APDS-9960 RGB and Gesture Sensor

Introduction

Touchless gestures are the new frontier in the world of human-machine interfaces. By swiping your hand over a sensor, you can control a computer, microcontroller, robot, etc. One manufacturer has even created a touchless toiletthat flushes when you move your hand over the tank. The Avago APDS-9960 offers ambient light and color (as clear, red, green, and blue) measuring, proximity detection, and gesture sensing.



The APDS-9960 RGB and Gesture Sensor board breaks out the pins on the Avago APDS-9960 so you can easily use it in a variety of projects. The APDS-9960 uses the I²C interface for communications.

Covered In This Tutorial

In this tutorial, we will give an overview of the APDS-9960 sensor board and provide an example hookup and code. The tutorial is split into the following sections:

- Board Overview To begin, we'll go over each of the pins on the breakout board and their function. This section also overviews the jumpers on the front of the board.
- Hardware Hookup In this section, we'll show you how to hook the APDS-9960 up to an Arduino to detect gestures via I²C.
- Arduino Library Installation Here, we download and install the APDS-9960 Arduino library.
- Gesture Sensing Example We try out the sensor with the the GestureTest example.
- Resources and Going Further You made a simple gesture sensor, but where do you go
 from there? This section gives you some additional resources for getting more use out of the
 APDS-9960.

Recommended Reading

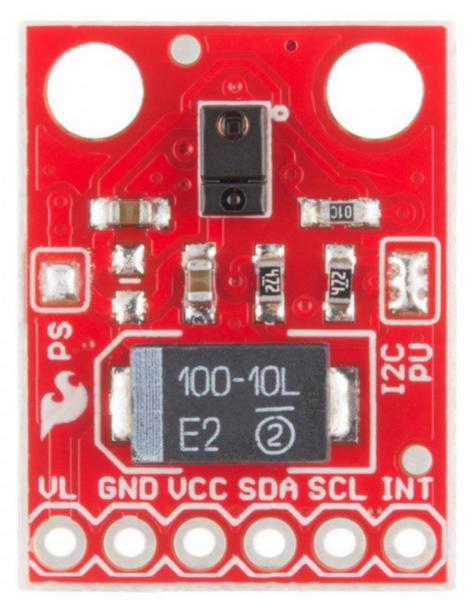
Before getting started with the APDS-9960, there are a few concepts that you should be familiar with. Consider reading some of these tutorials before continuing:

- What is an Arduino? We will use an Arduino to control the APDS-9960
- I²C I²C is the communication protocol used by the APDS-9960
- Serial Communication We use serial communications (with the FTDI breakout board) to program the Arduino and provide information to our computer from the Arduino
- How to Use a Breadboard The breadboard ties the Arduino to the APDS-9960 breakout board

Board Overview

Pin Descriptions

The APDS-9960 breakout board provides 6 pins to provide power to the sensor and I²C bus.



Pin Label	Description
VL	Optional power to the IR LED if PS jumper is disconnected. Must be 3.0 - 4.5V
GND	Connect to ground.
VCC	Used to power the APDS-9960 sensor. Must be 2.4 - 3.6V
SDA	I ² C data
SCL	I ² C clock
INT	External interrupt pin. Active LOW on interrupt event

Setting the Jumpers

On the front of the breakout board are 2 solder jumpers:

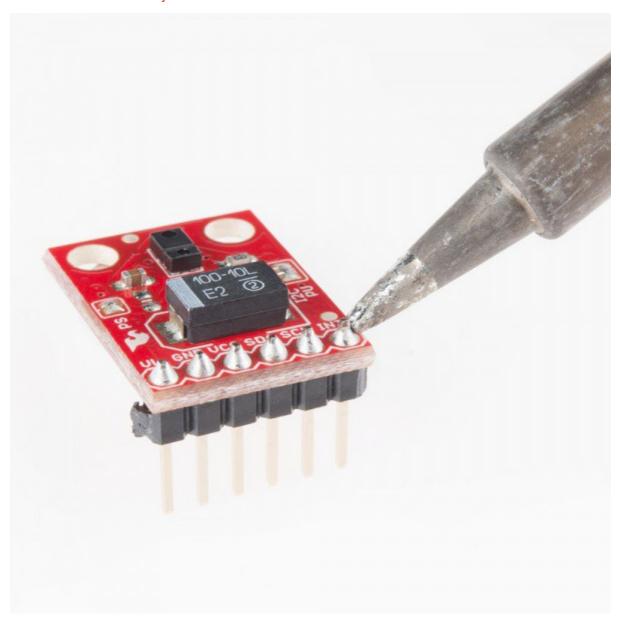
• **PS** – This jumper connects the power supplies of the sensor and IR LED (also located on the APDS-9960) together. When the jumper is closed (i.e. connected), you only need to supply

- power to the VCC pin to power both the sensor and the IR LED. If the jumper is open, you need to provide power to both the VCC (2.4 3.6V) and VL (3.0 4.5V) pins separately. This jumper is **closed** by default.
- I2C PU This is a 3-way solder jumper that is used to connect and disconnect the I²C pullup resistors. By default, this jumper is **closed**, which means that both SDA and SCL lines have connected pullup resistors on the breakout board. Use some solder wick to open the jumper if you do not need the pullup resistors (e.g. you have pullup resistors that are located on the I²C bus somewhere else).

Hardware Hookup

Add Headers

Solder a row of break away male headers to the 6 headers holes on the board.

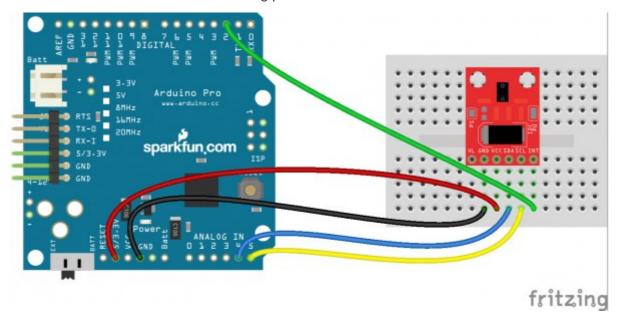


Connect the Breakout Board

We will be using the Arduino Pro's regulated 3.3V power and I²C bus with the APDS-9960. Note that we are leaving VL on the breakout board unconnected.

IMPORTANT: You must use 3.3V! If you try to use a 5V power supply or 5V I²C communications, you risk damaging the APDS-9960. If you are using a 5V Arduino (e.g. UNO), then you need to have some kind of level shifting.

Connect the breakout board to the following pins on the Arduino:



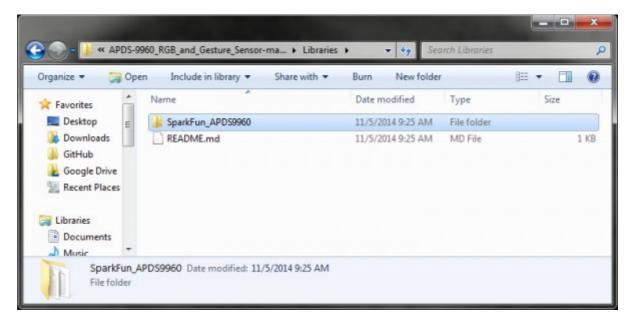
APDS-9960 Breakout Board	Arduino Pro 3.3V
GND	GND
VCC	VCC
SDA	A4
SCL	A5
INT	2

Arduino Library Installation

To use the APDS-9960, you will need some supporting software. If you are using an Arduino, then you are in luck! We created an Arduino library that makes the APDS-9960 easy to use. Click the button below to download the latest version of the APDS-9960 breakout board project, which includes the Arduino library.

DOWNLOAD THE ARDUINO LIBRARY!

Unzip the downloaded file and navigate to <your download directory>\APDS-9960_RGB_and_Gesture_Sensor-master\APDS-9960_RGB_and_Gesture_Sensor-master\Libraries.

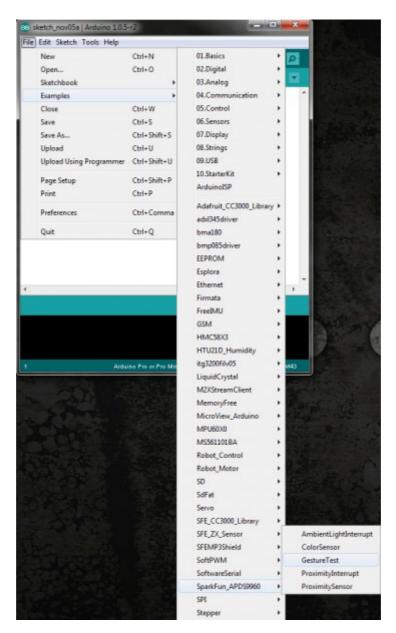


Follow this guide on installing Arduino libraries to install the files within the SparkFun_APDS9960 directory as an Arduino library.

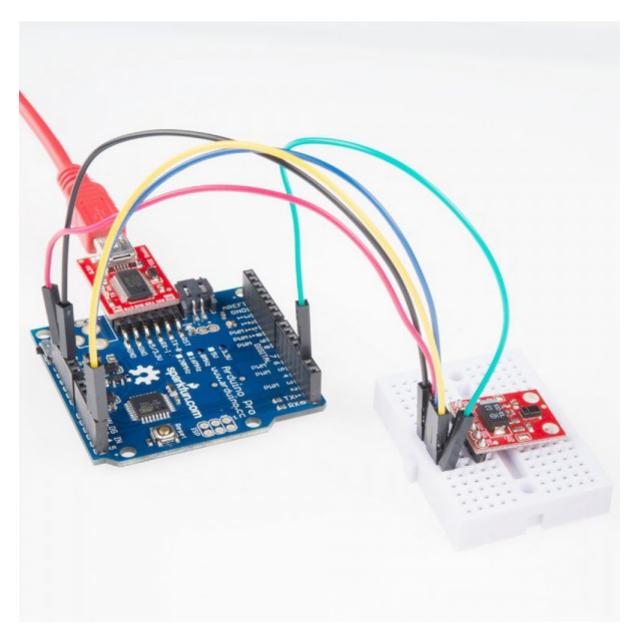
Gesture Sensing Example

Load the GestureTest Example

Open up the Arduino program and select File \rightarrow Examples \rightarrow SparkFun_APDS9960 \rightarrow GestureTest.



Plug in your FTDI Breakout (3.3V) to the Arduino Pro (3.3V). Attach a USB mini cable from your computer to the FTDI Breakout. If you have not previously done so, install the FTDI drivers.



For reference, here is the GestureTest.ino sketch.

COPY CODE

/******* GestureTest.ino APDS-9960 RGB and Gesture Sensor Shawn Hymel @ SparkFun Electronics May 30, 2014 https://github.com/sparkfun/APDS-9960 RGB and Gesture Sensor Tests the gesture sensing abilities of the APDS-9960. Configures APDS-9960 over I2C and waits for gesture events. Calculates the direction of the swipe (up, down, left, right) and displays it on a serial console. To perform a NEAR gesture, hold your hand far above the sensor and move it close to the sensor (within 2 inches). Hold your hand there for at least 1 second and move it away. To perform a FAR gesture, hold your hand within 2 inches of the sensor for at least 1 second and then move it above (out of range) of the sensor. Hardware Connections: IMPORTANT: The APDS-9960 can only accept 3.3V! Arduino Pin APDS-9960 Board Function 3.3V VCC SDA Power GND GND Ground A4 I2C Data I2C Clock 2 SCL INT Interrupt Resources: Include Wire.h and SparkFun_APDS-9960.h Development environment

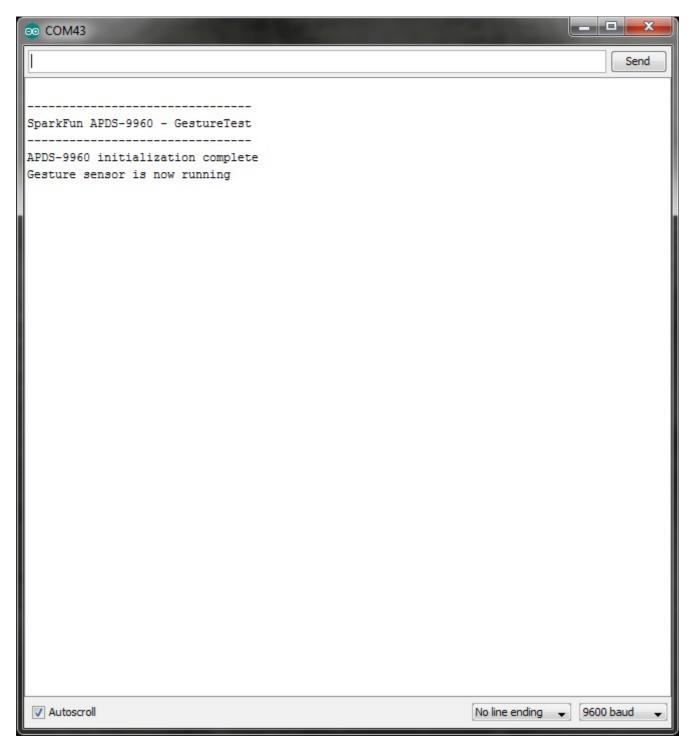
```
specifics: Written in Arduino 1.0.5 Tested with SparkFun Arduino Pro Mini 3.3V This
code is beerware; if you see me (or any other SparkFun employee) at the local, and
you've found our code helpful, please buy us a round! Distributed as-is; no warranty
#include <Wire.h>
#include <SparkFun_APDS9960.h>
// Pins
#define APDS9960 INT 2 // Needs to be an interrupt pin
// Constants
// Global Variables SparkFun_APDS9960 apds = SparkFun_APDS9960();
int isr_flag = 0;
void setup() {
// Initialize Serial port Serial.begin(9600); Serial.println();
Serial.println(F("-----")); Serial.println(F("SparkFun
// Initialize interrupt service routine
 attachInterrupt(0, interruptRoutine, FALLING); // Initialize APDS-9960
(configure I2C and initial values)
 } else { Serial.println(F("Something went wrong during APDS-9960 init!"));
 }
 // Start running the APDS-9960 gesture sensor engine
 if ( apds.enableGestureSensor(true) ) { Serial.println(F("Gesture sensor is now
running"));
 } else { Serial.println(F("Something went wrong during gesture sensor init!"));
 }
void loop() {
 if( isr_flag == 1 ) {
   detachInterrupt(0);
   handleGesture(); isr_flag = 0;
   attachInterrupt(0, interruptRoutine, FALLING); } void interruptRoutine() {
isr_flag = 1;
}
void handleGesture() {
   if ( apds.isGestureAvailable() ) {
   switch ( apds.readGesture() ) {
                 Serial.println("UP");
    case DIR UP:
      break;
    case DIR_DOWN: Serial.println("DOWN");
```

```
break;
     case DIR_LEFT:
                             Serial.println("LEFT");
        break;
     case DIR_RIGHT:
                            Serial.println("RIGHT");
        break;
     case DIR_NEAR:
                             Serial.println("NEAR");
        break;
      case DIR_FAR:
                            Serial.println("FAR");
                                      Serial.println("NONE");
        break;
                     default:
    }
 }
}
```

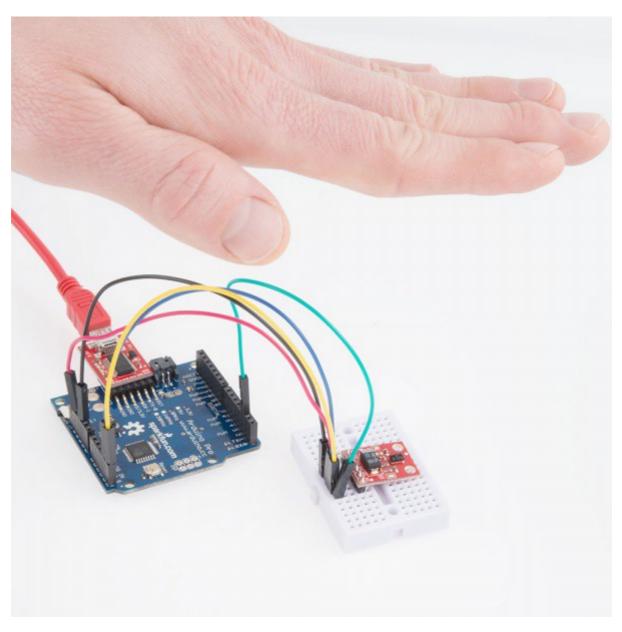
Run

Make sure you have the correct serial port selected under Tools \rightarrow Serial Port and "Arduino Pro or Pro Mini (3.3V, 8MHz) w/ ATmega328" selected under Tools \rightarrow Board. If you have never used the Arduino IDE before, this turoial should get you started.

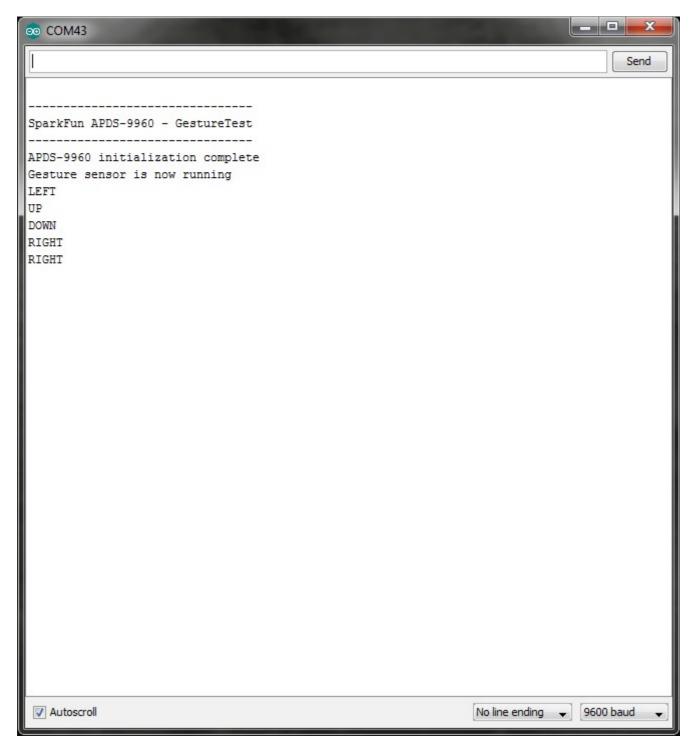
Click the Upload button and wait for the program to finish uploading to the Arduino. Select Tools → Serial Monitor to open up the serial terminal. More info on the Serial Terminal can be found here. You should see a couple of messages noting that "APDS-9960 initialization complete" and "Gesture sensor is now running."



Hover your hand 4 to 8 inches (10 to 20 cm) above the sensor but off to one side (i.e. not directly above the sensor). While maintaining the same height, swipe your hand over the sensor (into and then immediately out of range of the sensor). If you move too fast, the sensor will not recognize the gesture.



Gestures will appear on the serial monitor, which indicate the direction of the swipe.

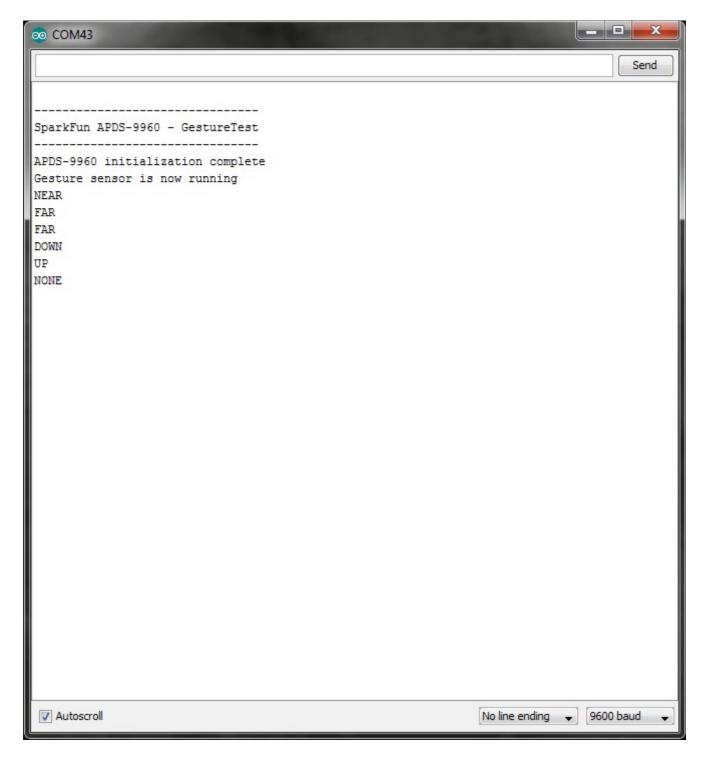


There are also 2 other gestures available: NEAR and FAR.

A NEAR gesture can be achieved by holding your hand far above the sensor (greater than 10 inches (25 cm)), bringing it close to the sensor (about 2 inches (5 cm) directly above the sensor), holding it there for at least 1 second, and then removing your hand.

A FAR gesture can be achieved by holding your hand directly above and close to the sensor (about 2 inches (5 cm)) for at least 1 second and then moving your hand up directly above and out of range of the sensor.

If a gesture was not correctly interpreted, NONE will appear in the serial monitor.



Supported Gestures

Here is a list of the currently supported gestures. Make sure each gesture begins outside of the range of the sensor, moves into the range of the sensor, and ends outside the range of the sensor.

Gesture	Description
UP	A swipe from the bottom of the board to the top and out of range of the sensor. Make sure that your wrist/arm is not in the sensor's range at the end of the swipe!
DOWN	A swipe from the top of the board to the bottom and out of range of the sensor.
LEFT	A swipe from the right side of the board to the left and out of range of the sensor.

RIGHT	A swipe from the left side of the board to the right and out of range of the sensor.
NEAR	Object (e.g. hand) starts far above the sensor, moves close to the sensor, hovers for at least 1 second, and moves out of range of the sensor.
FAR	Object starts near the sensor, hovers for at least 1 second, and then moves up above and out of range of the sensor.
NONE	The sensor could not correctly guess the gesture being performed.

Resources and Going Further

Now that you have seen the gesture recognition capabilities of the APDS-9960, you can begin to use it in your project! Keep in mind that the APDS-9960 is also capable of sensing object proximity and ambient/color light. Try out the other examples in the SFE_APDS9960 library to see what the sensor can do:

- AmbientLightInterrupt This example shows how you can generate an Arduino interrupt whenever the ambient light falls below a given level. You can also change it to throw an interrupt when the light rises above a certain level.
- **ColorSensor** This demo shows how to read ambient, red, green, and blue light values from the APDS-9960.
- **GestureTest** We used this example in this hookup guide. It shows how to read basic gestures with the APDS-9960.
- **ProximityInterrupt** The APDS-9960 can be used to detect when objects move within range of its sensor. This example shows how to throw an interrupt whenever an object moves within a certain range of the sensor. You can also change the limits to generate an interrupt whenever an object moves outside of a certain range.
- **ProximitySensor** You do not need to use interrupts with the proximity sensor. In this demo, we show you how to poll the sensor for proximity data at regular intervals. Try running this example and moving your hand close to the sensor.

Resources

Here are some additional resources to help you with the APDS-9960:

- APDS-9960 Datasheet
- APDS-9960 Breakout Board Schematic
- APDS-9960 RGB and Gesture Sensor GitHub Repository