

**WARP2 SERIES IGBT WITH
 ULTRAFAST SOFT RECOVERY DIODE**
Applications

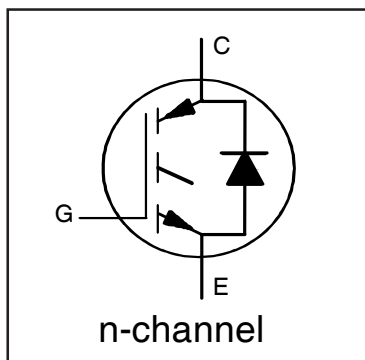
- Telecom and Server SMPS
- PFC and ZVS SMPS Circuits
- Uninterruptable Power Supplies
- Consumer Electronics Power Supplies

Features

- NPT Technology, Positive Temperature Coefficient
- Lower $V_{CE(SAT)}$
- Lower Parasitic Capacitances
- Minimal Tail Current
- HEXFRED Ultra Fast Soft-Recovery Co-Pack Diode
- Tighter Distribution of Parameters
- Higher Reliability

Benefits

- Parallel Operation for Higher Current Applications
- Lower Conduction Losses and Switching Losses
- Higher Switching Frequency up to 150kHz



$$V_{CES} = 600V$$

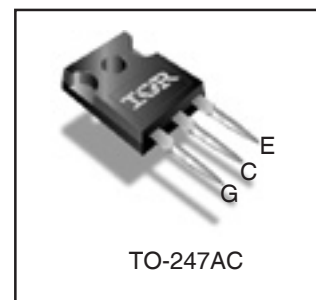
$$V_{CE(on)} \text{ typ.} = 2.00V$$

$$@ V_{GE} = 15V \quad I_C = 33A$$

**Equivalent MOSFET
 Parameters^①**

$$R_{CE(on)} \text{ typ.} = 61m\Omega$$

$$I_D \text{ (FET equivalent)} = 50A$$


Absolute Maximum Ratings

	Parameter	Max.	Units
V_{CES}	Collector-to-Emitter Voltage	600	V
$I_C @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Continuous Collector Current	75	A
$I_C @ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Continuous Collector Current	42	
I_{CM}	Pulse Collector Current (Ref. Fig. C.T.4)	150	
I_{LM}	Clamped Inductive Load Current ^②	150	
$I_F @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Diode Continuous Forward Current	50	
$I_F @ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Diode Continuous Forward Current	25	
I_{FRM}	Maximum Repetitive Forward Current ^③	100	
V_{GE}	Gate-to-Emitter Voltage	± 20	V
$P_D @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Maximum Power Dissipation	370	W
$P_D @ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Maximum Power Dissipation	150	
T_J T_{STG}	Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range	-55 to +150	°C
	Soldering Temperature for 10 sec.	300 (0.063 in. (1.6mm) from case)	
	Mounting Torque, 6-32 or M3 Screw	10 lbf-in (1.1 N·m)	

Thermal Resistance

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$R_{\theta JC}$ (IGBT)	Thermal Resistance Junction-to-Case-(each IGBT)	—	—	0.34	°C/W
$R_{\theta JC}$ (Diode)	Thermal Resistance Junction-to-Case-(each Diode)	—	—	0.64	
$R_{\theta CS}$	Thermal Resistance, Case-to-Sink (flat, greased surface)	—	0.50	—	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient (typical socket mount)	—	—	40	
	Weight	—	6.0 (0.21)	—	g (oz)

Electrical Characteristics @ T_J = 25°C (unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions	Ref.Fig
V _{(BR)CES}	Collector-to-Emitter Breakdown Voltage	600	—	—	V	V _{GE} = 0V, I _C = 500μA	
ΔV _{(BR)CES} /ΔT _J	Temperature Coeff. of Breakdown Voltage	—	0.61	—	V/°C	V _{GE} = 0V, I _C = 1mA (25°C-125°C)	
R _G	Internal Gate Resistance	—	1.2	—	Ω	1MHz, Open Collector	
V _{CE(on)}	Collector-to-Emitter Saturation Voltage	—	2.0	2.2	V	I _C = 33A, V _{GE} = 15V	4, 5, 6, 8, 9
		—	2.4	2.6		I _C = 50A, V _{GE} = 15V	
		—	2.6	2.9		I _C = 33A, V _{GE} = 15V, T _J = 125°C	
		—	3.2	3.6		I _C = 50A, V _{GE} = 15V, T _J = 125°C	
V _{GE(th)}	Gate Threshold Voltage	3.0	4.0	5.0	V	I _C = 250μA	7, 8, 9
ΔV _{GE(th)} /ΔT _J	Threshold Voltage temp. coefficient	—	-7.07	—	mV/°C	V _{CE} = V _{GE} , I _C = 1.0mA	
g _{fe}	Forward Transconductance	—	42	—	S	V _{CE} = 50V, I _C = 33A, PW = 80μs	
I _{CES}	Collector-to-Emitter Leakage Current	—	5.0	500	μA	V _{GE} = 0V, V _{CE} = 600V	
		—	1.0	—	mA	V _{GE} = 0V, V _{CE} = 600V, T _J = 125°C	
V _{FM}	Diode Forward Voltage Drop	—	1.3	1.7	V	I _F = 25A, V _{GE} = 0V	10
		—	1.5	2.0		I _F = 50A, V _{GE} = 0V	
		—	1.3	1.7		I _F = 25A, V _{GE} = 0V, T _J = 125°C	
I _{GES}	Gate-to-Emitter Leakage Current	—	—	±100	nA	V _{GE} = ±20V, V _{CE} = 0V	

Switching Characteristics @ T_J = 25°C (unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions	Ref.Fig	
Q _g	Total Gate Charge (turn-on)	—	240	360	nC	I _C = 33A	17	
Q _{gc}	Gate-to-Collector Charge (turn-on)	—	41	82		V _{CC} = 400V	CT1	
Q _{ge}	Gate-to-Emitter Charge (turn-on)	—	84	130		V _{GE} = 15V		
E _{on}	Turn-On Switching Loss	—	360	590	μJ	I _C = 33A, V _{CC} = 390V	CT3	
E _{off}	Turn-Off Switching Loss	—	380	420		V _{GE} = +15V, R _G = 3.3Ω, L = 210μH		
E _{total}	Total Switching Loss	—	740	960		T _J = 25°C ④		
t _{d(on)}	Turn-On delay time	—	34	44	ns	I _C = 33A, V _{CC} = 390V	CT3	
t _r	Rise time	—	26	36		V _{GE} = +15V, R _G = 3.3Ω, L = 210μH		
t _{d(off)}	Turn-Off delay time	—	130	140		T _J = 25°C ④		
t _f	Fall time	—	43	56	μJ	I _C = 33A, V _{CC} = 390V	CT3	
E _{on}	Turn-On Switching Loss	—	610	880				V _{GE} = +15V, R _G = 3.3Ω, L = 210μH
E _{off}	Turn-Off Switching Loss	—	460	530				T _J = 125°C ④
E _{total}	Total Switching Loss	—	1070	1410	ns	I _C = 33A, V _{CC} = 390V	CT3	
t _{d(on)}	Turn-On delay time	—	33	43				V _{GE} = +15V, R _G = 3.3Ω, L = 200μH
t _r	Rise time	—	26	36				T _J = 125°C ④
t _{d(off)}	Turn-Off delay time	—	140	160	pF	V _{GE} = 0V	16	
t _f	Fall time	—	50	65				V _{CC} = 30V
C _{ies}	Input Capacitance	—	4750	—				f = 1Mhz
C _{oes}	Output Capacitance	—	390	—	pF	V _{GE} = 0V, V _{CE} = 0V to 480V	15	
C _{res}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	58	—				
C _{oes eff.}	Effective Output Capacitance (Time Related) ⑤	—	280	—				
C _{oes eff. (ER)}	Effective Output Capacitance (Energy Related) ⑤	—	190	—				
RBSOA	Reverse Bias Safe Operating Area	FULL SQUARE				T _J = 150°C, I _C = 150A V _{CC} = 480V, V _p = 600V R _g = 22Ω, V _{GE} = +15V to 0V	3 CT2	
t _{rr}	Diode Reverse Recovery Time	—	50	75	ns	T _J = 25°C I _F = 25A, V _R = 200V,	19	
		—	105	160		T _J = 125°C di/dt = 200A/μs		
Q _{rr}	Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	—	112	375	nC	T _J = 25°C I _F = 25A, V _R = 200V,	21	
		—	420	4200		T _J = 125°C di/dt = 200A/μs		
I _{rr}	Peak Reverse Recovery Current	—	4.5	10	A	T _J = 25°C I _F = 25A, V _R = 200V,	19, 20, 21, 22	
		—	8.0	15		T _J = 125°C di/dt = 200A/μs		

Notes:

① R_{CE(on)} typ. = equivalent on-resistance = V_{CE(on)} typ. / I_C, where V_{CE(on)} typ. = 2.00V and I_C = 33A. I_D (FET Equivalent) is the equivalent MOSFET I_D rating @ 25°C for applications up to 150kHz. These are provided for comparison purposes (only) with equivalent MOSFET solutions.

② V_{CC} = 80% (V_{CES}), V_{GE} = 20V, L = 28 μH, R_G = 22 Ω.

③ Pulse width limited by max. junction temperature.

④ Energy losses include "tail" and diode reverse recovery, Data generated with use of Diode 30ETH06.

⑤ C_{oes eff.} is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as C_{oes} while V_{CE} is rising from 0 to 80% V_{CES}.

C_{oes eff. (ER)} is a fixed capacitance that stores the same energy as C_{oes} while V_{CE} is rising from 0 to 80% V_{CES}.

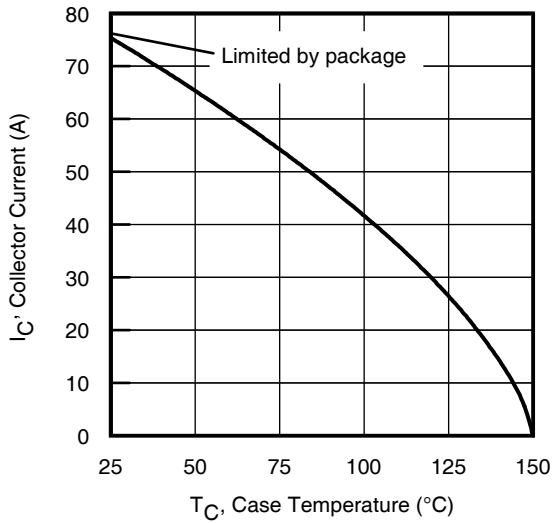


Fig. 1 - Maximum DC Collector Current vs. Case Temperature

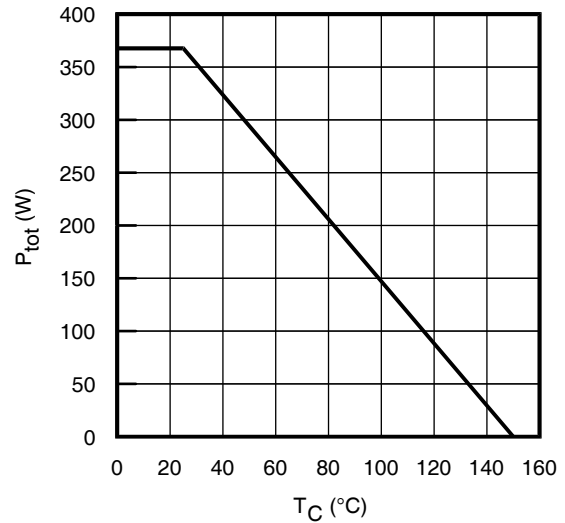


Fig. 2 - Power Dissipation vs. Case Temperature

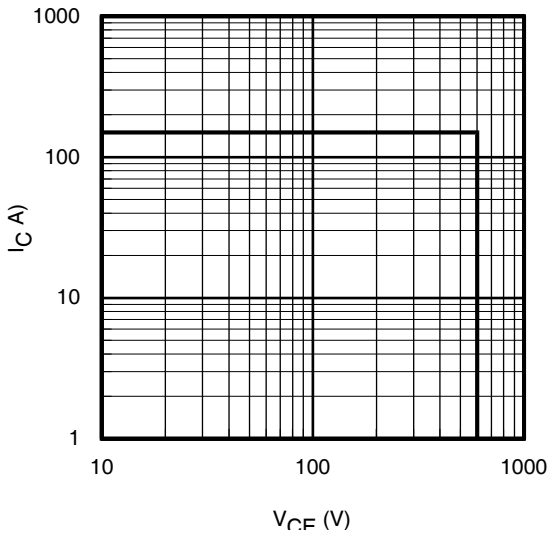


Fig. 3 - Reverse Bias SOA
 $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}; V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$

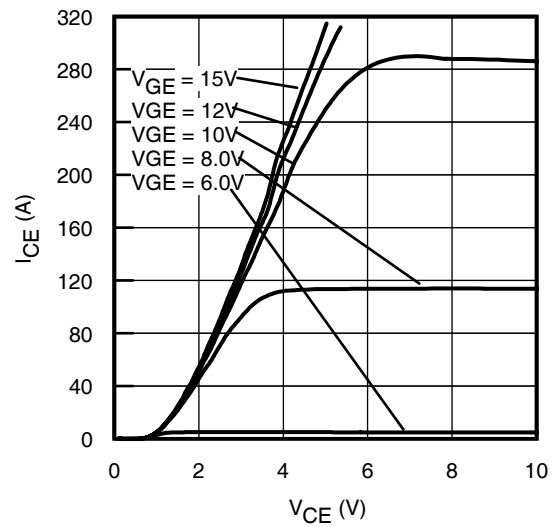


Fig. 4 - Typ. IGBT Output Characteristics
 $T_J = -40^\circ\text{C}; t_p = 80\mu\text{s}$

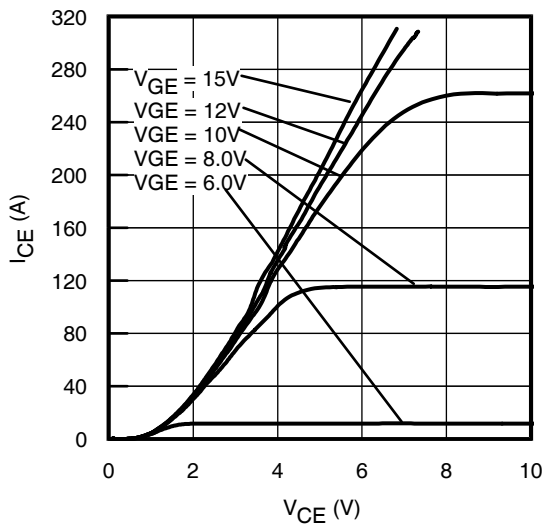


Fig. 5 - Typ. IGBT Output Characteristics
 $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}; t_p = 80\mu\text{s}$

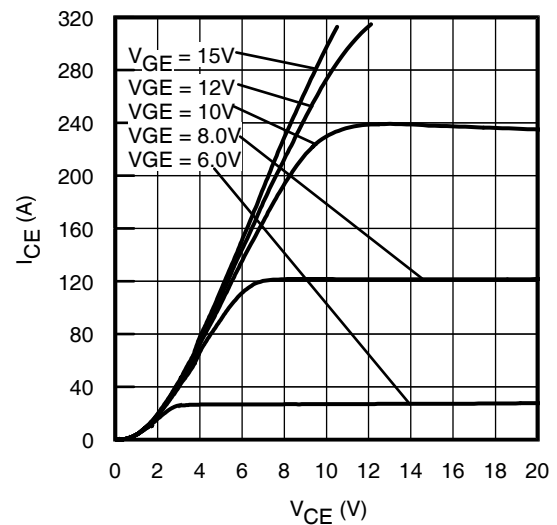


Fig. 6 - Typ. IGBT Output Characteristics
 $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}; t_p = 80\mu\text{s}$

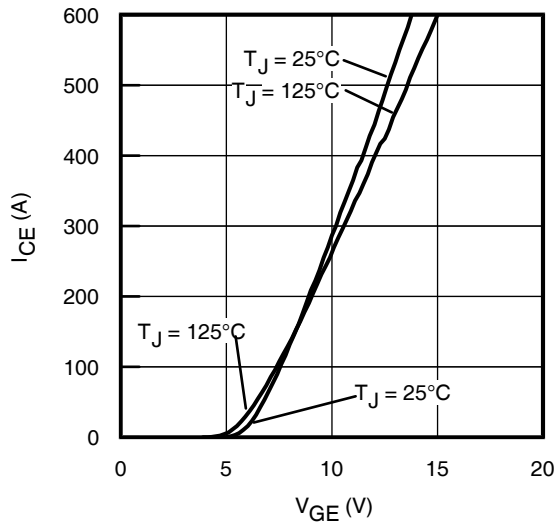


Fig. 7 - Typ. Transfer Characteristics
 $V_{CE} = 50V$; $t_p = 10\mu s$

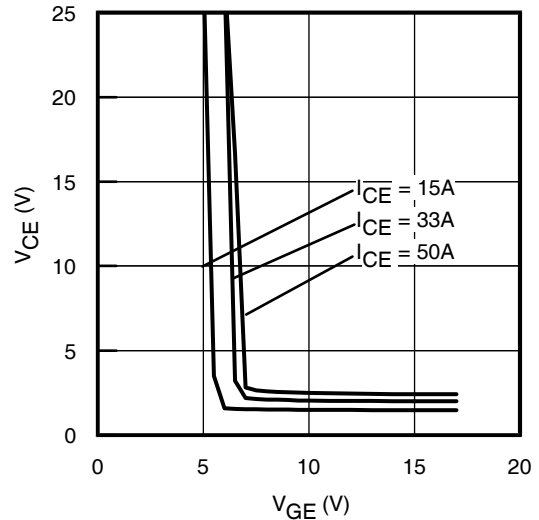


Fig. 8 - Typical V_{CE} vs. V_{GE}
 $T_J = 25^\circ C$

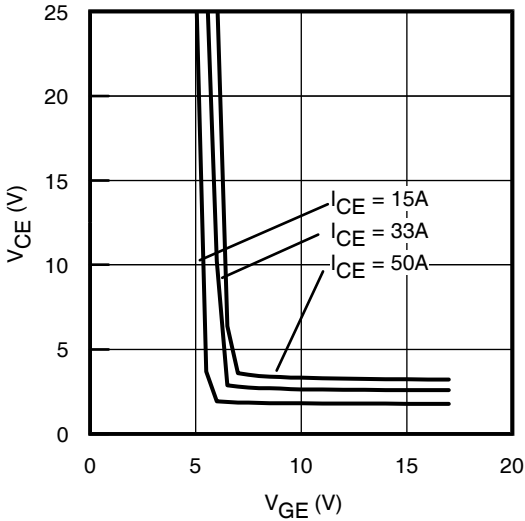


Fig. 9 - Typical V_{CE} vs. V_{GE}
 $T_J = 125^\circ C$

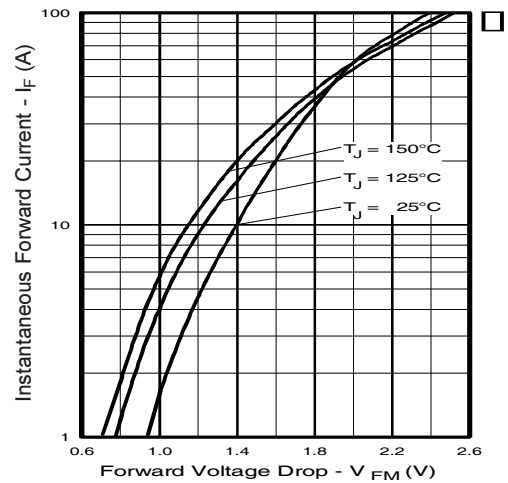


Fig. 10 - Maximum Diode Forward Characteristics
 $t_p = 80\mu s$

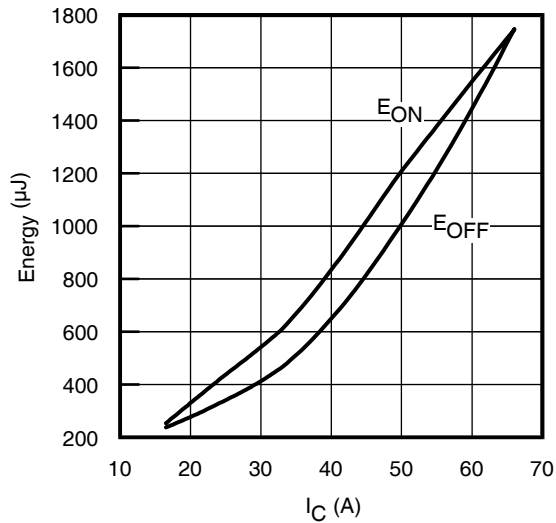


Fig. 11 - Typ. Energy Loss vs. I_C
 $T_J = 125^\circ C$; $L = 200\mu H$; $V_{CE} = 390V$; $R_G = 3.3\Omega$; $V_{GE} = 15V$.
Diode clamp used: 30ETH06 (See C.T.3)

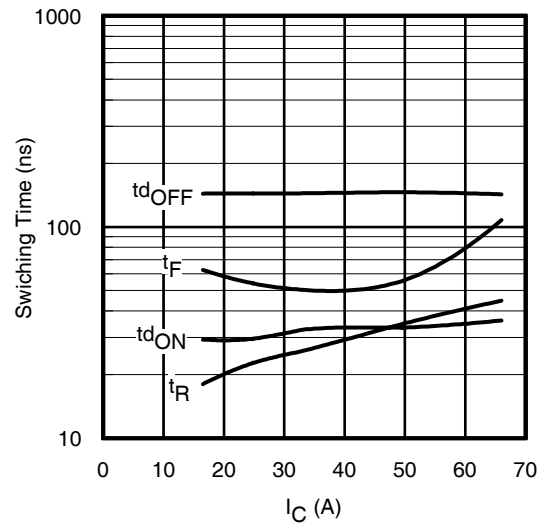


Fig. 12 - Typ. Switching Time vs. I_C
 $T_J = 125^\circ C$; $L = 200\mu H$; $V_{CE} = 390V$; $R_G = 3.3\Omega$; $V_{GE} = 15V$.
Diode clamp used: 30ETH06 (See C.T.3)

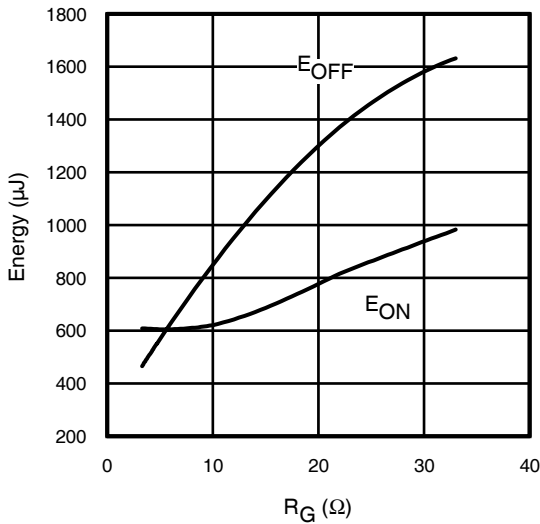


Fig. 13 - Typ. Energy Loss vs. R_G
 $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$; $L = 200\mu\text{H}$; $V_{CE} = 390\text{V}$; $I_{CE} = 33\text{A}$; $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$
 Diode clamp used: 30ETH06 (See C.T.3)

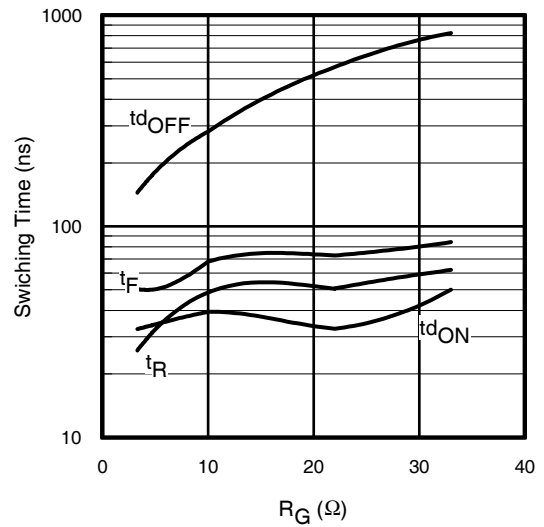
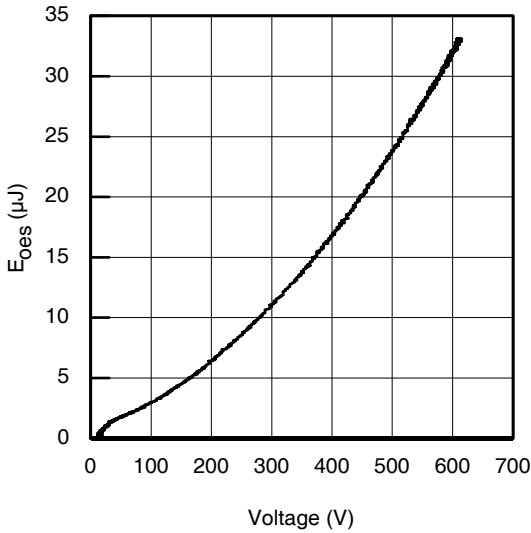


Fig. 14 - Typ. Switching Time vs. R_G
 $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$; $L = 200\mu\text{H}$; $V_{CE} = 390\text{V}$; $I_{CE} = 33\text{A}$; $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$
 Diode clamp used: 30ETH06 (See C.T.3)



**Fig. 15- Typ. Output Capacitance
 Stored Energy vs. V_{CE}**

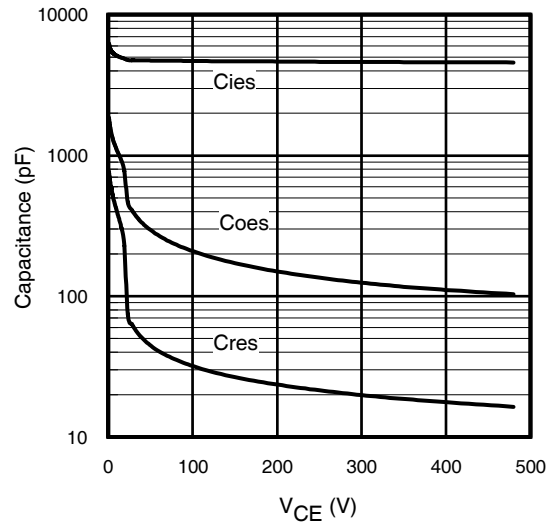


Fig. 16- Typ. Capacitance vs. V_{CE}
 $V_{GE} = 0\text{V}$; $f = 1\text{MHz}$

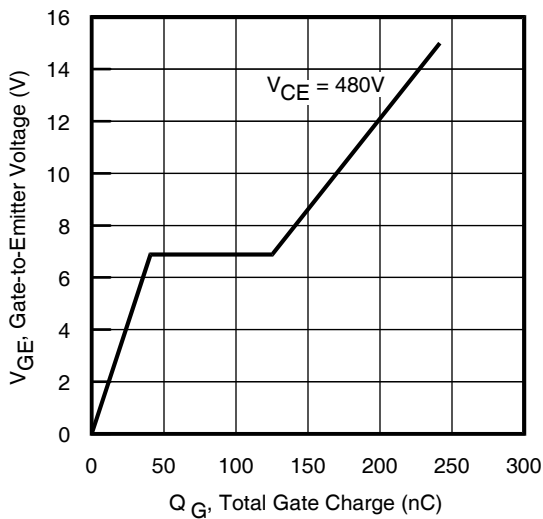
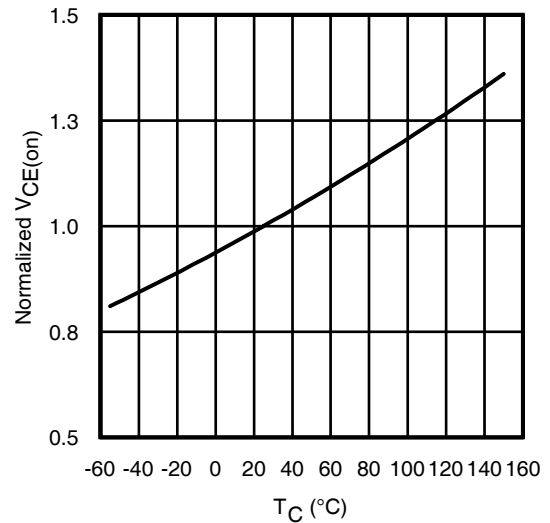


Fig. 17 - Typical Gate Charge vs. V_{GE}
 $I_{CE} = 33\text{A}$



**Fig. 18 - Normalized Typ. $V_{CE(on)}$
 vs. Junction Temperature**
 $I_C = 33\text{A}$, $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$

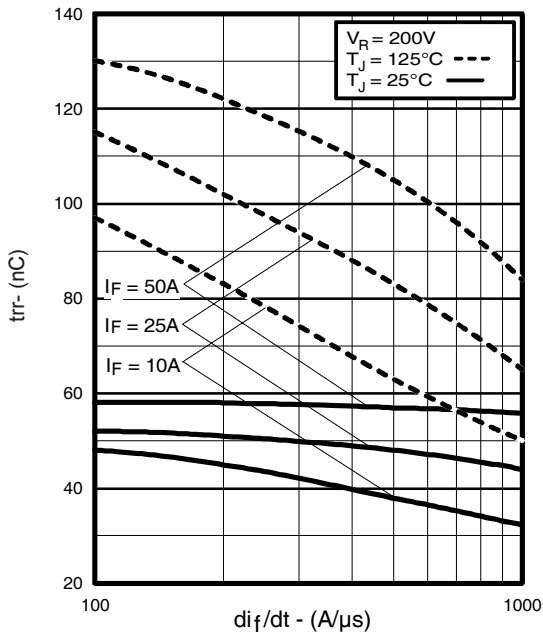


Fig. 19 - Typical Reverse Recovery vs. di_f/dt

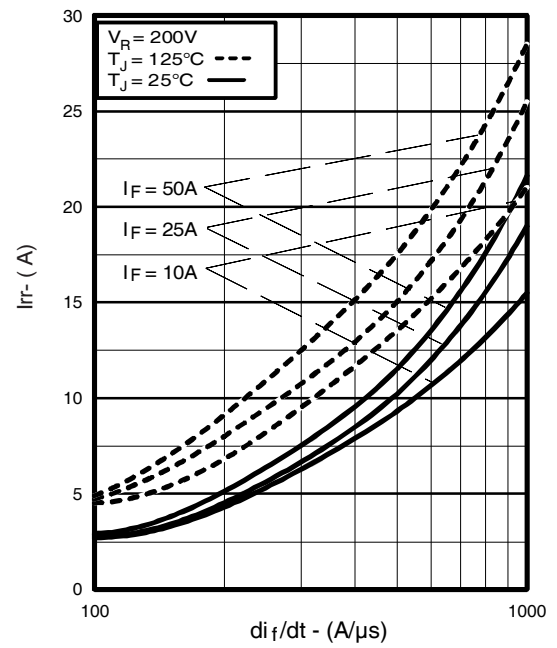


Fig. 20 - Typical Recovery Current vs. di_f/dt

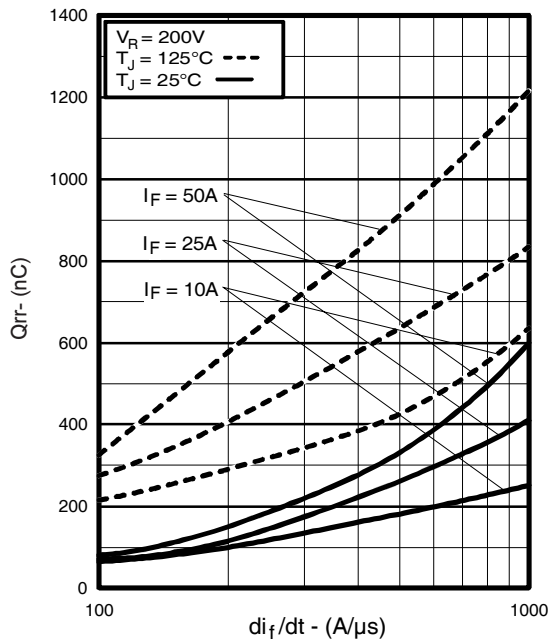


Fig. 21 - Typical Stored Charge vs. di_f/dt

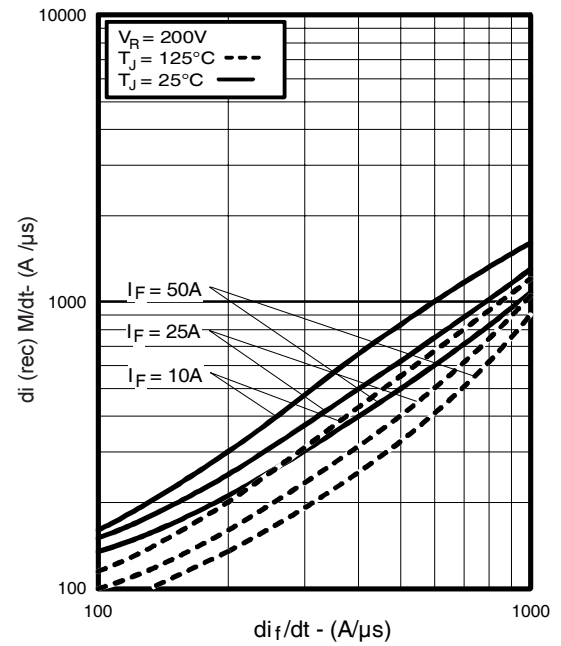


Fig. 22 - Typical $di_{(rec)M}/dt$ vs. di_f/dt

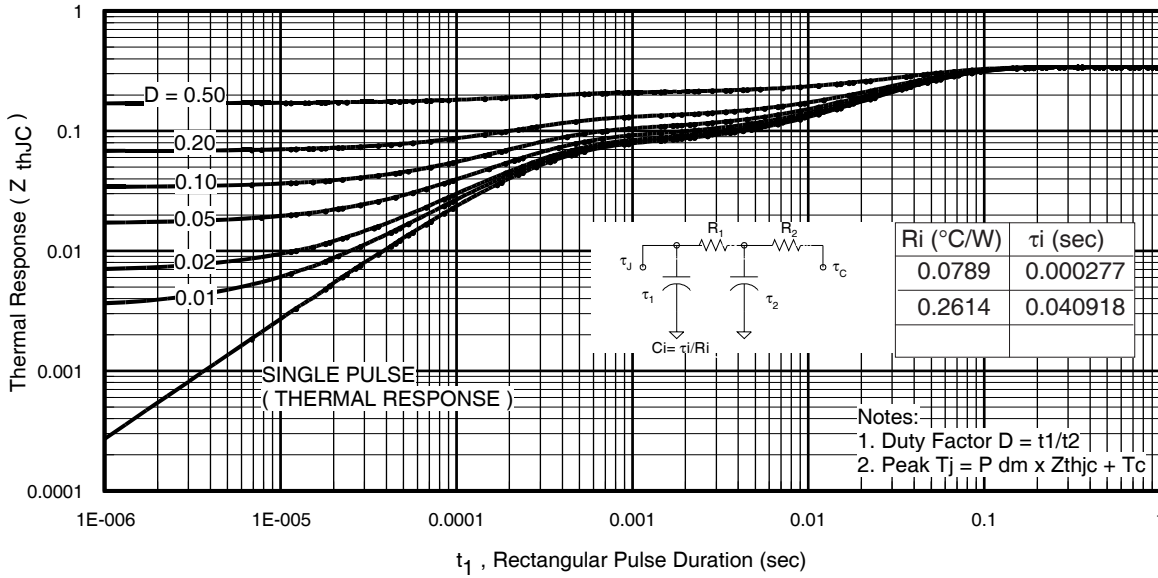


Fig 23. Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case (IGBT)

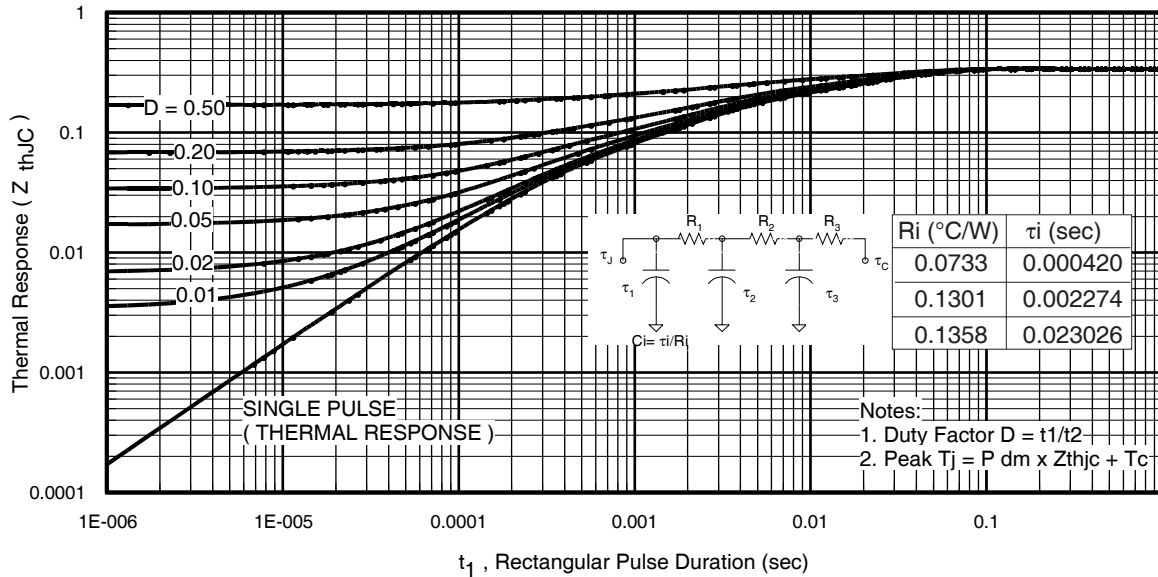


Fig. 24. Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case (DIODE)

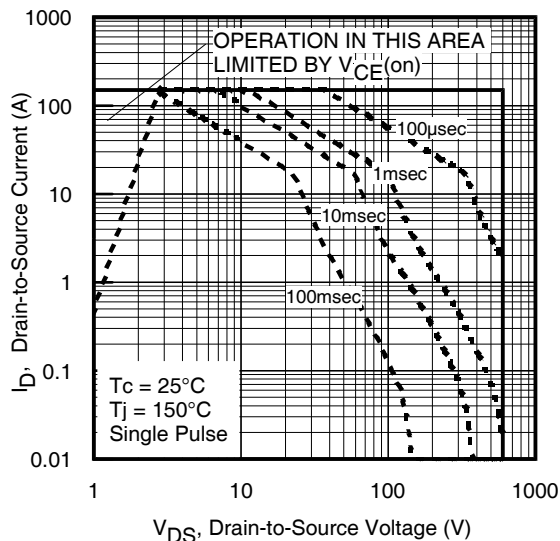


Fig. 25 - Forward SOA, $T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$; $T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$

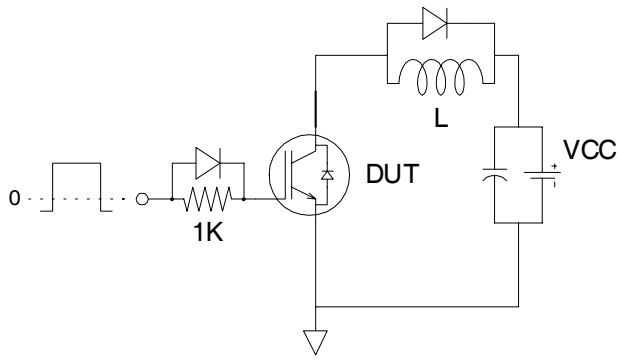


Fig.C.T.1 - Gate Charge Circuit (turn-off)

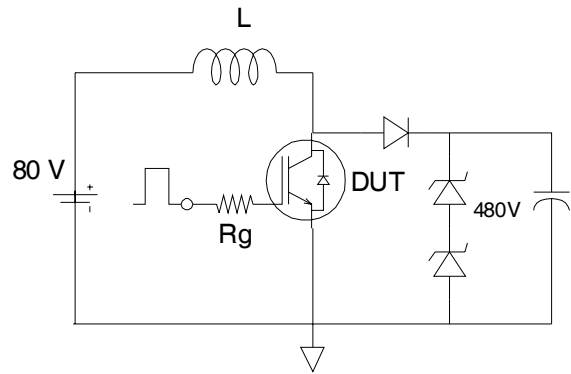


Fig.C.T.2 - RBSOA Circuit

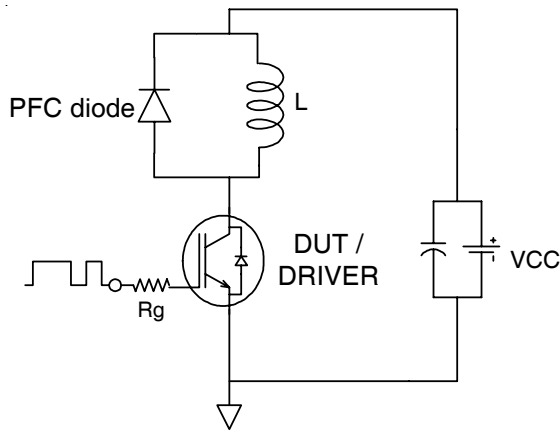


Fig.C.T.3 - Switching Loss Circuit

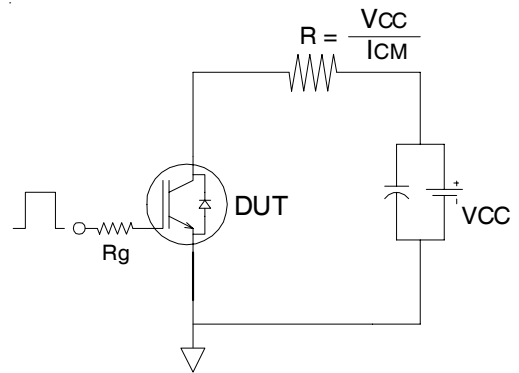


Fig.C.T.4 - Resistive Load Circuit

REVERSE RECOVERY CIRCUIT

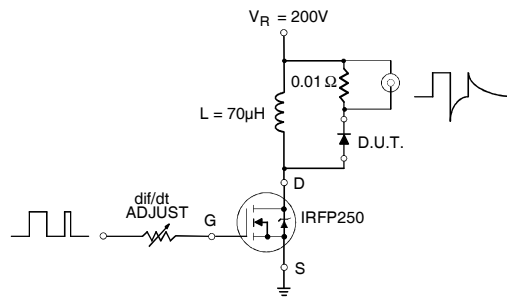


Fig. C.T.5 - Reverse Recovery Parameter Test Circuit

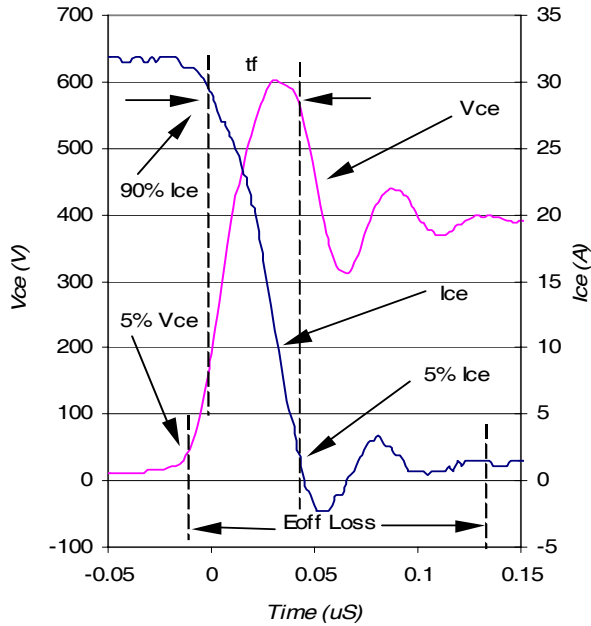


Fig. WF1 - Typ. Turn-off Loss Waveform
@ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ using Fig. CT.3

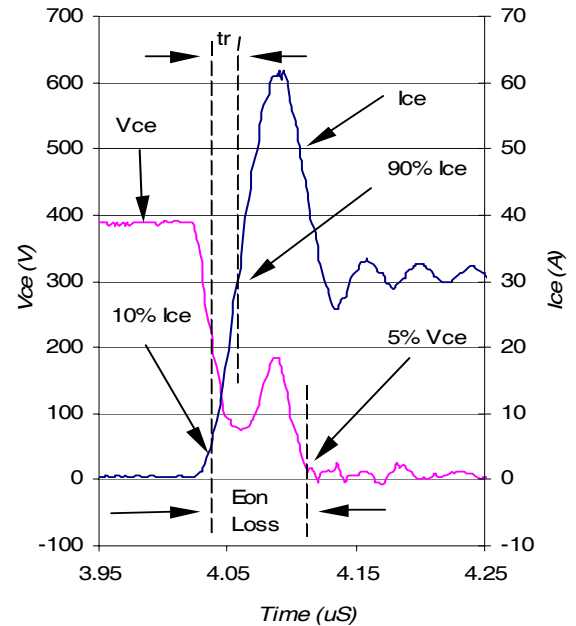
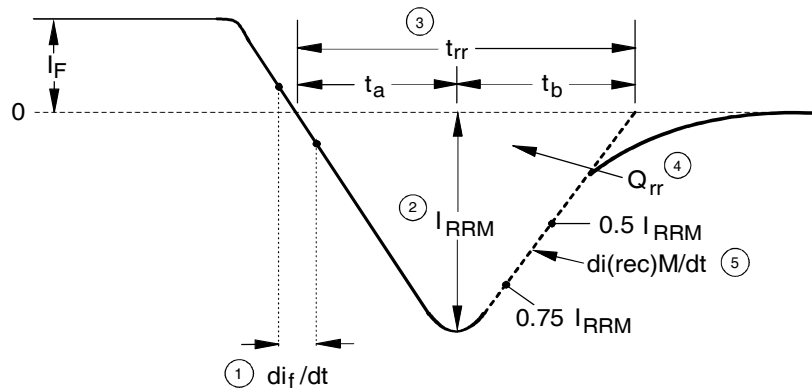


Fig. WF2 - Typ. Turn-on Loss Waveform
@ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ using Fig. CT.3



1. di_f/dt - Rate of change of current through zero crossing
2. I_{RRM} - Peak reverse recovery current
3. t_{rr} - Reverse recovery time measured from zero crossing point of negative going I_f to point where a line passing through $0.75 I_{RRM}$ and $0.50 I_{RRM}$ extrapolated to zero current
4. Q_{rr} - Area under curve defined by t_{rr} and I_{RRM}

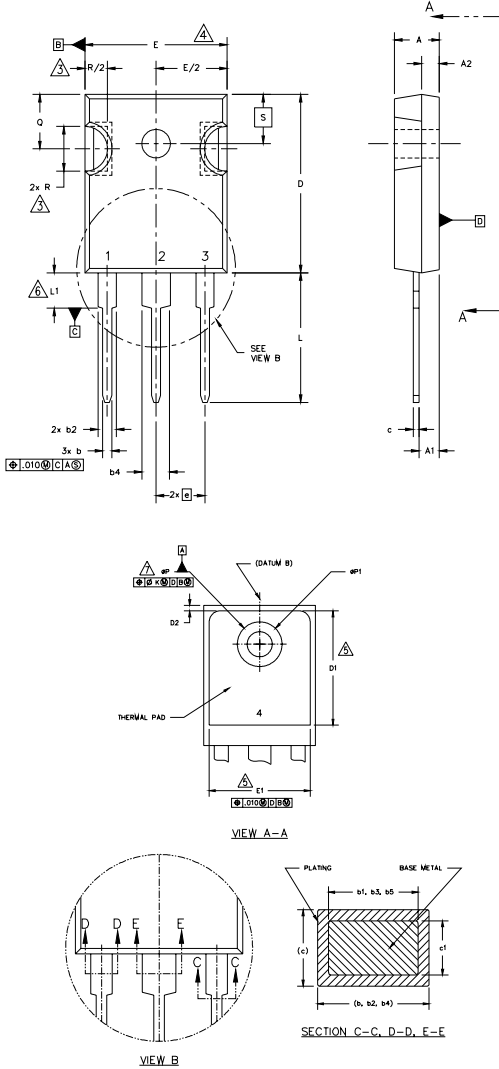
$$Q_{rr} = \frac{t_{rr} \times I_{RRM}}{2}$$
5. $di_{(rec)M}/dt$ - Peak rate of change of current during t_b portion of t_{rr}

Fig. WF3 - Reverse Recovery Waveform and Definitions

IRGP50B60PD

TO-247AC Package Outline

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)



- NOTES:
1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M 1994.
 2. DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN INCHES [MILLIMETERS]
 3. CONTOUR OF SLOT OPTIONAL.
 4. DIMENSION D & E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. MOLD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED .005" (0.127) PER SIDE. THESE DIMENSIONS ARE MEASURED AT THE OUTERMOST EXTREMES OF THE PLASTIC BODY.
 5. THERMAL PAD CONTOUR OPTIONAL WITHIN DIMENSIONS D1 & E1.
 6. LEAD FINISH UNCONTROLLED IN L1.
 7. ØP TO HAVE A MAXIMUM DRAFT ANGLE OF 1.5 ° TO THE TOP OF THE PART WITH A MAXIMUM HOLE DIAMETER OF .154" [3.91].
 8. OUTLINE CONFORMS TO JEDEC OUTLINE TO-247 WITH THE EXCEPTION OF DIMENSION c.

SYMBOL	DIMENSIONS				NOTES
	INCHES		MILLIMETERS		
	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
A	.183	.209	4.65	5.31	
A1	.087	.102	2.21	2.59	
A2	.059	.098	1.50	2.49	
b	.039	.055	0.99	1.40	
b1	.039	.053	0.99	1.35	
b2	.065	.094	1.65	2.39	
b3	.065	.092	1.65	2.37	
b4	.102	.135	2.59	3.43	
b5	.102	.133	2.59	3.38	
c	.015	.034	0.38	0.86	
c1	.015	.030	0.38	0.76	
D	.776	.815	19.71	20.70	
D1	.515	-	13.08	-	4
D2	.020	.030	0.51	0.76	5
E	.602	.625	15.29	15.87	4
E1	.540	-	15.72	-	
e	.215 BSC		5.46 BSC		
Øk	.010		2.54		
L	.559	.634	14.20	16.10	
L1	.146	.169	3.71	4.29	
N	3		7.62 BSC		
ØP	.140	.144	3.56	3.66	
ØP1	-	.275	-	6.98	
Q	.209	.224	5.31	5.69	
R	.178	.216	4.52	5.49	
S	.217 BSC		5.51 BSC		

LEAD ASSIGNMENTS

HEXFET

- 1.- GATE
- 2.- DRAIN
- 3.- SOURCE
- 4.- DRAIN

IGBTs, CoPACK

- 1.- GATE
- 2.- COLLECTOR
- 3.- EMITTER
- 4.- COLLECTOR

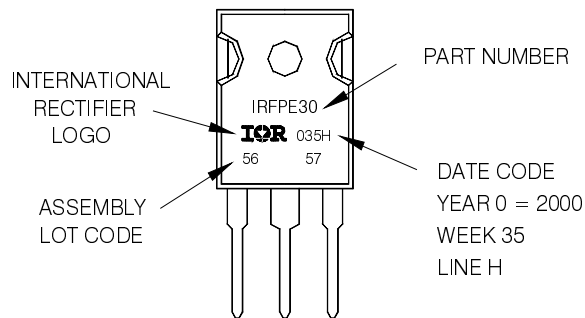
DIODES

- 1.- ANODE/OPEN
- 2.- CATHODE
- 3.- ANODE

TO-247AC Part Marking Information

EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRFPE30
WITH ASSEMBLY
LOT CODE 5657
ASSEMBLED ON WW 35, 2000
IN THE ASSEMBLY LINE "H"

Note: "P" in assembly line
position indicates "Lead-Free"



TO-247AC package is not recommended for Surface Mount Application.

Data and specifications subject to change without notice.
This product has been designed and qualified for Industrial market.
Qualification Standards can be found on IR's Web site.