest		
at_queryCmd	Query	Function Design	Return the current value		
		If at_queryCmd is registered as NULL, there will be no query command.			
	Set	AT Command	AT+TEST=parameter1, parameter2,		
at actumCmd		Registered Callback In Example	at_setupCmdTest		
at_setupCmd		Function Design	Set configuration		
		If at_setupCmd is registered as N	NULL, there will be no setup command.		
		AT Command	AT+TEST		
		Registered Callback In Example	at_exeCmdTest		
at_exeCmd	Execute	Function Design	Execute an action		
		If at_exeCmd is registered as NU command.	LL, there will be no execution		

Copy all files in folder "at" to folder "app" in ESP8266_NONOS_SDK if users need to compile AT. Introduction of compilation can refer to documentation "2A-ESP8266_IOT_SDK_User_Manual".

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1.2. Download AT firmware into Flash

Refer to ESP8266_NONOS_SDK\bin\at\readme.txt on how to download AT firmware into Flash.

Please use Espressif official Flash download tool and select corresponding Flash size while downloading.

Espressif official Flash download tool: http://bbs.espressif.com/viewtopic.php?f=5&t=433

1. 4Mbit Flash

With the release of ESP8266_NONOS_SDK_V1.5.0, AT_V0.51, AT firmware needs 8Mbit or larger Flash size. Please do not use 4Mbit Flash any more.

2. 8Mbit Flash

If the Flash size is 8Mbit or larger, users can use boot mode which support upgrade AT firmware through WiFi by command "AT+CIUPDATE". Use Espressif Flash download tool and select Flash size : 8Mbit.

bin	Address	Description
esp_init_data_default.bin	0xFC000	Optional. Stores default RF parameter values.
blank.bin	0x7E000	Initialize Flash user parameter area, more details in Appendix.
blank.bin	0xFE000	Initialize Flash system parameter area, more details in Appendix.
boot.bin	0×00000	In \bin\at
user1.1024.new.2.bin	0x01000	In \bin\at\512+512

3. 16Mbit Flash, map: 512KB + 512KB

Use Espressif Flash download tool and select Flash size: 16Mbit.



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bin	Address	Description
esp_init_data_default.bin 0x1FC000 Optional. Stores default RF parameter values.		Optional. Stores default RF parameter values.
blank.bin	0x7E000	Initialize Flash user parameter area, more details in Appendix.
blank.bin	0x1FE000	Initialize Flash system parameter area, more details in Appendix.
boot.bin	0x00000	In \bin\at
user1.1024.new.2.bin	0x01000	In \bin\at\512+512

4. 16Mbit Flash, map: 1024KB + 1024KB

Use Espressif Flash download tool and select Flash size: 16Mbit-C1.

bin	Address	Description
esp_init_data_default.bin	0x1FC000	Optional. Stores default RF parameter values.
blank.bin	0xFE000	Initialize Flash user parameter area, more details in Appendix.
blank.bin	0x1FE000	Initialize Flash system parameter area, more details in Appendix.
boot.bin	0×00000	In \bin\at
user1.2048.new.5.bin	0×01000	In \bin\at\1024+1024

5. 32Mbit Flash, map: 512KB + 512KB

Use Espressif Flash download tool and select Flash size: 32Mbit.

bin	Address	Description
esp_init_data_default.bin	0x3FC000	Optional. Stores default RF parameter values.
blank.bin	0x7E000	Initialize Flash user parameter area, more details in Appendix.
blank.bin	0x3FE000	Initialize Flash system parameter area, more details in Appendix.
boot.bin	0x00000	In \bin\at
user1.1024.new.2.bin	0×01000	In \bin\at\512+512

6. 32Mbit Flash, map: 1024KB + 1024KB

Use Espressif Flash download tool and select Flash size: 32Mbit-C1.



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bin	Address	Description
esp_init_data_default.bin 0x3FC000 Optional. Stores default RF parameter values.		Optional. Stores default RF parameter values.
blank.bin	0xFE000	Initialize Flash user parameter area, more details in Appendix.
blank.bin	0x3FE000	Initialize Flash system parameter area, more details in Appendix.
boot.bin	0×00000	In \bin\at
user1.2048.new.5.bin	0x01000	In \bin\at\1024+1024

Notes:

- Please make sure that correct BIN (/ESP8266_NONOS_SDK/bin/at) is already in the chip (ESP8266) before the AT commands listed in this documentation can be used.
- AT has already taken priority 0 and 1 of system_os_task, so only one task of priority 2 is allowed to set up by user.
- AT returns messages below to show status of Wi-Fi connection of ESP8266 station
 - WiFi CONNECTED Wi-Fi connected
 - WiFi GOT IP ESP8266 station got IP from AP
 - WiFi DISCONNECT Wi-Fi disconnected



2. Command Description

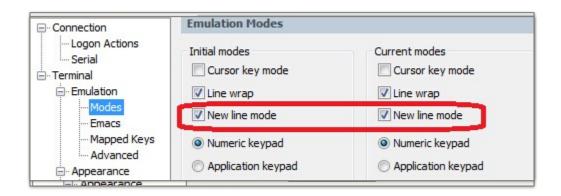
Each Command set contains four types of AT commands.

Туре	Command Format	DescriPtion
Test	AT+ <x>=?</x>	Query the Set command or internal parameters and its range values.
Query	AT+ <x>?</x>	Returns the current value of the parameter.
Set	AT+ <x>=<></x>	Set the value of user-defined parameters in commands and run.
Execute	AT+ <x></x>	Runs commands with no user-defined parameters.

Notes:

- 1. Not all AT Command has four commands.
- 2. [] = default value, not required or may not appear
- 3. String values require double quotation marks, for example:

- 4. Baudrate = 115200
- 5. AT Commands has to be capitalized, and end with "/r/n"



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3. Basic AT Commands

3.1. Overview

The ESP8266 wireless WiFi modules can be driven via the serial interface using the standard AT commands. Here is a list of some basic AT commands that can be used.

Basic		
Command	Description	
AT	Test AT startup	
AT+RST	Restart module	
AT+GMR	View version info	
AT+GSLP	Enter deep-sleep mode	
ATE	AT commands echo or not	
AT+RESTORE	Factory Reset	
AT+UART	UART configuration, [@deprecated]	
AT+UART_CUR	UART current configuration	
AT+UART_DEF	UART default configuration, save to flash	
AT+SLEEP	Sleep mode	
AT+RFPOWER	Set maximum value of RF TX Power	
AT+RFVDD	Set RF TX Power according to VDD33	



3.2. Commands

1. AT – Test AT startup

The type of this command is "executed". It's used to test the setup function of your wireless WiFi module.

AT - Test AT startup	
Response	ОК
Parameters	null

2. AT+RST - Restart module

The type of this command is "executed". It's used to restart the module.

AT+RST - Restart module	
Response	ОК
Parameters	null

3. AT+GMR - View version info

This AT command is used to check the version of AT commands and SDK that you are using, the type of which is "executed".

AT+GMR - View version info	
Response	<at info="" version=""> <sdk info="" version=""> <compile time=""> OK</compile></sdk></at>
Parameters	<at info="" version=""> information about AT version <sdk info="" version=""> information about SDK version <compile time=""> time of the bin was compiled</compile></sdk></at>

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4. AT+GSLP - Enter deep-sleep mode

This command is used to invoke the deep-sleep mode of the module, the type of which is "set". A minor adjustment has to be made before the module enter this deep sleep mode, i.e., connect XPD_DCDC with EXT_RSTB via **0** ohm resistor.

AT+GSLP= <time></time>	
Response	<time> OK</time>
Parameters	The time unit of <time> is ms. ESP8266 will wake up after deep sleep <time> ms.</time></time>

5. ATE - AT commands echo

This command ATE is an AT trigger command echo. It means that entered commands can be echoed back to the sender when ATE command is used. Two parameters are possible. The command returns "OK" in normal cases and "ERROR" when a parameter other than 0 or 1 was specified.

ATE - AT commands echo	
Response	ОК
Parameters	ATE0: Switch echo off ATE1: Switch echo on

6. AT+RESTORE - Factory reset

This command is used to reset all parameters saved in flash (according to appendix), restore the factory default settings of the module. The chip will be restarted when this command is executed.

AT+RESTORE - Factory reset	
Response	ОК
Notes	Restore factory default settings. The chip will restart.

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7. AT+UART - UART configuration

This command sets the UART configuration and writes the new configuration to the flash. It is stored as the default parameter and will also be used as the default baudrate henceforth. [THIS API IS DEPRECATED.]

AT+UART= <baudrate>, <databits>, <stopbits>, <parity>, <flow control=""> This command is deprecated, please use AT+UART_CUR or AT+UART_DEF instead.</flow></parity></stopbits></databits></baudrate>		
Example	AT+UART=115200	0, 8, 1, 0, 3
Response	OK	
	<baudrate></baudrate>	Baudrate range: 110 to 115200*40 (4.608 Mega)
Parameters	<databits></databits>	5: 5 bits data 6: 6 bits data 7: 7 bits data 8: 8 bits data
	<stopbits></stopbits>	1: 1 bit stop bit 2: 1.5 bit stop bit 3: 2 bit stop bit
	<parity></parity>	0: None 1: Odd 2: EVEN
	<flow control=""></flow>	0: disable flow control 1: enable RTS 2: enable CTS 3: enable both RTS and CTS
Notes		ion will also store the baudrate as the default rate in the user a in the Flash for boot up.
	Flow control ne UART0 RTS.	eeds hardware support: MTCK is UART0 CTS and MTDO is



8. AT+UART_CUR - current UART configuration

This command sets the current UART configuration; it does not write to the flash. Hence there is no change in the default baudrate.

AT+UART_CUR= <baudrate>, <databits>, <stopbits>, <parity>, <flow control=""></flow></parity></stopbits></databits></baudrate>		
Example	AT+UART_CUR=115200, 8, 1, 0, 3	
Response	ОК	
	<baudrate></baudrate>	Baudrate range: 110 to 115200*40 (4.608 Mega)
Parameters	<databits></databits>	5: 5 bits data 6: 6 bits data 7: 7 bits data 8: 8 bits data
	<stopbits></stopbits>	1: 1 bit stop bit 2: 1.5 bit stop bit 3: 2 bit stop bit
	<parity></parity>	0: None 1: Odd 2: EVEN
	<flow control=""></flow>	0: disable flow control 1: enable RTS 2: enable CTS 3: enable both RTS and CTS
Notes	_	on will NOT store in the Flash. eds hardware support: MTCK is UART0 CTS and MTDO is

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9. AT+UART_DEF - default UART configuration

This command sets the UART configuration and save it to flash. It is stored as the default parameter and will also be used as the default baudrate henceforth.

AT+UART_DE	F= <baudrate>, <da< th=""><th>tabits>, <stopbits>, <parity>, <flow control=""></flow></parity></stopbits></th></da<></baudrate>	tabits>, <stopbits>, <parity>, <flow control=""></flow></parity></stopbits>
Example	AT+UART_DEF=115200, 8, 1, 0, 3	
Response	ОК	
	<baudrate></baudrate>	Baudrate range: 110 to 115200*40 (4.608 Mega)
Parameters	<databits></databits>	5: 5 bits data 6: 6 bits data 7: 7 bits data 8: 8 bits data
	<stopbits></stopbits>	1: 1 bit stop bit 2: 1.5 bit stop bit 3: 2 bit stop bit
	<parity></parity>	0: None 1: Odd 2: EVEN
	<flow control=""></flow>	0: disable flow control 1: enable RTS 2: enable CTS 3: enable both RTS and CTS
Notes	_	on will be stored in user parameter area in the Flash for boot up.

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10. AT+SLEEP - sleep mode

This command sets ESP8266 sleep mode. It can only be used in station mode, default to be modem-sleep mode .

AT+SLEEP - sleep mode	
Command	AT+SLEEP?
Response	+SLEEP : <sleep mode=""></sleep>
nespense	ОК
Parameters	<sleep mode=""></sleep>
	0 : disable sleep mode
	1 : light-sleep mode
	2 : modem-sleep mode
Command	AT+SLEEP= <sleep mode=""></sleep>
Response	ОК
Parameters	The same as above.

11. AT+RFPOWER - set maximum value of RF TX Power

This command sets the maximum value of ESP8266 RF TX power, it is not precise.

AT+RFPOWER - set RF TX Power		
Example	AT+RFPOWER=50	
Command	AT+RFPOWER= <tx power=""></tx>	
Response	ОК	
Parameters	<tx power=""> maximum value of RF TX power, range 0 ~ 82, unit:0.25dBm</tx>	

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12. AT+RFVDD – set RF TX Power according to VDD33

This command sets ESP8266 RF TX power according to VDD33. To get the power voltage of ESP8266 VDD3P3, TOUT pin has to be suspended. TOUT pin has to be suspended to measure VDD33.

AT+RFVDD - set RF TX power according to VDD33	
Command	AT+RFVDD?
Response	+RFVDD: <vdd33> OK</vdd33>
Parameters	<vdd33> power voltage of ESP8266 VDD33, unit: 1/1024 V TOUT pin has to be suspended to measure VDD33.</vdd33>
Command	AT+RFVDD= <vdd33></vdd33>
Response	ОК
Parameters	<vdd33> power voltage of ESP8266 VDD33, range [1900, 3300]</vdd33>
Command	AT+RFVDD
Response	ОК
Note	"AT+RFVDD" will automatically set RF TX power according to VDD33. TOUT pin has to be suspended.

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4. Wi-Fi Related AT Commands

Wi-Fi Connectivity Functions Invoked by AT commands		
Command	Description	
AT+CWMODE	Wi-Fi mode(sta/AP/sta+AP), [@deprecated]	
AT+CWMODE_CUR	Wi-Fi mode(sta/AP/sta+AP) Won't save to Flash	
AT+CWMODE_DEF	Wi-Fi default mode(sta/AP/sta+AP) Save to Flash	
AT+CWJAP	Connect to AP, [@deprecated]	
AT+CWJAP_CUR	Connect to AP, won't save to Flash	
AT+CWJAP_DEF	Connect to AP, save to Flash	
AT+CWLAPOPT	Set the configuration of command AT+CWLAP	
AT+CWLAP	Lists available APs	
AT+CWQAP	Disconnect from AP	
AT+CWSAP	Set configuration of ESP8266 soft-AP [@deprecated]	
AT+CWSAP_CUR	Set configuration of ESP8266 soft-AP Won't save to Flash.	
AT+CWSAP_DEF	Set configuration of ESP8266 soft-AP Save to Flash.	
AT+CWLIF	Get station's IP which is connected to ESP8266 soft-AP	
AT+CWDHCP	Enable/Disable DHCP, [@deprecated]	
AT+CWDHCP_CUR	Enable/Disable DHCP, won't save to Flash	
AT+CWDHCP_DEF	Enable/Disable DHCP, save to Flash	
AT+CWDHCPS_CUR	Set IP range of DHCP server, won't save to Flash	
AT+CWDHCPS_DEF	Set IP range of DHCP server, save to Flash	
AT+CWAUTOCONN	Connect to AP automatically when power on	



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AT+CIPSTAMAC	Set MAC address of ESP8266 station [@deprecated]
AT+CIPSTAMAC_CUR	Set MAC address of ESP8266 station Won't save to Flash.
AT+CIPSTAMAC_DEF	Set MAC address of ESP8266 station Save to Flash.
AT+CIPAPMAC	Set MAC address of ESP8266 soft-AP [@deprecated]
AT+CIPAPMAC_CUR	Set MAC address of ESP8266 soft-AP Won't save to Flash.
AT+CIPAPMAC_DEF	Set MAC address of ESP8266 soft-AP Save to Flash.
AT+CIPSTA	Set IP address of ESP8266 station, [@deprecated]
AT+CIPSTA_CUR	Set IP address of ESP8266 station Won't save to Flash.
AT+CIPSTA_DEF	Set IP address of ESP8266 station Save to Flash.
AT+CIPAP	Set IP address of ESP8266 soft-AP, [@deprecated]
AT+CIPAP_CUR	Set IP address of ESP8266 soft-AP Won't save to Flash.
AT+CIPAP_DEF	Set IP address of ESP8266 soft-AP Save to Flash.
AT+CWSTARTSMART	Start SmartConfig
AT+CWSTOPSMART	Stop SmartConfig
AT+CWSTARTDISCOVER	Start the mode that ESP8266 can be found by WeChat
AT+CWSTOPDISCOVER	Stop the mode that ESP8266 can be found by WeChat
AT+WPS	Set WPS function
AT+MDNS	Set MDNS function

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4.1. Commands

1. AT+CWMODE - WiFi mode

The function of this AT command is to get the value scope of WiFi mode, including station mode, softAP mode, and station+softAP mode, enquiry about the information of WiFi mode, or set the WiFi mode.

AT+CWMODE - WiFi mode	
This command is deprecated. Please use AT+CWMODE_CUR or AT+CWMODE_DEF instead.	
Command	AT+CWMODE=?
	+CWMODE:(value scope of <mode>)</mode>
Response	
	OK
Parameters	Please refer to AT command settings.
Command	AT+CWMODE?
	+CWMODE: <mode></mode>
Response	
	ОК
Parameters	Please refer to AT command settings.
Command	AT+CWMODE= <mode></mode>
Response	ОК
	<mode></mode>
Parameters Parameters	1 : station mode
Parameters	2 : softAP mode
	3 : softAP + station mode
Nets	This setting will be stored in the flash system parameter area. It won't be erased
Notes	even when the power is off and restarted.

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2. AT+CWMODE_CUR - current WiFi mode

There are three WiFi working modes: Station mode, softAP mode, and the co-existence of Station mode and softAP mode. This command is used to acquire the existing WiFi mode, or to set a customised WiFi mode.

AT+CWMODE_C	UR - Set WiFi mode(sta/AP/sta+AP), won't save to Flash
Example	AT+CWMODE_CUR=3
Command	AT+CWMODE_CUR=?
	+CWMODE_CUR:(value scope of <mode>)</mode>
Response	
	ОК
	<mode></mode>
Parameters	1 : station mode
	2 : softAP mode
	3 : softAP + station mode
Command	AT+CWMODE_CUR?
	+CWMODE_CUR: <mode></mode>
Response	
	ОК
	<mode></mode>
Parameters	1 : station mode
	2 : softAP mode
	3 : softAP + station mode
Command	AT+CWMODE_CUR= <mode></mode>
Response	ОК
	<mode></mode>
Parameters	1 : station mode
	2 : softAP mode
	3 : softAP + station mode
Notes	This configuration will NOT store in Flash.



3. AT+CWMODE_DEF - default WiFi mode

AT+CWMODE_DEF - WiFi mode (sta/AP/sta+AP), save to Flash	
Example	AT+CWMODE_DEF=3
Command	AT+CWMODE_DEF=?
	+CWMODE_DEF:(value scope of <mode>)</mode>
Response	
	OK
	<mode></mode>
Parameters	1 : station mode
i arameters	2 : softAP mode
	3 : softAP + station mode
Command	AT+CWMODE_DEF?
	+CWMODE_DEF: <mode></mode>
Response	
	OK
	<mode></mode>
Parameters Parameters	1 : station mode
i arameters	2 : softAP mode
	3 : softAP + station mode
Command	AT+CWMODE_DEF= <mode></mode>
Response	OK
	<mode></mode>
Parameters Parameters	1 : station mode
Parameters	2 : softAP mode
	3 : softAP + station mode
Notes	This configuration will store in Flash system parameter area.



4. AT+CWJAP - Connect to AP

AT+CWJAP - Connect to AP	
[@deprecated]. Ple	ease use AT+CWJAP_CUR or AT+CWJAP_DEF instead.
Example	 AT+CWJAP = "abc", "0123456789" If SSID is "ab c" and password is "0123456789"\" AT+CWJAP = "ab\\ c", "0123456789\"\\" If several APs have the same SSID as "abc", target AP can be found by bssid: AT+CWJAP = "abc", "0123456789", "ca:d7:19:d8:a6:44"
Command	AT+CWJAP?
Response	+CWJAP: <ssid>, <bssid>, <channel>, <rssi> OK</rssi></channel></bssid></ssid>
Parameters	<ssid> string, AP's SSID</ssid>
Command	AT+CWJAP= <ssid>, <pwd>[, <bssid>]</bssid></pwd></ssid>
Response	OK or +CWJAP: <error code=""> FAIL</error>
Parameters	<pre><ssid> string, AP's SSID <pwd> string, MAX: 64 bytes ASCII [<bssid>] string, AP's MAC address, for several APs may have the same SSID <error code=""> only for reference, it's not reliable <error code=""> 1 connecting timeout <error code=""> 2 wrong password <error code=""> 3 can not found target AP <error code=""> 4 connect fail This command needs station mode enable. Escape character syntax is needed if "SSID" or "password" contains any special characters (',' or' "'or' \')</error></error></error></error></error></bssid></pwd></ssid></pre>
Notes	This configuration will store in Flash system parameter area.



5. AT+CWJAP_CUR - Connect to AP, for current

AT+CWJAP_CUR	- Connect to AP, won't save to Flash
Example	 AT+CWJAP_CUR = "abc", "0123456789" If SSID is "ab c" and password is "0123456789"\" AT+CWJAP_CUR= "ab\\ c", "0123456789\"\\" If several APs have the same SSID as "abc", target AP can be found by bssid: AT+CWJAP_CUR= "abc", "0123456789", "ca:d7:19:d8:a6:44"
Command	AT+CWJAP_CUR?
Response	+CWJAP_CUR: <ssid>, <bssid>, <channel>, <rssi></rssi></channel></bssid></ssid>
Parameters	<ssid> string, AP's SSID</ssid>
Command	AT+CWJAP_CUR= <ssid>, <pwd>[, <bssid>]</bssid></pwd></ssid>
Response	OK or +CWJAP: <error code=""> FAIL</error>
Parameters	<pre><ssid> string, AP's SSID <pre> <pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></ssid></pre>
Notes	This configuration will NOT store in Flash .



6. AT+CWJAP_DEF - Connect to AP, save as default

AI+CWJAP_DEF -	- Connect to AP and save AP info to flash
Example	 AT+CWJAP_DEF="abc", "0123456789" If SSID is "ab c" and password is "0123456789"\" AT+CWJAP_DEF="ab\\ c", "0123456789\"\\" If several APs have the same SSID as "abc", target AP can be found by bssid: AT+CWJAP_DEF = "abc", "0123456789", "ca:d7:19:d8:a6:44"
Command	AT+CWJAP_DEF?
Response	+CWJAP_DEF: <ssid>, <bssid>, <channel>, <rssi></rssi></channel></bssid></ssid>
Parameters	<ssid> string, AP's SSID</ssid>
Command	AT+CWJAP_DEF= <ssid>, <pwd>[, <bssid>]</bssid></pwd></ssid>
Response	OK or +CWJAP: <error code=""> FAIL</error>
Parameters	<pre><ssid> string, AP's SSID</ssid></pre>
Notes	This configuration will store in Flash system parameter area.



7. AT+CWLAPOPT - Set configuration for command AT+CWLAP

This command is to set the configuration for command AT+CWLAP, whether the result of AT+CWLAP will be ordered according to <rssi>, and which parameters will be shown in the result of AT+CWLAP.

AT+CWLAPOPT - Set configuration for command AT+CWLAP	
	AT+CWLAPOPT=1, 127
	The first parameter is 1, means that the result of command AT+CWLAP will be
Example	listed according to <rssi></rssi>
	The second parameter 127 which is 0x7F, means that all bits in <mask> are 1, so</mask>
	all parameters in the result of AT+CWLAP will be shown.
Command	AT+CWLAPOPT = <sort_enable>, <mask></mask></sort_enable>
Response	OK or ERROR
	<sort_enable></sort_enable>
	whether the result of AT+CWLAP will be ordered according to <rssi></rssi>
	0 do not order by <rssi></rssi>
	1 order by <rssi></rssi>
	<mask></mask>
	which parameters will be shown in the result of AT+CWLAP, 0 means that do
	not show the parameter corresponding to the bit, 1 means to show it.
Parameters	bit 0 sets whether <ecn> will be shown in the result of AT+CWLAP ,</ecn>
	bit 1 sets whether <ssid> will be shown in the result of AT+CWLAP ,</ssid>
	bit 2 sets whether <rssi> will be shown in the result of AT+CWLAP ,</rssi>
	bit 3 sets whether <mac> will be shown in the result of AT+CWLAP ,</mac>
	bit 4 sets whether <ch> will be shown in the result of AT+CWLAP ,</ch>
	bit 5 sets whether <freq offset=""> will be shown in the result of AT+CWLAP ,</freq>
	bit 6 sets whether <freq calibration=""> will be shown in the result of AT</freq>
	+CWLAP.



8. AT+CWLAP - List available APs

AT+CWLAP - Lists	AT+CWLAP - Lists available APs	
Example	 AT+CWLAP List of all available AP's detected by ESP8266 AT+CWLAP="WiFi", "ca:d7:19:d8:a6:44", 6 Find AP with specific SSID and MAC at specific channel. AT+CWLAP="WiFi" Find AP with specific SSID 	
Command	AT+CWLAP= <ssid>[, <mac>, <ch>]</ch></mac></ssid>	
Response	+CWLAP: <ecn>, <ssid>, <rssi>, <mac>, <ch>, <freq offset="">, <freq calibration=""> OK ERROR</freq></freq></ch></mac></rssi></ssid></ecn>	
Parameters	<pre><ecn></ecn></pre>	
Command	AT+CWLAP	
Response	+CWLAP: <ecn>, <ssid>, <rssi>, <mac>, <ch>, <freq offset="">, <freq calibration=""> OK ERROR</freq></freq></ch></mac></rssi></ssid></ecn>	
Parameters	The same as above	



9. AT+CWQAP - Disconnect from AP

AT+CWQAP - Disconnect from AP	
Command	AT+ CWQAP
Response	OK
Parameters	null

10. AT+CWSAP - Configuration of softAP mode

AT+ CWSAP - Configuration of softAP mode		
[@deprecated]. Please use AT+CWSAP_CUR or AT+CWSAP_DEF instead.		
Example	AT+CWSAP="ESP8266", "1234567890", 5, 3	
Command	AT+CWSAP?	
Response	+CWSAP: <ssid>, <pwd>, <chl>, <ecn>, <max conn="">, <ssid hidden=""></ssid></max></ecn></chl></pwd></ssid>	
	<ssid> string, ESP8266 softAP' SSID</ssid>	
	<pre><pwd> string, range: 8 ~ 64 bytes ASCII</pwd></pre>	
	<chl> channel id</chl>	
	<ecn></ecn>	
	0 OPEN	
	2 WPA_PSK	
Parameters	3 WPA2_PSK	
	4 WPA_WPA2_PSK	
	<max conn=""></max>	
	maximum count of stations that allowed to connect to ESP8266 soft-AP	
	range: [1, 4]	
	<ssid hidden=""> Broadcast SSID by default 0 broadcast SSID of ESP8266 soft-AP</ssid>	
	1 do not broadcast SSID of ESP8266 soft-AP	
Command	AT+CWSAP= <ssid>, <pwd>, <chl>, <ecn>[, <max conn="">][, <ssid hidden="">]</ssid></max></ecn></chl></pwd></ssid>	
Response	ОК	
	ERROR	
Parameters	The same as above.	
Notes	This CMD is only available when softAP mode enable.	
	ESP8266 softAP don't support WEP.	
	This configuration will store in Flash system parameter area.	



11. AT+CWSAP_CUR - Current config of softAP mode

AT+CWSAP_CUR - Set configuration of softAP mode, won't save to Flash	
Example	AT+CWSAP_CUR="ESP8266", "1234567890", 5, 3
Command	AT+CWSAP_CUR?
Response	+CWSAP_CUR: <ssid>, <pwd>, <chl>, <ecn>, <max conn="">, <ssid hidden=""></ssid></max></ecn></chl></pwd></ssid>
Parameters	<ssid> string, ESP8266 softAP' SSID <pwd> string, range: 8 ~ 64 bytes ASCII <chl> channel id <ecn></ecn></chl></pwd></ssid>
	<pre><max conn=""> maximum count of stations that allowed to connect to ESP8266 soft-AP range: [1, 4] <ssid hidden=""> Broadcast SSID by default 0 broadcast SSID of ESP8266 soft-AP 1 do not broadcast SSID of ESP8266 soft-AP</ssid></max></pre>
Command	AT+CWSAP_CUR= <ssid>, <pwd>, <chl>, <ecn>[, <max conn="">][, <ssid hidden="">]</ssid></max></ecn></chl></pwd></ssid>
Response	OK ERROR
Parameters	The same as above.
Notes	This command is only available when softAP mode enable. ESP8266 softAP don't support WEP. This configuration will NOT store in Flash.



12. AT+CWSAP_DEF - Default config of softAP mode

AT+ CWSAP_DEF - Set configuration of softAP mode, save to Flash	
Example	AT+CWSAP_DEF="ESP8266", "1234567890", 5, 3
Command	AT+CWSAP_DEF?
Response	+CWSAP_DEF: <ssid>, <pwd>, <chl>, <ecn>, <max conn="">, <ssid hidden=""></ssid></max></ecn></chl></pwd></ssid>
	<ssid> string, ESP8266 softAP' SSID</ssid>
	<pwd> string, range: 8 ~ 64 bytes ASCII</pwd>
	<chl> channel ID</chl>
	<ecn></ecn>
	0 OPEN
Parameters	2 WPA_PSK
	3 WPA2_PSK
	4 WPA_WPA2_PSK
	<max conn=""></max>
	maximum count of stations that allowed to connect to ESP8266 soft-AP
	range: [1, 4]
	<ssid hidden=""> Broadcast SSID by default 0 broadcast SSID of ESP8266 soft-AP</ssid>
	1 do not broadcast SSID of ESP8266 soft-AP
	AT+CWSAP_DEF= <ssid>, <pwd>, <chl>, <ecn>[, <max conn="">][, <ssid< th=""></ssid<></max></ecn></chl></pwd></ssid>
Command	hidden>]
	OK
Response	ERROR
_	
Parameters	The same as above.
Notes	This command is only available when softAP mode enable.
	ESP8266 softAP don't support WEP.
	This configuration will store in Flash system parameter area.



13. AT+CWLIF - IP of stations

This command is used to get the IP of stations that are connected to ESP8266 softAP.

AT+ CWLIF- IP of stations which are connected to ESP8266 softAP	
	<ip addr="">, <mac></mac></ip>
Response	
	OK
Parameters	<ip addr=""> IP address of stations which are connected to ESP8266 softAP</ip>
	<mac> MAC address of stations which are connected to ESP8266 softAP</mac>
Notes	This command can not get static IP, it is only available if DHCP is enabled.



14. AT+CWDHCP - Enable/Disable DHCP

AT+ CWDHCP - Enable/Disable DHCP		
[@deprecated]. Please use AT+CWDHCP_CUR or AT+CWDHCP_DEF instead.		
Command	AT+CWDHCP?	
Response	DHCP disabled or enabled now?	
	Bit0 : 0 - soft-AP DHCP disable	
Parameters Parameters	1 - soft-AP DHCP enable	
i arameters	bit1 : 0 - station DHCP disable	
	1 - station DHCP enable	
Command	AT+CWDHCP= <mode>, <en></en></mode>	
Response	OK	
	<mode></mode>	
	0 : set ESP8266 soft-AP	
	1 : set ESP8266 station	
Parameters	2 : set both softAP and station	
	<en></en>	
	0 : Disable DHCP	
	1 : Enable DHCP	
Notes	This configuration will store in Flash user parameter area.	
	This configuration interact with static IP related AT commands (AT+CIPSTA)	
	related and AT+CIPAP related):	
	▶ If enable DHCP, static IP will be disabled;	
	▶ If enable static IP, DHCP will be disabled;	
	▶ This will depends on the last configuration.	



15. AT+CWDHCP_CUR - Enable/Disable DHCP

AT+ CWDHCP_CUR - Enable/Disable DHCP, won't save to flash	
Command	AT+CWDHCP_CUR?
Response	DHCP disabled or enabled now?
	Bit0 : 0 - soft-AP DHCP disable
Parameters Parameters	1 - soft-AP DHCP enable
Parameters	bit1 : 0 - station DHCP disable
	1 - station DHCP enable
Command	AT+CWDHCP_CUR= <mode>, <en></en></mode>
Response	OK
	<mode></mode>
	0 : set ESP8266 soft-AP
	1 : set ESP8266 station
Parameters	2 : set both softAP and station
	<en></en>
	0 : Disable DHCP
	1 : Enable DHCP
Notes	This configuration will NOT store in Flash user parameter area.
	This configuration interact with static IP related AT commands (AT+CIPSTA)
	related and AT+CIPAP related):
	▶ If enable DHCP, static IP will be disabled;
	▶ If enable static IP, DHCP will be disabled;
	▶ This will depends on the last configuration.



16. AT+CWDHCP_DEF - Enable/Disable DHCP and save to Flash

AT+ CWDHCP_DEF - Enable/Disable DHCP and save to flash	
Command	AT+CWDHCP_DEF?
Response	DHCP disabled or enabled now?
	Bit0: 0-soft-AP DHCP disable
Parameters Parameters	1 - soft-AP DHCP enable
i arameters	bit1 : 0 - station DHCP disable
	1 - station DHCP enable
Command	AT+CWDHCP_DEF= <mode>, <en></en></mode>
Response	OK
	<mode></mode>
	0 : set ESP8266 soft-AP
	1 : set ESP8266 station
Parameters	2 : set both softAP and station
	<en></en>
	0 : Disable DHCP
	1 : Enable DHCP
Notes	This configuration will store in Flash user parameter area.
	This configuration interact with static IP related AT commands (AT+CIPSTA)
	related and AT+CIPAP related):
	▶ If enable DHCP, static IP will be disabled;
	▶ If enable static IP, DHCP will be disabled;
	▶ This will depends on the last configuration.



17. AT+CWDHCPS_CUR – Set the IP address allocated by ESP8266 soft-AP DHCP, cannot save to flash

This AT command is enabled when ESP8266 runs as soft-AP, and when DHCP server is running normally. The IP address should be on the same network segment with the IP address of ESP8266 soft-AP. This configuration will not be stored in Flash.

AT+CWDHCPS_CUI	R - Set the IP address allocated by ESP8266 soft-AP DHCP, not be stored in
flash	
	AT+CWDHCPS_CUR=1, 3, "192.168.4.10", "192.168.4.15"
Example	or
	AT+CWDHCPS_CUR=0 // Disable the settings and use the default IP range.
Command	AT+CWDHCPS_CUR?
Response	+CWDHCPS_CUR= <lease time="">, <start ip="">, <end ip=""></end></start></lease>
Parameters	<enable> 0 : Disable the settings and use the default IP range.</enable>
Command	AT+CWDHCPS_CUR= <enable>, <lease time="">, <start ip="">, <end ip=""></end></start></lease></enable>
Response	OK
Parameters	The same as above.



18. AT+CWDHCPS_DEF - Set the IP address allocated by ESP8266 soft-AP DHCP, save to flash

This AT command is enabled when ESP8266 runs as soft-AP, and when DHCP server is running normally. The IP address should be on the same network segment with the IP address of ESP8266 soft-AP. This configuration will be stored in Flash user parameter area.

AT+CWDHCPS_DE	F - Set the IP address allocated by ESP8266 soft-AP DHCP, can be stored in
	AT+CWDHCPS_DEF=1, 3, "192.168.4.10", "192.168.4.15"
Example	or
	AT+CWDHCPS_DEF=0 // Disable the settings and use the default IP range.
Command	AT+CWDHCPS_DEF?
Response	+CWDHCPS_DEF= <lease time="">, <start ip="">, <end ip=""></end></start></lease>
Parameters	<enable> 0 : Disable the settings and use the default IP range.</enable>
Command	AT+CWDHCPS_DEF= <enable>, <lease time="">, <start ip="">, <end ip=""></end></start></lease></enable>
Response	ОК
Parameters	The same as above.

19. AT+CWAUTOCONN - Auto connect to AP or not

ESP8266 station will connect to AP automatically when power on by default.

AT+CWAUTOCONN - Connect to AP automatically or not	
Example	AT+CWAUTOCONN=1
Command	AT+CWAUTOCONN= <enable></enable>
Response	ОК
	<enable></enable>
Parameters	0 : do NOT auto-connect to AP when power on
	1 : connect to AP automatically when power on
Notes	This configuration will store in Flash system parameter area.

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20. AT+CIPSTAMAC - Set MAC address of station

MAC addresses of ESP8266 soft-AP and station are different, please do NOT set them to be the same. And the bit 0 of the first byte of ESP8266 MAC address can not be 1, for example, MAC address can be "18:fe:35:98:d3:7b", but can not be "18:fe:35:98:d3:7b".

AT+ CIPSTAMAC - Set MAC address of ESP8266 station		
[@deprecated]. Us	[@deprecated]. Use AT+CIPSTAMAC_CUR or AT+CIPSTAMAC_DEF instead.	
Example	AT+CIPSTAMAC="18:fe:35:98:d3:7b"	
Command	AT+CIPSTAMAC?	
	+CIPSTAMAC: <mac></mac>	
Response		
	OK	
Parameters	<mac> string, MAC address of ESP8266 station</mac>	
Command	AT+CIPSTAMAC= <mac></mac>	
Response	OK	
Parameters	<mac> string, MAC address of ESP8266 station</mac>	
Notes	This configuration will store in Flash user parameter area.	

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21. AT+CIPSTAMAC_CUR - Set MAC address of station

MAC addresses of ESP8266 soft-AP and station are different, please do NOT set them to be the same. And the bit 0 of the first byte of ESP8266 MAC address can not be 1, for example, MAC address can be "18:fe:35:98:d3:7b", but can not be "18:fe:35:98:d3:7b".

AT+ CIPSTAMAC_CUR - Set MAC address of ESP8266 station, won't save to Flash	
Example	AT+CIPSTAMAC_CUR="18:fe:35:98:d3:7b"
Command	AT+CIPSTAMAC_CUR?
	+CIPSTAMAC_CUR: <mac></mac>
Response	
	OK
Parameters	<mac> string, MAC address of ESP8266 station</mac>
Command	AT+CIPSTAMAC_CUR= <mac></mac>
Response	OK
Parameters	<mac> string, MAC address of ESP8266 station</mac>
Notes	This configuration will NOT store in Flash.

22. AT+CIPSTAMAC_DEF - Set MAC address of station, save as default

MAC addresses of ESP8266 soft-AP and station are different, please do NOT set them to be the same. And the bit 0 of the first byte of ESP8266 MAC address can not be 1, for example, MAC address can be "18:fe:35:98:d3:7b", but can not be "18:fe:35:98:d3:7b".

AT+ CIPSTAMAC_DEF - Set MAC address of ESP8266 station, save to Flash	
Example	AT+CIPSTAMAC_DEF="18:fe:35:98:d3:7b"
Command	AT+CIPSTAMAC_DEF?
	+CIPSTAMAC_DEF: <mac></mac>
Response	
	ОК
Parameters	<mac> string, MAC address of ESP8266 station</mac>
Command	AT+CIPSTAMAC_DEF= <mac></mac>
Response	OK
Parameters	<mac> string, MAC address of ESP8266 station</mac>
Notes	This configuration will store in Flash user parameter area.

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23. AT+CIPAPMAC - Set MAC address of softAP

MAC addresses of ESP8266 soft-AP and station are different, please do NOT set them to be the same. And the bit 0 of the first byte of ESP8266 MAC address can not be 1, for example, MAC address can be "1a:fe:36:97:d5:7b", but can not be "15:fe:36:97:d5:7b".

AT+ CIPAPMAC -	AT+ CIPAPMAC - Set MAC address of ESP8266 softAP	
[@deprecated]. Use AT+CIPAPMAC_CUR or AT+CIPAPMAC_DEF instead.		
Example	AT+CIPAPMAC="1a:fe:36:97:d5:7b"	
Command	AT+CIPAPMAC?	
	+CIPAPMAC: <mac></mac>	
Response		
	ОК	
Parameters	<mac> string, MAC address of ESP8266 softAP</mac>	
Command	AT+CIPAPMAC= <mac></mac>	
Response	ОК	
Parameters	<mac> string, MAC address of ESP8266 softAP</mac>	
Notes	This configuration will store in Flash user parameter area.	

24. AT+CIPAPMAC_CUR - Set MAC address of softAP

MAC addresses of ESP8266 soft-AP and station are different, please do NOT set them to be the same. And the bit 0 of the first byte of ESP8266 MAC address can not be 1, for example, MAC address can be "1a:fe:36:97:d5:7b", but can not be "15:fe:36:97:d5:7b".

AT+CIPAPMAC_CUR - Set MAC addr of ESP8266 softAP, won't save to Flash	
Example	AT+CIPAPMAC_CUR="1a:fe:36:97:d5:7b"
Command	AT+CIPAPMAC_CUR?
	+CIPAPMAC_CUR: <mac></mac>
Response	
	OK
Parameters	<mac> string, MAC address of ESP8266 soft-AP</mac>
Command	AT+CIPAPMAC_CUR= <mac></mac>
Response	OK
Parameters	<mac> string, MAC address of ESP8266 soft-AP</mac>
Notes	This configuration will not store in Flash.

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25. AT+CIPAPMAC_DEF - Set MAC address of softAP and save as default

MAC addresses of ESP8266 soft-AP and station are different, please do NOT set them to be the same. And the bit 0 of the first byte of ESP8266 MAC address can not be 1, for example, MAC address can be "1a:fe:36:97:d5:7b", but can not be "15:fe:36:97:d5:7b".

AT+ CIPAPMAC_DEF - Set MAC address of ESP8266 softAP, save to Flash	
Example	AT+CIPAPMAC_DEF="1a:fe:36:97:d5:7b"
Command	AT+CIPAPMAC_DEF?
	+CIPAPMAC_DEF: <mac></mac>
Response	
	OK
Parameters	<mac> string, MAC address of ESP8266 soft-AP</mac>
Command	AT+CIPAPMAC_DEF= <mac></mac>
Response	ОК
Parameters	<mac> string, MAC address of ESP8266 soft-AP</mac>
Notes	This configuration will store in Flash user parameter area.



26. AT+CIPSTA - Set IP address of station

Only after ESP8266 station connected to AP, station IP can be got and inquiried. This configuration will store in Flash user parameter area.

AT+ CIPSTA - Set	AT+ CIPSTA - Set IP address of ESP8266 station	
[@deprecated]. Please use AT+CIPSTA_CUR or AT+CIPSTA_DEF instead.		
Example	AT+CIPSTA="192.168.6.100", "192.168.6.1", "255.255.255.0"	
Command	AT+CIPSTA?	
	+CIPSTA: <ip></ip>	
Response		
	ОК	
Parameters	<ip> string, IP address of ESP8266 station</ip>	
Command	AT+CIPSTA= <ip>[, <gateway>, <netmask>]</netmask></gateway></ip>	
Response	ОК	
	<ip> string, IP address of ESP8266 station</ip>	
Parameters	[<gateway>] gateway</gateway>	
	[<netmask>] netmask</netmask>	
	This configuration interacts with AT+CWDHCP related AT commands:	
Notes	If enable static IP, DHCP will be disabled;	
	If enable DHCP, static IP will be disabled;	
	This will depend on the last configuration.	



27. AT+CIPSTA_CUR - Set IP address of station

Only after ESP8266 station connected to AP, station IP can be got and inquiried. This configuration will NOT store in Flash.

AT+CIPSTA_CUR	AT+CIPSTA_CUR - Set IP address of ESP8266 station, won't save to Flash	
Example	AT+CIPSTA_CUR="192.168.6.100", "192.168.6.1", "255.255.255.0"	
Command	AT+CIPSTA_CUR?	
	+CIPSTA_CUR: <ip></ip>	
Response		
	ОК	
Parameters	Param description	
rarameters	<ip> string, IP address of ESP8266 station</ip>	
Command	AT+CIPSTA_CUR= <ip>[, <gateway>, <netmask>]</netmask></gateway></ip>	
Response	ОК	
	<ip> string, IP address of ESP8266 station</ip>	
Parameters	[<gateway>] gateway</gateway>	
	[<netmask>] netmask</netmask>	
	This configuration interacts with DHCP related AT commands (AT+CWDHCP	
	related):	
Notes	If enable static IP, DHCP will be disabled;	
	If enable DHCP, static IP will be disabled;	
	This will depend on the last configuration.	



28. AT+CIPSTA_DEF - Set IP address of station and save as default

AT+CIPSTA_DEF - Set IP address of ESP8266 station, save to Flash	
Example	AT+CIPSTA_DEF="192.168.6.100", "192.168.6.1", "255.255.255.0"
Command	AT+CIPSTA_DEF?
	+CIPSTA: <ip></ip>
Response	
	OK
Parameters	<ip> string, IP address of ESP8266 station</ip>
Command	AT+CIPSTA_DEF= <ip>[, <gateway>, <netmask>]</netmask></gateway></ip>
Response	ОК
	<ip> string, IP address of ESP8266 station</ip>
Parameters	[<gateway>] gateway</gateway>
	[<netmask>] netmask</netmask>
Notes	This configuration will store in Flash user parameter area.
	This configuration interacts with DHCP related AT commands (AT+CWDHCP
	related):
	If enable static IP, DHCP will be disabled;
	If enable DHCP, static IP will be disabled;
	This will depend on the last configuration.



29. AT+ CIPAP - Set IP address of softAP

ESP8266 only support class C IP address. This configuration will store in Flash user parameter area.

AT+ CIPAP - Set IP address of ESP8266 softAP		
[@deprecated]. Please use AT+CIPAP_CUR or AT+CIPAP_DEF instead.		
Example	AT+CIPAP="192.168.5.1", "192.168.5.1", "255.255.255.0"	
Command	AT+CIPAP?	
	+CIPAP: <ip></ip>	
Response		
	ОК	
Parameters	<ip> string, IP address of ESP8266 softAP</ip>	
Command	AT+CIPAP= <ip>[, <gateway>, <netmask>]</netmask></gateway></ip>	
Response	ОК	
	<ip> string, IP address of ESP8266 softAP</ip>	
Parameters	[<gateway>] gateway</gateway>	
	[<netmask>] netmask</netmask>	
	This configuration interacts with DHCP related AT commands (AT+CWDHCP	
	related):	
Notes	If enable static IP, DHCP will be disabled;	
If enable DHCP, static IP will be disabled;		
	This will depend on the last configuration.	



30. AT+CIPAP_CUR - Set IP address of softAP

ESP8266 only support class C IP address. This configuration will NOT store in Flash.

AT+CIPAP_CUR - Set IP address of ESP8266 softAP, won't save to Flash		
Example	AT+CIPAP_CUR="192.168.5.1", "192.168.5.1", "255.255.255.0"	
Command	AT+CIPAP_CUR?	
	+CIPAP_CUR: <ip></ip>	
Response		
	OK	
Parameters	<ip> string, IP address of ESP8266 softAP</ip>	
Command	AT+CIPAP_CUR= <ip>[, <gateway>, <netmask>]</netmask></gateway></ip>	
Response	OK	
	<ip> string, IP address of ESP8266 softAP</ip>	
Parameters	[<gateway>] gateway</gateway>	
	[<netmask>] netmask</netmask>	
	This configuration interacts with DHCP related AT commands (AT+CWDHCP	
related):		
Notes	If enable static IP, DHCP will be disabled;	
	If enable DHCP, static IP will be disabled;	
	This will depend on the last configuration.	



31. AT+CIPAP_DEF - Set IP address of softAP, save as default

ESP8266 only support class C IP address.

AT+ CIPAP_DEF - Set IP address of ESP8266 softAP, save to Flash		
Example	AT+CIPAP_DEF="192.168.5.1", "192.168.5.1", "255.255.255.0"	
Command	AT+CIPAP_DEF?	
	+CIPAP_DEF: <ip></ip>	
Response		
	OK	
Parameters	<ip> string, IP address of ESP8266 softAP</ip>	
Command	AT+CIPAP_DEF= <ip>[, <gateway>, <netmask>]</netmask></gateway></ip>	
Response	OK	
	<ip> string, IP address of ESP8266 softAP</ip>	
Parameters	[<gateway>] gateway</gateway>	
	[<netmask>] netmask</netmask>	
	This configuration will store in Flash user parameter area.	
	This configuration interacts with DHCP related AT commands (AT+CWDHCP	
Notes	related):	
	If enable static IP, DHCP will be disabled;	
	If enable DHCP, static IP will be disabled;	
	This will depend on the last configuration.	



32. AT+CWSTARTSMART - Start SmartConfig

SmartConfig is only available in station mode. SmartConfig can get protocol type (AirKiss or ESP-TOUCH) automatically by command "AT+CWSTARTSMART". Or users can use command "AT+CWSTARTSMART=<type>" to set a specific protocol type.

AT+CWSTARTSMART - Start SmartConfig		
Evample	AT+CWMODE=1	
Example	AT+CWSTARTSMART	
Command	AT+CWSTARTSMART	
Response	OK or ERROR	
Parameters	none	
Notes	The type of SmartConfig will be ESP-Touch + AirKiss, if the command is "AT	
Notes	+CWSTARTSMART"	
Command	AT+CWSTARTSMART= <type></type>	
Response	OK or ERROR	
	<type> 1: ESP-Touch</type>	
Parameters	2 : AirKiss	
	3 : ESP-Touch + AirKiss	
	Message "Smart get WiFi info" means Smart Config get AP's information	
	successfully, then ESP8266 try to connect to target AP, print "Smartconfig	
Notes	connected WiFi" if succeed;	
	ESP8266 can't do anything during SmartConfig so please wait till message	
	"Smartconfig connected WiFi" then use command "AT+CWSTOPSMART" to	
	stop SmartConfig.	

33. AT+CWSTOPSMART - stop SmartConfig

AT+CWSTOPSMART stop SmartConfig		
Command	AT+CWSTOPSMART	
Response	OK or ERROR	
Notes	No matter SmartConfig succeed or not, before any other AT commands please always call "AT+CWSTOPSMART" to release the buffer it took first.	



34. AT+CWSTARTDISCOVER - Start the mode that ESP8266 can be found by WeChat

The parameter of this command needs to be got from Espressif Cloud. After connected to an AP and got an IP address, ESP8266 can be found by WeChat which is in the same LAN.

WeChat: http://iot.weixin.qq.com

AT+CWSTARTDISCOVER		
- Start the mode that ESP8266 can be found by WeChat which is in the same LAN		
Example	AT+CWSTARTDISCOVER="gh_9e2cff3dfa51", "122475", 10	
Command	AT+CWSTARTDISCOVER= <wechat number="">, <dev_type>, <time></time></dev_type></wechat>	
Response	OK or ERROR	
Parameters	<pre><wechat number=""> got from WeChat <dev_type> got from WeChat <time> time interval that ESP8266 sends packet, range: 0 ~ 24x3600, unit: second. 0: ESP8266 will not send packet, waiting for WeChat's detection. Otherwise, it is the time interval that ESP8266 sends packet, so the WeChat may find it easier.</time></dev_type></wechat></pre>	
Notes	ESP8266 station need to connect to an AP and get an IP address first. Then use this command so that WeChat can find this ESP8266 device.	

35. AT+CWSTOPDISCOVER - Stop the mode that ESP8266 can be found by WeChat

AT+CWSTOPDISCOVER		
- Stop the mode that ESP8266 can be found by WeChat which is in the same LAN		
Command	AT+CWSTOPDISCOVER	
Response	OK or ERROR	



36. AT+WPS - Set WPS function

Notice that WPS function can only be used when ESP8266 station is enabled. And WPS function does not support WEP encryption.

AT+WPS - Set WPS function	
Example	AT+CWMODE=1
	AT+WPS=1
Command	AT+WPS= <enable></enable>
Response	OK or ERROR
	<enable></enable>
Parameter	1 : start WPS function
	0 : stop WPS function

37. AT+MDNS - Set MDNS function

ESP8266 softAP mode can not support MDNS. Do not contain special characters (for example, "." character), or use a protocol name (for example, "http"), when defining "host_name" and "server_name" for MDNS.

AT+MDNS - Set MDNS function		
Example	AT+MDNS=1, "espressif", "iot", 8080	
Command	AT+MDNS= <enable>, <hostname>, <server_name>, <server_port></server_port></server_name></hostname></enable>	
Response	OK or ERROR	
Parameter	<pre><enable> 1 : enable MDNS function 0 : disable MDNS function <hostname> MDNS host name <server_name> MDNS server name <server_port> MDNS server port</server_port></server_name></hostname></enable></pre>	



5. TCP/IP Related AT Commands

5.1. Overview

TCP/IP		
Command	Description	
AT+ CIPSTATUS	Get connection status	
AT+ CIPDOMAIN	DNS function	
AT+CIPSTART	Establish TCP connection, UDP transmission or SSL connection	
AT+CIPSSLSIZE	Set the size of SSL buffer	
AT+CIPSEND	Send data	
AT+CIPSENDEX	Send data, if <length> or "\0" is met, data will be sent</length>	
AT+CIPSENDBUF	Write data into TCP-send-buffer	
AT+CIPBUFRESET	Reset segment ID count	
AT+CIPBUFSTATUS	Check status of TCP-send-buffer	
AT+CIPCHECKSEQ	Check if a specific segment is sent or not	
AT+CIPCLOSE	Close TCP/UDP/SSL connection	
AT+CIFSR	Get local IP address	
AT+CIPMUX	Set multiple connections mode	
AT+CIPSERVER	Configure as server	
AT+CIPMODE	Set transmission mode	
AT+SAVETRANSLINK	Save transparent transmission link to Flash	
AT+CIPSTO	Set timeout when ESP8266 runs as TCP server	
AT+CIUPDATE	Upgrade firmware through network	
AT+PING	Function PING	
AT+CIPDINFO	Show remote IP and remote port with "+IPD"	



5.2. TCP/IP

1. AT+CIPSTATUS - Check network connection status

AT+CIPSTATUS - Check network connection status		
Command	AT+CIPSTATUS	
Response	STATUS: <stat> +CIPSTATUS:<link id=""/>, <type>, <remote_ip>, <remote_port>, <local_port>, <tetype></tetype></local_port></remote_port></remote_ip></type></stat>	
Parameters	<pre></pre>	

2. AT+CIPDOMAIN - DNS function

ESP8266 needs to connect to a router to access to the internet first, then it is able to call the DNS function.

AT+CIPDOMAIN - DNS function		
	AT+CWMODE=1	// Set station mode
Example	AT+CWJAP="SSID","password"	// access to the internet
	AT+CIPDOMAIN="iot.espressif.cn"	// DNS function
Command	AT+CIPDOMAIN= <domain name=""></domain>	
Response	+CIPDOMAIN: <ip address=""></ip>	
Parameters	<domain name=""> the domain name</domain>	



3. AT+CIPSTART - Establish TCP connection, UDP transmission or SSL connection

Refer to documentation "4B-ESP8266_AT Command Examples" on how to use this command.

AT+CIPSTART - Function 1: Establish TCP connection		
Example	AT+CIPSTART="TCP", "iot.espressif.cn", 8000	
	AT+CIPSTART="TCP", "192.168.101.110", 1000	
Single connection	AT+CIPSTART=	
(AT+CIPMUX=0)	<type>, <remote ip="">, <remote port="">[, <tcp alive="" keep="">]</tcp></remote></remote></type>	
Multiple connection	AT+CIPSTART= <link id=""/> ,	
(AT+CIPMUX=1)	<type>, <remote ip="">, <remote port="">[, <tcp alive="" keep="">]</tcp></remote></remote></type>	
	OK or ERROR	
Response	If TCP is connected already, returns	
	ALREADY CONNECT	
	link ID> ID of network connection (0~4), used for multi-connection	
	<type> string, "TCP" or "UDP"</type>	
	<remote ip=""> string, remote IP address</remote>	
Parameters Parameters	<remote port=""> string, remote port number</remote>	
raiameters	[<tcp alive="" keep="">] detection time interval when TCP is kept alive, this</tcp>	
	function is closed by default.	
	[<tcp alive="" keep="">] 0 : disable TCP keep-alive</tcp>	
	[<tcp alive="" keep="">] 1 ~ 7200 : detection time interval, unit: second</tcp>	

AT+CIPSTART - Function 2: Register UDP port		
Example	AT+CIPSTART="UDP", "192.168.101.110", 1000, 1002, 2	
Single connection	AT+CIPSTART= <type>, <remote ip="">, <remote port="">[, <udp local="" port="">,</udp></remote></remote></type>	
(AT+CIPMUX=0)	<udp mode="">]</udp>	
Multiple connection	AT+CIPSTART= <link id=""/> , <type>, <remote ip="">, <remote port="">[, <udp local<="" th=""></udp></remote></remote></type>	
(AT+CIPMUX=1)	port>, <udp mode="">]</udp>	
	OK or ERROR	
Response	If connection already exists, returns	
	ALREADY CONNECT	



ESP8266 AT Instruction Set

	ID of network connection (0~4), used for multi-connection<type> string, "TCP" or "UDP"</type>
	<remote ip=""> string, remote IP</remote>
	<remote port=""> string, remote port</remote>
	[<udp local="" port="">] UDP port of ESP8266</udp>
Parameters	[<udp mode="">] In UDP transparent transmission, it has to be 0.</udp>
	0 : destination peer entity of UDP will not change, default option.
	1 : destination peer entity of UDP can change once.
	2 : destination peer entity of UDP is allowed to change.
	Note: [<udp mode="">] can only be used when [<udp local="" port="">] is set.</udp></udp>

AT+CIPSTART - Function 3: Establish SSL connection	
Example	AT+CIPSSLSIZE=4096
	AT+CIPSTART="SSL", "iot.espressif.cn", 8443
Single connection	AT+CIPSTART=
(AT+CIPMUX=0)	<type>, <remote ip="">, <remote port="">[, <tcp alive="" keep="">]</tcp></remote></remote></type>
Multiple connection	AT+CIPSTART= <link id=""/> ,
(AT+CIPMUX=1)	<type>, <remote ip="">, <remote port="">[, <tcp alive="" keep="">]</tcp></remote></remote></type>
	OK or ERROR
Response	If TCP is connected already, returns
	ALREADY CONNECT
	ID > ID of network connection (0~4), used for multi-connection
	<type> string, "SSL"</type>
	<remote ip=""> string, remote IP address</remote>
Darametera	<remote port=""> string, remote port number</remote>
Parameters	[<tcp alive="" keep="">] detection time interval when TCP is kept alive, this</tcp>
	function is closed by default.
	[<tcp alive="" keep="">] 0 : disable TCP keep-alive</tcp>
	[<tcp alive="" keep="">] 1 ~ 7200 : detection time interval, unit: second</tcp>



ESP8266 AT Instruction Set

	1.	ESP8266 can only set one SSL connection at most.
Note	2.	SSL connection does not support UART-WiFi passthrough mode
		(transparent transmission).
	3.	SSL connection needs a lot of memory, otherwise, it may cause system
		reboot. Users can try command "AT+CIPSSLSIZE= <size>" to enlarge the</size>
		buffer size.

4. AT+CIPSSLSIZE - Set the size of SSL buffer

AT+CIPSSLSIZE - Set the size of SSL buffer		
Command	AT+CIPSSLSIZE= <size></size>	
Response	OK or ERROR	
Parameters	<size> the size of SSL buffer, range: 2048 ~ 4096</size>	

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5. AT+CIPSEND - Send data

Please refer to documentation "4B-ESP8266_AT Command Examples" for more examples.

AT+CIPSEND - Send data		
Single connection	(+CIPMUX=0)	
	AT+CIPSEND= <length></length>	
B.G., Introduction	(+CIPMUX=1)	
Multiple connection	AT+CIPSEND= <link id=""/> , <length></length>	
UDP Transmission	AT+CIPSEND=[<link id=""/> ,] <length>[, <remote ip="">, <remote port="">]</remote></remote></length>	
	Wrap return ">" after set command. Begins receive of serial data, when data	
	length is met, starts transmission of data.	
Response	If connection cannot be established or gets disconnected during send,	
	returns	
	ERROR	
	If data is transmitted successfully, returns	
	SEND OK	
	$\langle link D \rangle D \rangle$ of the connection (0~4), for multi-connect	
Parameters	<pre><length> data length, MAX 2048 bytes</length></pre>	
	[<remote ip="">] UDP transmission can set remote IP when send data</remote>	
	[<remote port="">] UDP transmission can set remote port when send data</remote>	
Command	AT+CIPSEND	
	Wrap return ">" after execute command. Enters unvarnished transmission,	
	20ms interval between each packet, maximum 2048 bytes per packet. When	
	single packet containing "+++" is received, it returns to normal command	
	mode. Please wait at least 1 second before sending next AT command.	
Response		
	This command can only be used in transparent transmission mode which	
	require to be single connection mode.	
	For UDP transparent transmission, <udp mode=""> has to be 0 in command</udp>	
	"AT+CIPSTART"	



6. AT+CIPSENDEX - Send data

AT+CIPSENDEX - Send data	
Single connection	(+CIPMUX=0)
	AT+CIPSENDEX= <length></length>
Multiple connection	(+CIPMUX=1)
With the Connection	AT+CIPSENDEX= <link id=""/> , <length></length>
UDP Transmission	AT+CIPSENDEX=[<link id=""/> ,] <length>[, <remote ip="">, <remote port="">]</remote></remote></length>
	Wrap return ">" after set command. Begins receive of serial data, when data
	length or "\0" is met, starts transmission of data.
	So if sending "\0" is needed, please send it as "\\0"
Response	If connection cannot be established or gets disconnected during send,
Response	returns
	ERROR
	If data is transmitted successfully, returns
	SEND OK
Parameters	<pre>k ID> ID of the connection (0~4), for multi-connect</pre>
Parameters	<length> data length, MAX 2048 bytes</length>



7. AT+CIPSENDBUF - Write data into TCP-send-buffer

This command only write data into TCP-send-buffer, so it can be called continually, needn't wait for "SEND OK"; if a TCP segment is sent successfully, it will return <segment ID>, SEND OK. Before data <length> is met, input "+++" can switch back from data mode to command mode, and discard the data received before, cancel the "AT+CIPSENDBUF". This command can NOT be used on SSL connection.

AT+CIPSENDBUF - Write data into TCP-send-buffer	
Single connection	(+CIPMUX=0)
Single connection	AT+CIPSENDBUF= <length></length>
Multiple connection	(+CIPMUX=1)
wuttple connection	AT+CIPSENDBUF= <link id=""/> , <length></length>
	<current id="" segment="">, <segment id="" of="" sent="" successfully="" which=""></segment></current>
	OK
	>
	Wrap return ">" begins receiving of serial data, when data <length> is met,</length>
	send it; data more than <length> will be discarded, and returns "busy"</length>
	If connection cannot be established, or it's not a TCP connection , or buffer
Response	full, or some other error occurred, returns
	ERROR
	If data is transmitted successfully,
	(1) for single connection, returns
	<segment id="">, SEND OK</segment>
	(2) for multiple connection, returns
	
	<pre><link id=""/> ID of the connection (0~4), for multi-connect</pre>
Parameters	<segment id=""> uint32, starts from 1, add 1 every time be called;</segment>
	<length> data length, data more than <length> will be discarded, MAX 2048</length></length>
	bytes



8. AT+CIPBUFSTATUS - Check status of TCP-send-buffer

Please do not user this command on SSL connection.

AT+CIPBUFSTATUS -	- Check status of TCP-send-buffer
	Single connection:
	AT+CIPBUFSTATUS returns 20, 15, 10, 200, 7
	20 : means the latest segment ID is 19, next time we call AT+CIPSENDBUF,
	the segment ID returned will be 20;
Example	15: means TCP segment of which ID is 15 is the latest segment that sent(may
Lxample	not succeed);
	10: means TCP segment of which ID is 10 sent successfully;
	200: TCP-send-buffer remain 200 bytes that available;
	7: available TCP queue number, it's not reliable; when queue number is 0, no
	more TCP data can be sent.
Single connection	(+CIPMUX=0)
Single connection	AT+CIPBUFSTATUS
	(+CIPMUX=1)
Multiple connection	AT+CIPBUFSTATUS= <link id=""/>
	<next id="" segment="">, < segment ID of which has sent >, < segment ID of</next>
	which sent successfully>, <remain buffer="" size="">, <queue number=""></queue></remain>
Response	OK
	If connection is not established, returns
	ERROR
	<pre>k ID> ID of the connection (0~4), for multi-connect</pre>
	<pre><next id="" segment=""> next segment ID will be got by AT+CIPSENDBUF;</next></pre>
	<segment has="" id="" of="" sent="" which=""> the latest segment that sent(may not</segment>
	succeed);
Parameters	<segment id="" of="" sent="" successfully="" which=""> the latest segment that sent</segment>
	successfully;
	<pre><remain buffer="" size=""> TCP-send-buffer remain buffer size;</remain></pre>
	<queue number=""> available TCP queue number, it's not reliable; when queue</queue>
	number is 0, no more TCP data can be sent.



9. AT+CIPCHECKSEQ - Check if specific segment sent successfully or not

AT+CIPCHECKSEQ - Check if specific segment sent successfully or not	
Single connection	(+CIPMUX=0)
	AT+CIPCHECKSEQ= <segment id=""></segment>
Multiple connection	(+CIPMUX=1)
Multiple connection	AT+CIPCHECKSEQ= <link id=""/> , <segment id=""></segment>
	[<link id=""/> ,] <segment id=""> , <status></status></segment>
Response	ОК
	If connection is not established, returns
	ERROR
	ID of the connection (0~4), for multi-connect
Parameters	<segment id=""> segment ID got by AT+CIPSENDBUF;</segment>
	<status> TRUE, sent successfully; FALSE, send fail</status>
Note	1. This command can only be used if AT+CIPSENDBUF is used.
	2. Only keep status of the latest 32 segments at most.

10. AT+CIPBUFRESET - Reset segment ID count

AT+CIPBUFRESET - Reset segment ID count	
Single connection	(+CIPMUX=0)
	AT+CIPBUFRESET
Multiple connection	(+CIPMUX=1)
wuitiple connection	AT+CIPBUFRESET= <link id=""/>
	OK
Response	If connection is not established or there are still TCP data wait for sending,
	returns
	ERROR
Parameters	<pre><link id=""/> ID of the connection (0~4), for multi-connect</pre>
Note	This command can only be used if AT+CIPSENDBUF is used.



11. AT+CIPCLOSE - Close TCP, UDP or SSL connection

AT+CIPCLOSE - Close TCP, UDP or SSL connection		
Multiple connection	AT+CIPCLOSE= <link id=""/>	
	OK	
Response	or	
	ERROR	
	<pre><link id=""/> ID no. of connection to close, when ID=5, all connections will be</pre>	
Parameters	closed.	
	(ID=5 has no effect in server mode)	
Single connection	AT+CIPCLOSE	
Response	OK	
	or	
	If no such connection, returns	
	ERROR	

12. AT+CIFSR - Get local IP address

AT+CIFSR - Get local IP address		
Command	AT+ CIFSR	
	+ CIFSR: <ip address=""></ip>	
Response	OK EDDOD	
	ERROR	
	<ip address=""></ip>	
Parameters	IP address of ESP8266 softAP	
	IP address of ESP8266 station	
Note	Only after ESP8266 station connected to AP, station IP can be got and	
	inquiried.	



13. AT+CIPMUX - Enable multiple connections

AT+ CIPMUX - Enable multiple connections or not		
Example	AT+CIPMUX=1	
Command	AT+CIPMUX?	
	+ CIPMUX: <mode></mode>	
Response		
	OK	
Parameters	<mode>0 single connection</mode>	
T at at the ters	<mode>1 multiple connection</mode>	
Command	AT+CIPMUX= <mode></mode>	
	ОК	
Response	If already connected, returns Link is builded	
Parameters	The same as above.	
	1. "AT+CIPMUX=1" can only be set when transparent transmission disabled	
	("AT+CIPMODE=0")	
Notes	2. This mode can only be changed after all connections are disconnected.	
	3. If TCP server is started, has to delete TCP server first, then change to single	
	connection is allowed.	



14. AT+CIPSERVER – Configure as TCP server

Server monitor will automatically be created when Server is created. When a client is connected to the server, it will take up one connection, be gave an id.

AT+CIPSERVER - Configure as TCP server		
Example	AT+CIPMUX=1	
	AT+CIPSERVER=1, 1001	
Command	AT+CIPSERVER= <mode>[, <port>]</port></mode>	
Response	OK	
Parameters	<mode> 0 Delete server</mode>	
	<mode> 1 Create server</mode>	
	<port> port number, default is 333</port>	
Notes	Server can only be created when AT+CIPMUX=1	



15. AT+CIPMODE - Set transfer mode

UART-WiFi passthrough mode (transparent transmission) can only be enabled in TCP single connection mode or UDP of which remote IP and port won't change (parameter <UDP mode> is 0 when using command "AT+CIPSTART" to create a UDP transmission).

During UART-WiFi passthrough transmission, if it is TCP connection and the TCP connection breaks, ESP8266 will keep trying to reconnect until "+++" is inputed to quit from transmission. After "+++", please wait at least 1 second before sending next AT command.

If it is a normal TCP transmission and TCP connection breaks, ESP8266 will prompt " [LOSED", and won't try to reconnect. Users can call "AT+CIPSTART" to create a connection again if it's needed.

AT+ CIPMODE - S	AT+ CIPMODE - Set transfer mode	
Example	AT+CIPMODE=1	
Command	AT+CIPMODE?	
	+ CIPMODE: <mode></mode>	
Response		
	ОК	
Parameters	same as below	
Command	AT+CIPMODE= <mode></mode>	
	ОК	
Response	If already connected, returns	
	Link is builded	
Parameters	<mode>0 normal mode</mode>	
	<mode>1 UART-WiFi passthrough mode</mode>	
Notes	This configuration would NOT save into Flash.	



16. AT+SAVETRANSLINK - Save transparent transmission link to Flash

AT+SAVETRANSL	INK - Save transparent transmission link to Flash	
Example	AT+SAVETRANSLINK=1, "192.168.6.110", 1002, "TCP"	
	For TCP connection:	
	AT+SAVETRANSLINK = <mode>, <remote domain="" ip="" name="" or="">, <remote< td=""></remote<></remote></mode>	
Command	port>[, <type>][, <tcp alive="" keep="">]</tcp></type>	
Command	For UDP transmission:	
	AT+SAVETRANSLINK = <mode>, <remote ip="">, <remote port="">[, <type>][,</type></remote></remote></mode>	
	<udp local="" port="">]</udp>	
	ОК	
Response	or	
	ERROR	
	<mode></mode>	
	0 : normal mode, cancel enter UART-WiFi passthrough mode when power on	
	1 : save UART-WiFi passthrough mode	
	<remote ip=""> remote IP or domain name</remote>	
	<remote port=""> remote port</remote>	
Parameters	[<type>] TCP or UDP, default to be "TCP"</type>	
	[<tcp alive="" keep="">] TCP keep alive, default to be disabled</tcp>	
	0: disable TCP keep alive	
	1 ~ 7200: keep-alive detect time interval, unit: second	
	[<udp local="" port="">] local port if enter UDP transparent transmission when</udp>	
	power on.	
	This command will save the UART-WiFi passthrough mode and its link into	
	Flash user parameter area, ESP8266 will enter UART-WiFi passthrough mode	
Notes	since next power on.	
	As long as the IP (or domain name), port conformance to specification, we	
	will save them to Flash	



17. AT+CIPSTO - Set TCP server timeout

AT+ CIPSTO - Set	TCP server timeout	
	AT+CIPMUX=1	
Example	AT+CIPSERVER=1, 1001	
	AT+CIPSTO=10	
Command	AT+CIPSTO?	
	+ CIPSTO: <time></time>	
Response		
	ОК	
Parameters	The same as below.	
Command	AT+CIPSTO= <time></time>	
Response	OK	
Parameters	<time> TCP server timeout, range 0~7200 seconds</time>	
	ESP8266 as TCP server, will disconnect to TCP client that didn't communicate	
Notes	with it even if timeout.	
	If AT+CIPSTO=0, it will never timeout. We don't recommend that.	

18. AT+PING - Function Ping

AT+PING - Function Ping		
Example	AT+PING="192.168.1.1"	
	AT+PING="www.baidu.com"	
Command	AT+PING= <ip></ip>	
	+ <time></time>	
Response	OK	
	Or	
	ERROR // means ping fail	
	Param description	
Parameters	<ip> : string, host IP or domain name</ip>	
	<time> : response time of ping</time>	



19. AT+CIUPDATE – Update through network

Firmware upgrade depends on network condition. It will return ERROR if upgrade fail, please wait a while.

- If using Espressif AT BIN (\ESP8266_NONOS_SDK\bin\at), "AT+CIUPDATE" will download new AT BIN from Espressif Cloud.
- If using user-compiled AT BIN, users need to make their own "AT+CIUPDATE" to upgrade, Espressif provide a demo in \ESP8266_NONOS_SDK\example\at. AT BINs on server have to be named as "user1.bin" and "user2.bin".
- It is suggested that users should call "AT+RESTORE" to restore the factory default settings after upgraded AT firmware.

AT+ CIUPDATE - update through network		
Command	AT+CIUPDATE	
	+CIUPDATE: <n></n>	
Response		
	ОК	
	<n> 1 found server</n>	
Parameters	<n> 2 connect server</n>	
	<n> 3 got edition</n>	
	<n> 4 start update</n>	

20. AT+CIPDINFO - Show remote IP and port with "+IPD"

AT+CIPDINFO - Show remote IP and port with "+IPD" (received data from network)		
Example	AT+CIPDINFO=1	
Command	AT+CIPDINFO= <mode></mode>	
	ОК	
Response	Or	
	ERROR	
	Param description	
Parameters	<mode> 0: will not show remote IP and port with "+IPD"</mode>	
	<mode> 1: show remote IP and port with "+IPD"</mode>	



21. +IPD - Receive network data

+IPD - Receive network data	
Single connection	(+CIPMUX=0)
	+IPD, <len>[, <remote ip="">, <remote port="">]:<data></data></remote></remote></len>
Multiple connection	(+CIPMUX=1)
	+IPD, <id>, <len>[, <remote ip="">, <remote port="">]:<data></data></remote></remote></len></id>
	<remote ip=""> remote IP, enabled by command "AT+CIPDINFO=1"</remote>
	<remote port=""> remote port, enabled by command "AT+CIPDINFO=1"</remote>
Parameters	<id> id no. of connection</id>
	<len> data length</len>
	<data> data received</data>
Notes	When the module receives network data, it will send the data through the
	serial port using +IPD command.



6. Appendix

ESP8266 AT commands below will save configuration parameters into flash:

AT Command	Example	
Save into flash user parameter area		
AT+UART_DEF	AT+UART_DEF=115200, 8, 1, 0, 3	
AT+CWDHCP_DEF	AT+CWDHCP_DEF=1, 1	
AT+CIPSTAMAC_DEF	AT+CIPSTAMAC_DEF="18:fe:35:98:d3:7b"	
AT+CIPAPMAC_DEF	AT+CIPAPMAC_DEF="1a:fe:36:97:d5:7b"	
AT+CIPSTA_DEF	AT+CIPSTA_DEF="192.168.6.100"	
AT+CIPAP_DEF	AT+CIPAP_DEF="192.168.5.1"	
AT+CWDHCPS_DEF	AT+CWDHCPS_DEF=1, 3, "192.168.4.10", "192.168.4.15"	
AT+SAVETRANSLINK	AT+SAVETRANSLINK =1, "192.168.6.10", 1001	
Save into flash system parameter area		
AT+CWMODE_DEF	AT+CWMODE_DEF=3	
AT+CWJAP_DEF	AT+CWJAP_DEF="abc", "0123456789"	
AT+CWSAP_DEF	AT+CWSAP_DEF="ESP8266", "12345678", 5, 3	
AT+CWAUTOCONN	AT+CWAUTOCONN=1	

- Only if the configuration changes, we will write the new configuration into Flash.
- To 512KB+512KB Flash Map:
 user parameter area is 0x7C000 ~ 0x80000, 16KB;
- To 1024KB+1024KB Flash Map:
 user parameter area is 0xFC000 ~ 0x100000, 16KB;
- System parameter area is always the last 16KB of Flash.



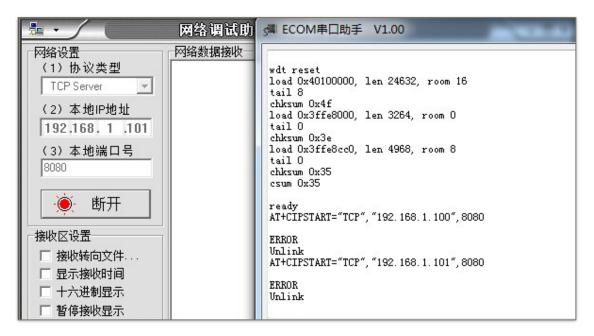
7. Q&A

If you have any questions about AT Commands, please contact us (support-at@espressif.com) with information as follows:

Version info of AT: Using "AT+GMR" to get the version info.

Hardware Module info: example Ai-thinker ESP-01

• Screenshot or steps of the test steps, for example:



Log:

```
ets Jan 8 2013, rst cause: 1, boot mode: (3, 3) load 0x40100000, len 26336, room 16 tail 0
```

chksum 0xde

load 0x3ffe8000, len 5672, room 8

tail 0

chksum 0x69

load 0x3ffe9630, len 8348, room 8

tail 4

chksum 0xcb

csum 0xcb

SDK version: 0.9.1

addr not ack when tx write cmd

mode: sta(18: fe: 34: 97: d5: 7b) + softAP(1a: fe: 34: 97: d5: 7b)