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Low-Noise, Low Quiescent Current, **Precision Operational Amplifier** e-trim™ Series

FEATURES

LOW NOISE: 7.5nV/VHz at 1kHz 0.1Hz TO 10Hz NOISE: 0.8μV_{PP} QUIESCENT CURRENT: 760µV (typ) LOW OFFSET VOLTAGE: 5µV (typ) **GAIN BANDWIDTH PRODUCT: 5.5MHz**

RAIL-TO-RAIL OUTPUT

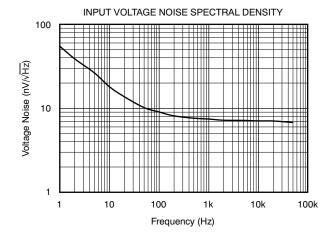
SINGLE-SUPPLY OPERATION SUPPLY VOLTAGE: 2.2V to 5.5V

SPACE-SAVING PACKAGES:

SC-70, SOT23, WCSP, MSOP, TSSOP

APPLICATIONS

- **ADC BUFFER**
- **AUDIO EQUIPMENT**
- MEDICAL INSTRUMENTATION
- HANDHELD TEST EQUIPMENT
- **ACTIVE FILTERING**
- **SENSOR SIGNAL CONDITIONING**

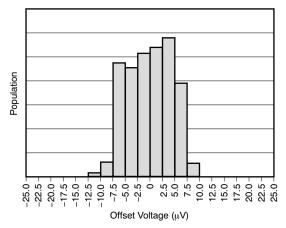


DESCRIPTION

The OPA376 family represent a new generation of low-noise operational amplifiers with e-trim, offering outstanding dc precision and ac performance. Rail-to-rail output, low offset (25µV max), low noise (7.5nV/√Hz), quiescent current of 950µA max, and a 5.5MHz bandwidth make this part very attractive for a variety of precision and portable applications. In addition, this device has a reasonably wide supply range with excellent PSRR, making it attractive for applications that run directly from batteries without regulation.

The OPA376 (single version) is available in MicroSIZE SC70-5, SOT23-5, and SO-8 packages. The OPA2376 (dual) is offered in the WCSP-8, MSOP-8, and SO-8 packages. The OPA4376 (quad) is offered in a TSSOP-14 package. All versions are specified for operation from -40°C to +125°C.

OFFSET VOLTAGE PRODUCTION DISTRIBUTION



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This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING(1)

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

			OPA376, OPA2376, OPA4376	UNIT	
Supply Voltage		$V_S = (V+) - (V-)$	+7	V	
Cinnal Innet Tamainala	Voltage ⁽²⁾		(V-) - 0.5 to (V+) + 0.5	V	
Signal Input Terminals	Current ⁽²⁾		±10	mA	
Output Short-Circuit (3)			Continuous		
Operating Temperature	Temperature T _A -40 to +150			°C	
Storage Temperature		T _A	-65 to +150	°C	
Junction Temperature		TJ	+150	°C	
	Human Body Model		4000	V	
ESD Rating	Charged Device Model		1000	V	
	Machine Model		200	V	

⁽¹⁾ Stresses above these ratings may cause permanent damage. Exposure to absolute maximum conditions for extended periods may degrade device reliability. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those specified is not supported.

PACKAGE INFORMATION(1)

PRODUCT	PACKAGE-LEAD	PACKAGE DESIGNATOR	PACKAGE MARKING
	SC70-5	DCK	BUR
OPA376	SOT23-5	DBV	BUQ
	SO-8	D	OPA376
OD40070	SO-8	D	OPA2376
OPA2376	MSOP-8	DGK	OBBI
OPA2376	Lead- (Pb-) Free WCSP-8	YZD	OPA2376
OPA4376	TSSOP-14	PW	OPA4376

⁽¹⁾ For the most current package and ordering information, see the Package Option Addendum at the end of this document, or see the TI web site at www.ti.com.

⁽²⁾ Input terminals are diode-clamped to the power-supply rails. Input signals that can swing more than 0.5V beyond the supply rails should be current limited to 10mA or less.

⁽³⁾ Short-circuit to ground, one amplifier per package.



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS: $V_S = +2.2V$ to +5.5V

Boldface limits apply over the specified temperature range: $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+125^{\circ}C$. At $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$, $R_L = 10k\Omega$ connected to $V_S/2$, $V_{CM} = V_S/2$, and $V_{OUT} = V_S/2$, unless otherwise noted.

PARAMETERS			OPA37			
		CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	TYP MAX	
OFFSET VOLTAGE						
Input Offset Voltage	Vos			5	25	μV
vs Temperature	dV _{OS} /dT	-40°C to +85°C		0.26	1	μV/°C
		-40°C to +125°C		0.32	2	μ ۷/°C
vs Power Supply	PSRR	$V_S = +2.2V$ to +5.5V, $V_{CM} < (V+) - 1.3V$		5	20	μV/V
Over Temperature		$V_S = +2.2V$ to +5.5V, $V_{CM} < (V+) - 1.3V$		5		μ V/V
Channel Separation, dc (dual, quad)				0.5		mV/V
INPUT BIAS CURRENT						
Input Bias Current	I _B			0.2	10	pA
Over Temperature			See T	ypical Charact	eristics	pA
Input Offset Current	Ios			0.2	10	pA
NOISE						
Input Voltage Noise, f = 0.1Hz to 10Hz				0.8		μV_{PP}
Input Voltage Noise Density, f = 1kHz	en			7.5		nV/√ Hz
Input Current Noise, f = 1kHz	i _n			2		fA/√ Hz
INPUT VOLTAGE RANGE						
Common-Mode Voltage Range	V_{CM}		(V-) - 0.1		(V+) + 0.1	V
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	$(V-) < V_{CM} < (V+) - 1.3 V$	76	90		dB
INPUT CAPACITANCE						
Differential				6.5		pF
Common-Mode				13		pF
OPEN-LOOP GAIN						
Open-Loop Voltage Gain	A _{OL}	$50\text{mV} < \text{V}_{\text{O}} < (\text{V+}) - 50\text{mV}, R_{\text{L}} = 10\text{k}\Omega$	120	134		dB
		$100 \text{mV} < \text{V}_{\text{O}} < (\text{V+}) - 100 \text{mV}, R_{\text{L}} = 2 \text{k}\Omega$	120	126		dB
FREQUENCY RESPONSE		$C_L = 100 pF, V_S = 5.5 V$				
Gain-Bandwidth Product	GBW			5.5		MHz
Slew Rate	SR	G = +1		2		V/µs
Settling Time 0.1%	t _S	2V Step , G = +1		1.6		μs
Settling Time 0.01%	ts	2V Step , G = +1		2		μs
Overload Recovery Time		V _{IN} × Gain > V _S		0.33		μs
THD + Noise	THD+N	$V_{O} = 1V_{RMS}, G = +1, f = 1kHz, R_{L} = 10k\Omega$		0.00027		%



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS: $V_s = +2.2V$ to +5.5V (continued)

Boldface limits apply over the specified temperature range: $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+125^{\circ}C$. At $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$, $R_L = 10k\Omega$ connected to $V_S/2$, $V_{CM} = V_S/2$, and $V_{OUT} = V_S/2$, unless otherwise noted.

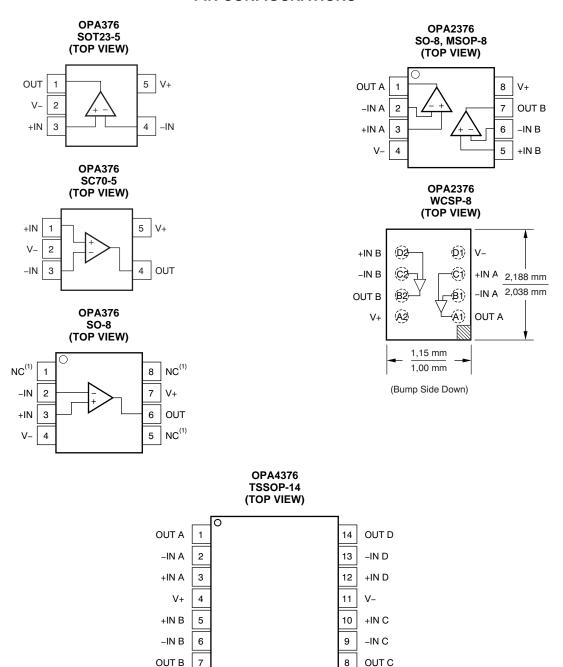
			OPA3			
PARAMETERS		CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
ОИТРИТ						
Voltage Output Swing from Rail		$R_L = 10k\Omega^{(1)}$		10	20	mV
		$R_L = 10k\Omega^{(2)}$		20	30	mV
Over Temperature		$R_L = 10k\Omega$			40	mV
Voltage Output Swing from Rail		$R_L = 2k\Omega^{(1)}$		40	50	mV
		$R_L = 2k\Omega^{(2)}$		50	60	mV
Over Temperature		$R_L = 2k\Omega$			80	mV
Short-Circuit Current	I _{SC}			+30/–50		mA
Capacitive Load Drive	C_{LOAD}		See	Typical Characte	ristics	
Open-Loop Output Impedance	R _O			150		Ω
POWER SUPPLY						
Specified Voltage Range	Vs		2.2		5.5	V
Operating Voltage Range				2 to 5.5		V
Quiescent Current per amplifier	IQ	$I_{O} = 0$, $V_{S} = +5.5V$, $V_{CM} < (V+) - 1.3V$		760	950	μΑ
Over Temperature					1	mA
TEMPERATURE RANGE						
Specified Range			-40		+125	°C
Operating Range			-40		+150	°C
Thermal Resistance	θ_{JA}					°C/W
SC70				250		°C/W
SOT23				200		°C/W
SO-8, TSSOP-14, MSOP-8				150		°C/W
WCSP-8				250		°C/W

⁽¹⁾ SC70-5, SOT23-5, SO-8, MSOP-8, and TSSOP-14 packages only.

⁽²⁾ Wafer chip-scale package only.



PIN CONFIGURATIONS

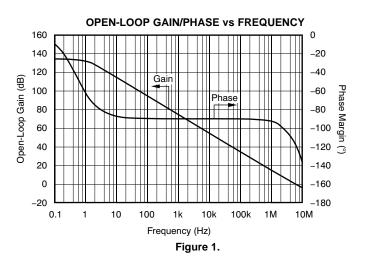


NOTE: (1) NC denotes no internal connection.



TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

At T_A = +25°C, V_S = +5V, R_L = 10k Ω connected to $V_S/2$, V_{CM} = $V_S/2$, and V_{OUT} = $V_S/2$, unless otherwise noted.



POWER-SUPPLY AND COMMON-MODE REJECTION RATIO vs FREQUENCY

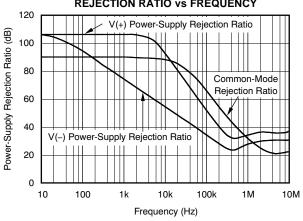


Figure 2.

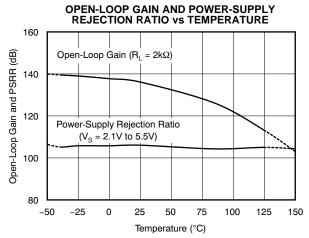


Figure 3.

0.1Hz to 10Hz INPUT VOLTAGE NOISE

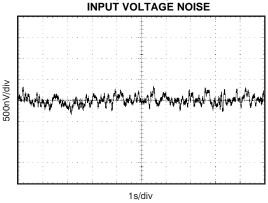


Figure 4.

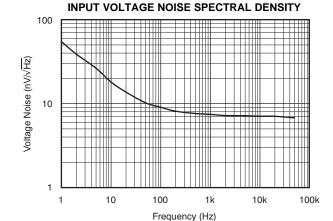


Figure 5.

TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION + NOISE vs FREQUENCY

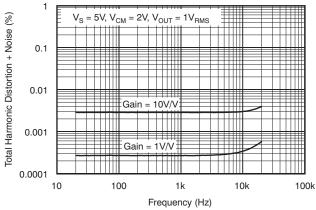
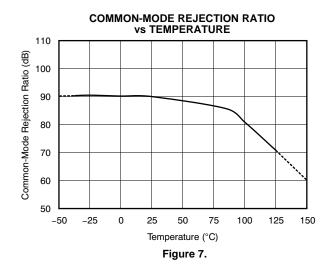


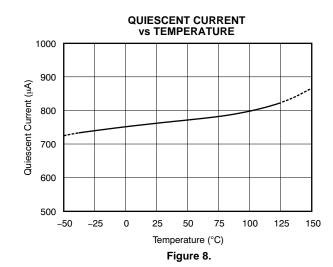
Figure 6.

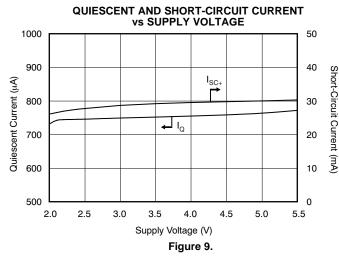


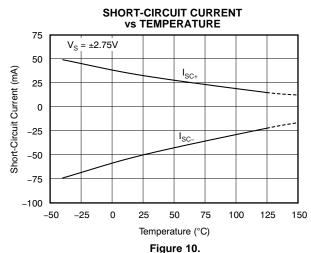
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

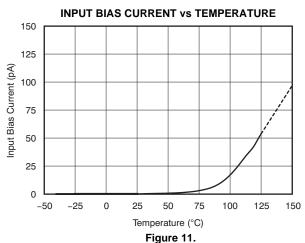
At $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$, $V_S = +5V$, $R_L = 10k\Omega$ connected to $V_S/2$, $V_{CM} = V_S/2$, and $V_{OUT} = V_S/2$, unless otherwise noted.

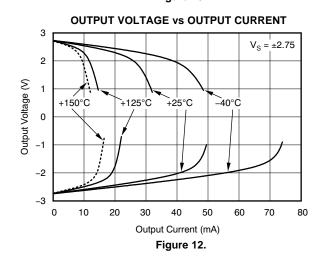








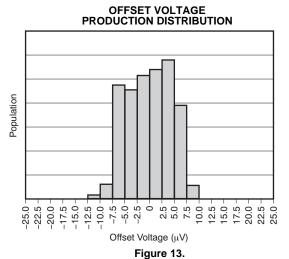






TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

At $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$, $V_S = +5V$, $R_L = 10k\Omega$ connected to $V_S/2$, $V_{CM} = V_S/2$, and $V_{OUT} = V_S/2$, unless otherwise noted.



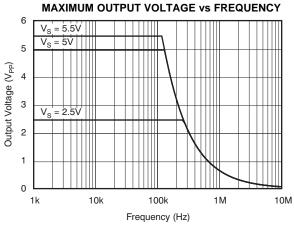


Figure 15.

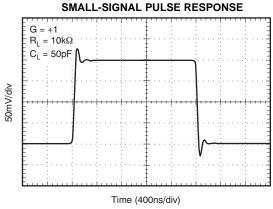


Figure 17.

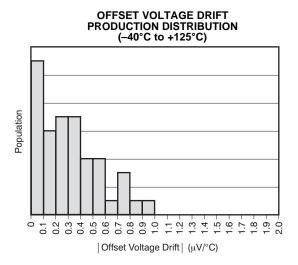


Figure 14.

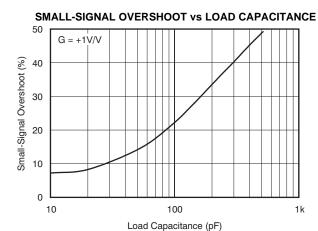


Figure 16.

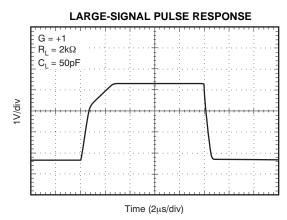
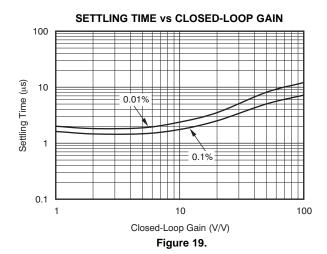


Figure 18.



TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

At T_A = +25°C, V_S = +5V, R_L = 10k Ω connected to $V_S/2$, V_{CM} = $V_S/2$, and V_{OUT} = $V_S/2$, unless otherwise noted.



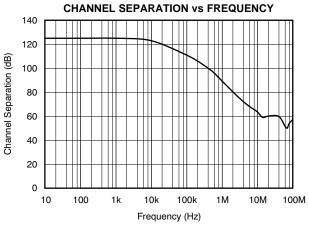
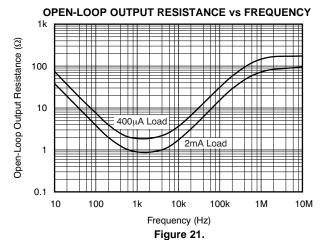


Figure 20.





APPLICATION INFORMATION

The OPA376 family of operational amplifiers is built using *e-trim*, a proprietary technique in which offset voltage is adjusted during the final steps of manufacturing. This technique compensates for performance shifts that can occur during the molding process. Through *e-trim*, the OPA376 family delivers excellent offset voltage (5 μ V, typ). Additionally, the amplifier boasts a fast slew rate, low drift, low noise, and excellent PSRR and A_{OL}. These 5.5MHz CMOS op amps operate on 760 μ A (typ) quiescent current.

OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS

The OPA376 family of amplifiers has parameters that are fully specified from 2.2V to 5.5V (±1.1V to ±2.75V). Many of the specifications apply from -40°C to +125°C. Parameters that can exhibit significant variance with regard to operating voltage or temperature are presented in the Typical Characteristics.

GENERAL LAYOUT GUIDELINES

For best operational performance of the device, good printed circuit board (PCB) layout practices are required. Low-loss, $0.1\mu F$ bypass capacitors must be connected between each supply pin and ground, placed as close to the device as possible. A single bypass capacitor from V+ to ground is applicable to single-supply applications.

BASIC AMPLIFIER CONFIGURATIONS

The OPA376 family is unity-gain stable. It does not exhibit output phase inversion when the input is overdriven. A typical single-supply connection is shown in Figure 22. The OPA376 is configured as a basic inverting amplifier with a gain of -10V/V. This single-supply connection has an output centered on the common-mode voltage, V_{CM} . For the circuit shown, this voltage is 2.5V, but may be any value within the common-mode input voltage range.

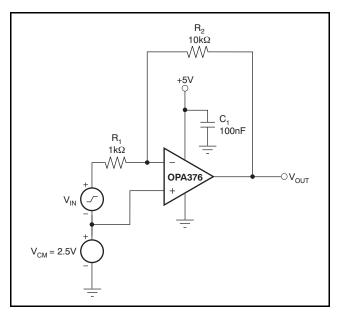


Figure 22. Basic Single-Supply Connection

COMMON-MODE VOLTAGE RANGE

The input common-mode voltage range of the OPA376 series extends 100mV beyond the supply rails. The offset voltage of the amplifier is very low, from approximately (V-) to (V+)-1V, as shown in Figure 23. The offset voltage increases as common-mode voltage exceeds (V+) -1V. Common-mode rejection is specified from (V-) to (V+)-1.3V.

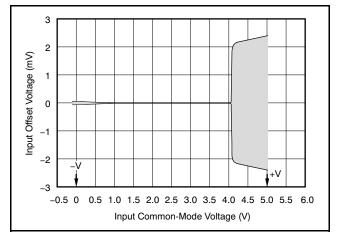


Figure 23. Offset and Common-Mode Voltage



INPUT AND ESD PROTECTION

The OPA376 family incorporates internal electrostatic discharge (ESD) protection circuits on all pins. In the case of input and output pins, this protection primarily consists of current steering diodes connected between the input and power-supply pins. These ESD protection diodes also provide in-circuit, input overdrive protection, as long as the current is limited to 10mA as stated in the Absolute Maximum Ratings. Figure 24 shows how a series input resistor may be added to the driven input to limit the input current. The added resistor contributes thermal noise at the amplifier input and its value should be kept to a minimum in noise-sensitive applications.

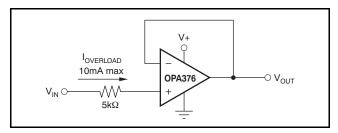


Figure 24. Input Current Protection

CAPACITIVE LOAD AND STABILITY

The OPA376 series of amplifiers may be used in applications where driving a capacitive load is required. As with all op amps, there may be specific instances where the OPAx376 can become unstable, leading to oscillation. The particular op amp circuit configuration, layout, gain, and output loading are some of the factors to consider when establishing whether an amplifier will be stable in operation. An opamp in the unity-gain (+1V/V) buffer configuration and driving a capacitive load exhibits a greater tendency to be unstable than an amplifier operated at a higher noise gain. The capacitive load, in conjunction with the op amp output resistance, creates a pole within the feedback loop that degrades the phase margin. The degradation of the phase margin increases as the capacitive loading increases.

The OPAx376 in a unity-gain configuration can directly drive up to 250pF pure capacitive load. Increasing the gain enhances the ability of the amplifier to drive greater capacitive loads (see the typical characteristic plot, $Small\text{-}Signal\ Overshoot\ vs\ Capacitive\ Load$). In unity-gain configurations, capacitive load drive can be improved by inserting a small (10 Ω to 20 Ω) resistor, R_S , in series with the output, as shown in Figure 25. This resistor significantly reduces ringing while maintaining dc performance for purely capacitive loads. However, if there is a resistive load in parallel with the capacitive

load, a voltage divider is created, introducing a gain error at the output and slightly reducing the output swing. The error introduced is proportional to the ratio R_S/R_L , and is generally negligible at low output current levels.

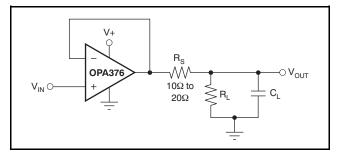


Figure 25. Improving Capacitive Load Drive

ACTIVE FILTERING

The OPA376 series is well-suited for filter applications requiring a wide bandwidth, fast slew rate, low-noise, single-supply operational amplifier. Figure 26 shows a 50kHz, 2nd-order, low-pass filter. The components have been selected to provide a maximally-flat Butterworth response. Beyond the cutoff frequency, roll-off is -40dB/dec. The Butterworth response is ideal for applications requiring predictable gain characteristics such as the anti-aliasing filter used ahead of an analog-to-digital converter (ADC).

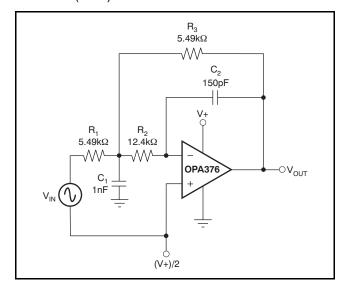


Figure 26. Second-Order Butterworth 50kHz Low-Pass Filter



OPA2376 WCSP PACKAGE

The OPA2376YZD is a lead- (PB-) free, die-level, wafer chip-scale package (WCSP). Unlike devices that are in plastic packages, these devices have no molding compound, lead frame, wire bonds, or leads. Using standard surface-mount assembly procedures, the WCSP can be mounted to a PCB without additional underfill. Figure 27 and Figure 28 detail the pinout and package marking. See the NanoStarTM and NanoFreeTM 300µm Solder Bump WCSP Application Note (SBVA017) for more detailed information on package characteristics and PCB design.

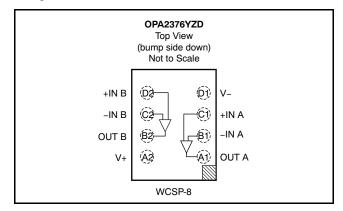


Figure 27. Pin Description

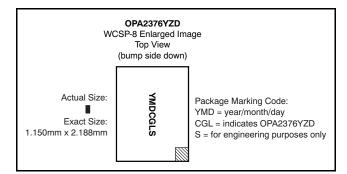


Figure 28. Top View Package Marking

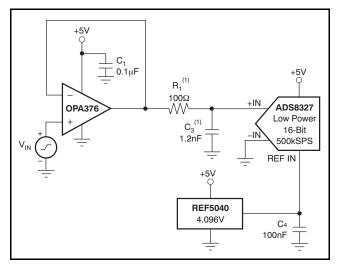
PHOTOSENSITIVITY

Although the OPA2376YZD package has a protective backside coating that reduces the amount of light exposure on the die, unless fully shielded, ambient light can reach the active region of the device. Input bias current for the package is specified in the absence of light. Depending on the amount of light exposure in a given application, an increase in bias current, and possible increases in offset voltage

should be expected. Fluorescent lighting may introduce noise or hum because of the time-varying light output. Best layout practices include end-product packaging that provides shielding from possible light sources during operation.

DRIVING AN ANALOG-TO-DIGITAL CONVERTER

The low noise and wide gain bandwidth of the OPA376 family make it an ideal driver for ADCs. Figure 29 illustrates the OPA376 driving an ADS8327, 16-bit, 250kSPS converter. The amplifier is connected as a unity-gain, noninverting buffer.



NOTE: (1) Suggested value; may require adjustment based on specific application.

Figure 29. Driving an ADS8327

PHANTOM-POWERED MICROPHONE

The circuit shown in Figure 30 depicts how a remote microphone amplifier can be powered by a phantom source on the output side of the signal cable. The cable serves double duty, carrying both the differential output signal from and dc power to the microphone amplifier stage.

An OPA2376 serves as a single-ended input to a differential output amplifier with a 6dB gain. Common-mode bias for the two op amps is provided by the dc voltage developed across the electret microphone element. A 48V phantom supply is reduced to 5.1V by the series $6.8k\Omega$ resistors on the output side of the cable, and the $4.7k\Omega$ and zener diode on the input side of the cable. AC coupling blocks the different dc voltage levels from each other on each end of the cable.



An INA163 instrumentation amplifier provides differential inputs and receives the balanced audio signals from the cable.

The INA163 gain may be set from 0dB to 80dB by selecting the R_{G} value. The INA163 circuit is typical of the input circuitry used in mixing consoles.

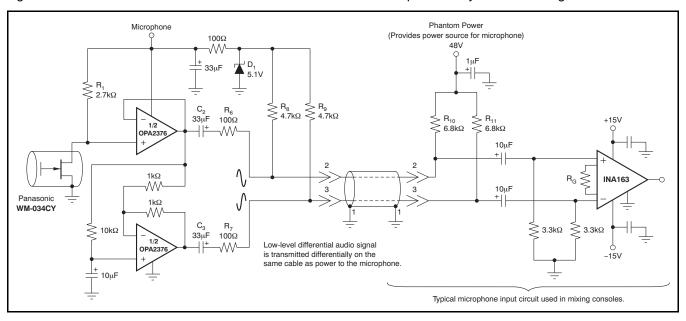
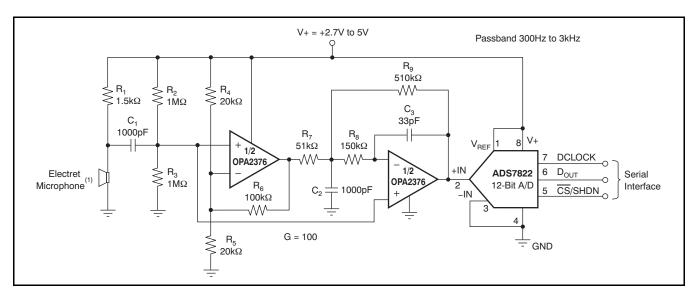


Figure 30. Phantom-Powered Electret Microphone



NOTE: (1) Electret microphone powered by R₁.

Figure 31. OPA2376 as a Speech Bandpass Filtered Data Acquisition System



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PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status ⁽¹⁾	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	e Eco Plan ⁽²⁾	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp ⁽³⁾
OPA2376AID	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
OPA2376AIDG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
OPA2376AIDGKR	ACTIVE	MSOP	DGK	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
OPA2376AIDGKRG4	ACTIVE	MSOP	DGK	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
OPA2376AIDGKT	ACTIVE	MSOP	DGK	8	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
OPA2376AIDGKTG4	ACTIVE	MSOP	DGK	8	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
OPA2376AIDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
OPA2376AIDRG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
OPA2376AIYZDR	ACTIVE	DSBGA	YZD	8	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
OPA2376AIYZDT	ACTIVE	DSBGA	YZD	8	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
OPA376AID	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
OPA376AIDBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
OPA376AIDBVRG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
OPA376AIDBVT	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
OPA376AIDBVTG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
OPA376AIDCKR	ACTIVE	SC70	DCK	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
OPA376AIDCKRG4	ACTIVE	SC70	DCK	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
OPA376AIDCKT	ACTIVE	SC70	DCK	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
OPA376AIDCKTG4	ACTIVE	SC70	DCK	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
OPA376AIDG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
OPA376AIDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
OPA376AIDRG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
OPA4376AIPW	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	14	90	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
OPA4376AIPWG4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	14	90	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
OPA4376AIPWR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR



PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

www.ti.com 16-Apr-2009

Orderable Device	Status ⁽¹⁾	Package Type	Package Drawing		ckage Qty	Eco Plan ⁽²⁾	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp ⁽³⁾
OPA4376AIPWRG4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	14 2	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

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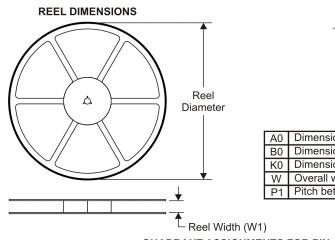
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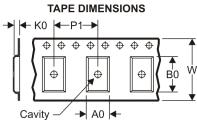




com 30-Jan-2009

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
B0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
OPA2376AIDGKR	MSOP	DGK	8	2500	330.0	12.4	5.3	3.4	1.4	8.0	12.0	Q1
OPA2376AIDGKT	MSOP	DGK	8	250	180.0	12.4	5.3	3.4	1.4	8.0	12.0	Q1
OPA2376AIDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	330.0	12.4	6.4	5.2	2.1	8.0	12.0	Q1
OPA2376AIYZDR	DSBGA	YZD	8	3000	180.0	8.4	1.24	2.29	0.81	4.0	8.0	Q1
OPA2376AIYZDT	DSBGA	YZD	8	250	180.0	8.4	1.24	2.29	0.81	4.0	8.0	Q1
OPA376AIDBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	179.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
OPA376AIDBVT	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	179.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
OPA376AIDCKR	SC70	DCK	5	3000	179.0	8.4	2.2	2.5	1.2	4.0	8.0	Q3
OPA376AIDCKT	SC70	DCK	5	250	179.0	8.4	2.2	2.5	1.2	4.0	8.0	Q3
OPA376AIDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	330.0	12.4	6.4	5.2	2.1	8.0	12.0	Q1
OPA4376AIPWR	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	330.0	12.4	7.0	5.6	1.6	8.0	12.0	Q1





*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
OPA2376AIDGKR	MSOP	DGK	8	2500	346.0	346.0	29.0
OPA2376AIDGKT	MSOP	DGK	8	250	190.5	212.7	31.8
OPA2376AIDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	346.0	346.0	29.0
OPA2376AIYZDR	DSBGA	YZD	8	3000	220.0	220.0	34.0
OPA2376AIYZDT	DSBGA	YZD	8	250	220.0	220.0	34.0
OPA376AIDBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	195.0	200.0	45.0
OPA376AIDBVT	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	195.0	200.0	45.0
OPA376AIDCKR	SC70	DCK	5	3000	195.0	200.0	45.0
OPA376AIDCKT	SC70	DCK	5	250	195.0	200.0	45.0
OPA376AIDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	346.0	346.0	29.0
OPA4376AIPWR	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	346.0	346.0	29.0

DBV (R-PDSO-G5)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion. Mold flash and protrusion shall not exceed 0.15 per side.
 - D. Falls within JEDEC MO-178 Variation AA.



DCK (R-PDSO-G5)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion. Mold flash and protrusion shall not exceed 0.15 per side.
- D. Falls within JEDEC MO-203 variation AA.



PW (R-PDSO-G**)

14 PINS SHOWN

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion not to exceed 0,15.

D. Falls within JEDEC MO-153

DGK (S-PDSO-G8)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



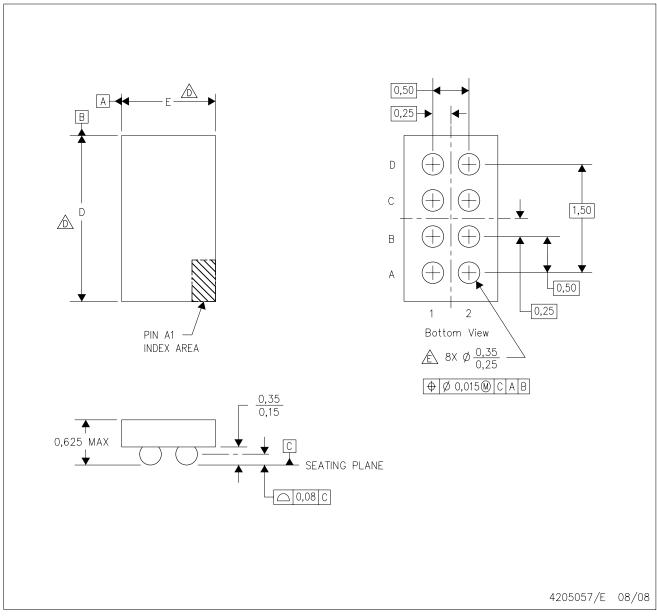
NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.15 per end.
- Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.50 per side.
- E. Falls within JEDEC MO-187 variation AA, except interlead flash.



YZD (R-XBGA-N8)

DIE-SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



NOTES:

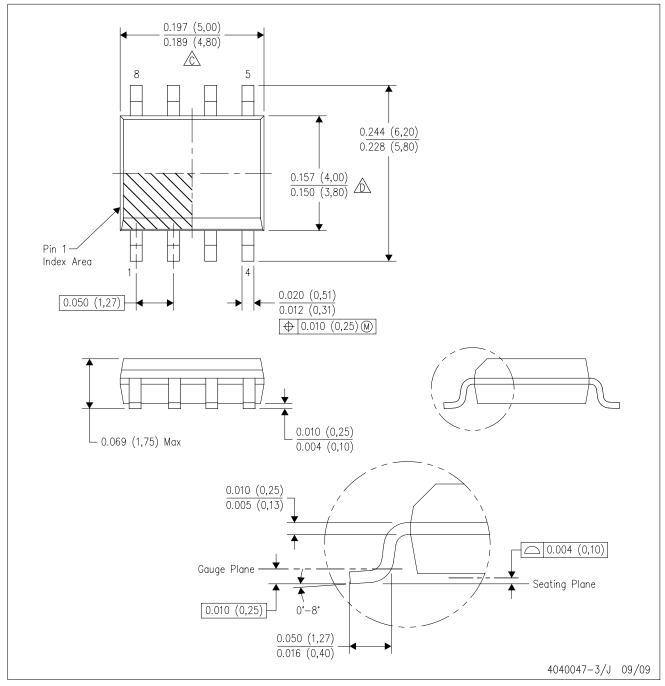
- All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. NanoFree™ package configuration.
- Devices in YZD package can have dimension D ranging from 1.94 to 2.65 mm and dimension E ranging from 0.94 to 1.65 mm. To determine the exact package size of a particular device, refer to the device datasheet or contact a local TI representative.
- E. Reference Product Data Sheet for array population. 4 x 2 matrix pattern is shown for illustration only.
- F. This package contains lead-free balls.
- Refer to YED (Drawing #4204180) for tin-lead (SnPb) balls.

NanoFree is a trademark of Texas Instruments.



D (R-PDSO-G8)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed .006 (0,15) per end.
- Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed .017 (0,43) per side.
- E. Reference JEDEC MS-012 variation AA.



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