



# R&D SPECIFICATION

## LIQUID CRYSTAL DISPLAY MODULE

Model No. UMSH-7306MD-CS

CUSTOMER: U.R.T. R&D Standard Module

*TENTATIVE*

APPROVED SIGNATURE			
VERSION No: 1.3			

APPROVED BY: \_\_\_\_\_ DATE: \_\_\_\_\_

**United Radiant Technology Corporation**  
**R&D Department**

# CONTENTS:

<b>ITEM No</b>	<b>ITEM</b>	<b>Page</b>
<b>1</b>	<b>Basic Specification</b>	
	1.1 Mechanical Specification	2
	1.2 Display Specification	3
	1.3 Outline Dimension	4
	1.4 Block Diagram	5
	1.5 Example of Power Supply	5
	1.6 Interface Pin Assignment	6
	1.7 Display Data RAM	8
<b>2</b>	<b>Electrical Characteristics</b>	
	2.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings	9
	2.2 DC Characteristics	10
	2.3 AC Characteristics	11
	2.4 Parallel Interface Internal Signals	12
	2.5 Commands	13
<b>3</b>	<b>Electrical-Optical Characteristics</b>	14
<b>4</b>	<b>Reliability</b>	16
<b>5</b>	<b>Handing Precaution</b>	17

# 1. BASIC Specification

This data sheet defines the specification for a 240x160 dots Color STN delta type Liquid Crystal Display Module with LED backlight. Display size is 35 mm (1.4").

## 1.1 Mechanical Specifications:

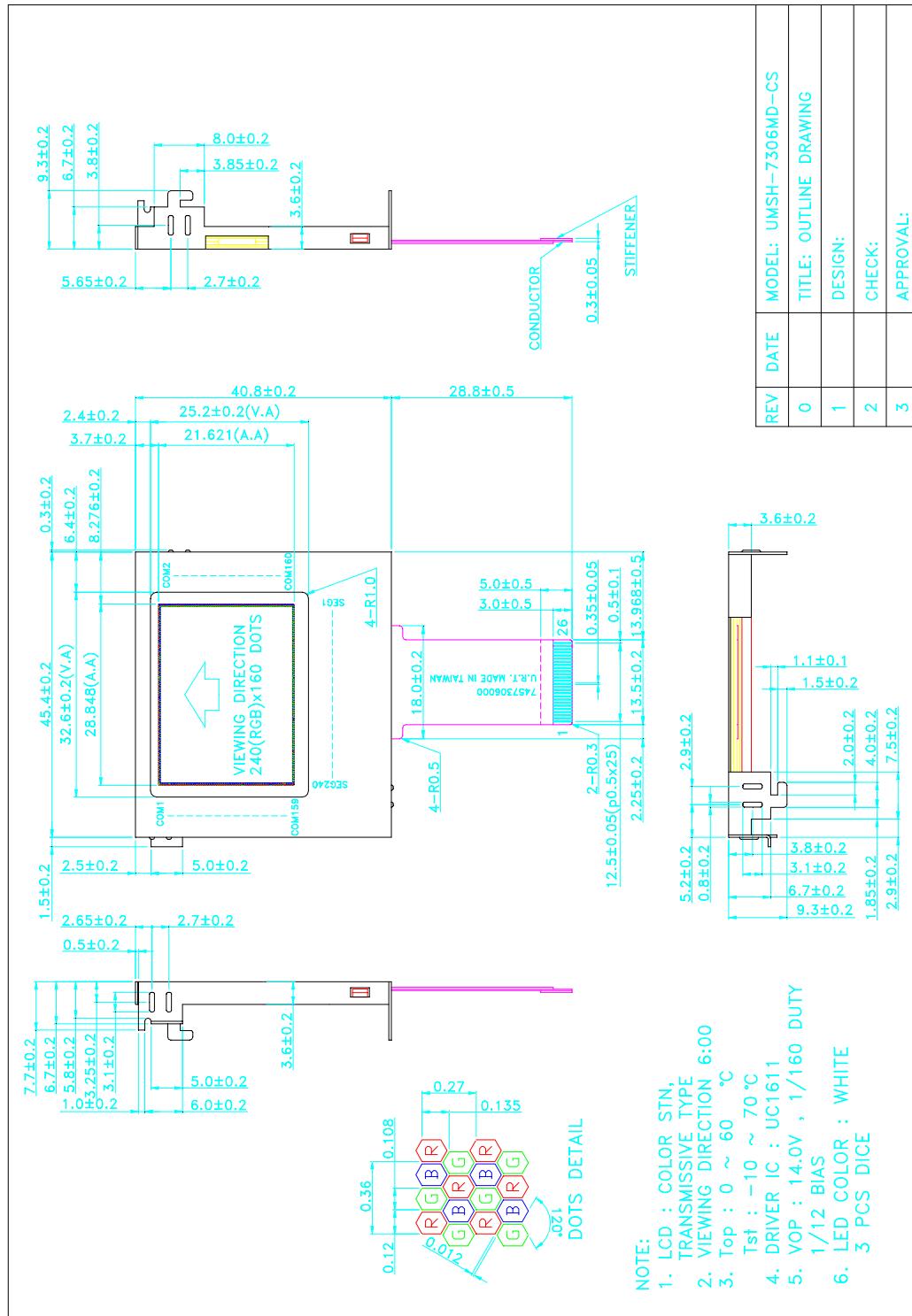
Items	Nominal Dimension	Unit
Dot Matrix	240x160	-
Module Size (W x H x T)	47.2x40.8x9.3	mm.
Display size	35	mm
	1.4	inch
Viewing Area (W x H)	32.6x25.2	mm.
Active Area (W x H)	28.848x21.621	mm.
Dot Size (W x H)	0.108x0.123	mm.
Dot Pitch (W x H)	0.12x0.135	mm.
Driving Method	1/160	Duty
	-	Bias
Driving IC Assembly	COG	-
Weight	TBD	g

\*\* To expose the driver IC under blaze (luminosity over than 1 cd) when using LCM may cause IC operation failure

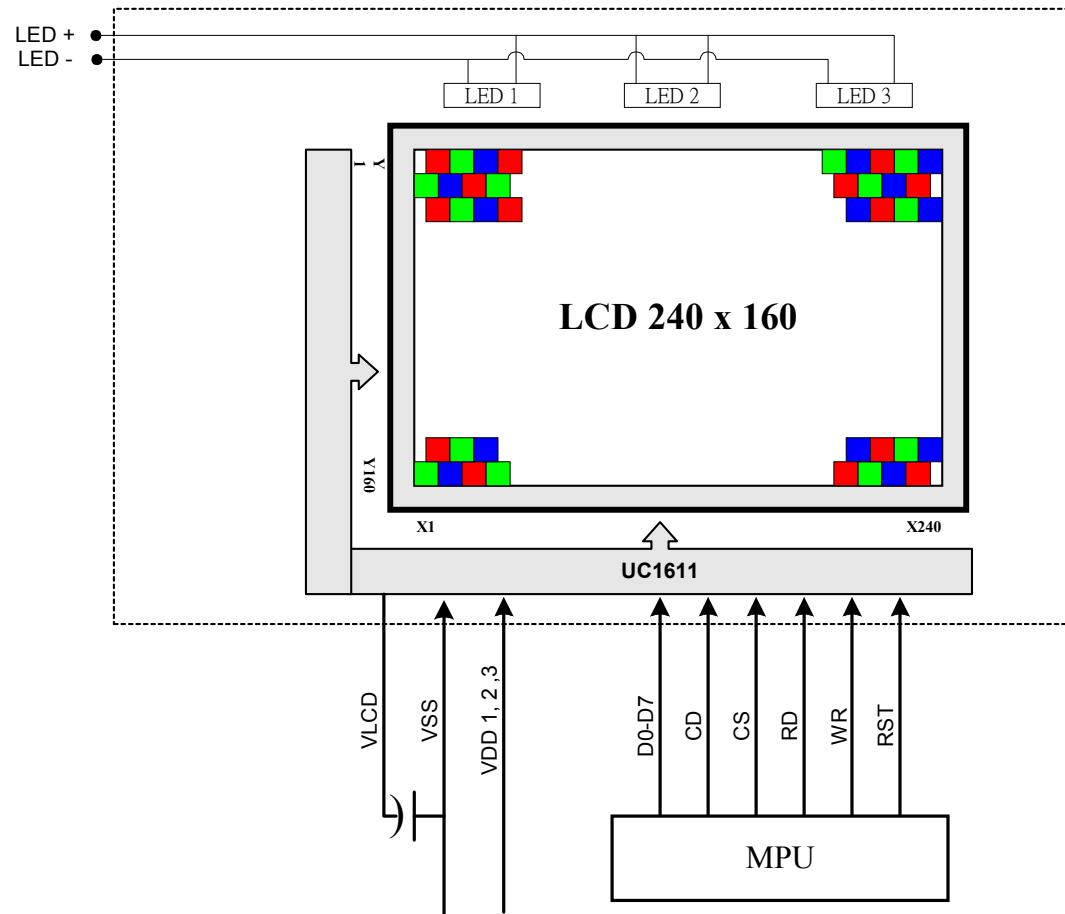
## 1.2 Display Specification:

Items	Description	Note
LCD Type	Color STN	
LCD Mode	Negative	
Display Type	Transmissive	
Polarizer UV - Cutting	With	
Operation Temperature	0 – 60 °C	
Storage Temperature	-10 – 70°C	
Polarizer Surface	Anti-glare treatment	
Dot Display Color	Red, Green and Blue	
Background Color	Black	
Backlight Type	LEDx3	
Backlight Color	White	
Viewing Direction	6 o'clock	

## 1.3 Outline Dimension



## 1.4 Block Diagram



## 1.5 Example of Power Supply

Recommended Circuit for Contrast Adjustment

## 1.6 Interface Pin Assignment

### ■ LCD

PIN No.	SYMBOL	Description	Level									
1	VSS	GND	-									
2	D7		-									
3	D6		-									
4	D5		-									
5	D4		-									
6	D3											
7	D2											
8	D1											
9	D0											
10	RST	RESET PIN. When RST = “L”, all control registers are re-initialized by their default states and/or by their pin configuration if applicable. When RST is not used, connect the pin to VDD1.	-									
11	CS0	Chip select. The chip is selected when CS0=“H” and CS1 = “L”.	-									
12	CS1											
13	CD	Select Control data or Display data for read/write operation. “L” = control data; “H”= Display data	H -> L									
14	WR0	WR0 and WR1 control the read/write operation of the host interface.	H -> L									
15	WR1	<table border="1" data-bbox="531 1549 1102 1695"> <tr> <th>Bus Type</th> <th>WR0</th> <th>WR1</th> </tr> <tr> <td>8080</td> <td><math>\overline{WR}</math></td> <td><math>\overline{RD}</math></td> </tr> <tr> <td>6800</td> <td>R/W</td> <td>E</td> </tr> </table>	Bus Type	WR0	WR1	8080	$\overline{WR}$	$\overline{RD}$	6800	R/W	E	
Bus Type	WR0	WR1										
8080	$\overline{WR}$	$\overline{RD}$										
6800	R/W	E										
16	BT	Bus Type select. “L” = 8080 ; “H” = 6800	H -> L									
17	VDD	Power supplies for digital logic, VLCD and VD generator.	V									
18	VLCD	VLCD input/output pin.	V									

19	VA0-	LCD Bias Voltage. These voltages are always generated internally. Connect capacitors between VAX+/VAX- and VBX+/VBX-.	
20	VA1-		
21	VA1+		
22	VA0+		
23	VB0-		
24	VB1-		
25	VB1+		
26	VB0+		

## ■ LED

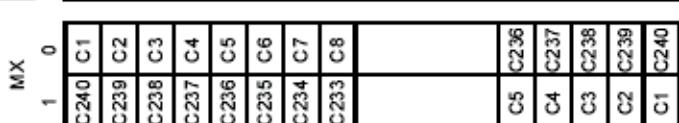
PIN No.	SYMBOL	Description	Level
1	LED+	Power Supply for LED	
2	LED -	Power Supply for LED	

## 1.7 Display Data RAM

MSF 0	MSF 1	Line Address
D3/0	D7/4	00H
D7/4	D3/0	01H
D3/0	D7/4	02H
D7/4	D3/0	03H
D3/0	D7/4	04H
D7/4	D3/0	05H
D3/0	D7/4	06H
D7/4	D3/0	07H
D3/0	D7/4	08H
D7/4	D3/0	09H
D3/0	D7/4	0AH
D7/4	D3/0	0BH
D3/0	D7/4	0CH
D7/4	D3/0	0DH
D3/0	D7/4	0EH
D7/4	D3/0	0FH
D3/0	D7/4	10H
D7/4	D3/0	11H
D3/0	D7/4	12H
D7/4	D3/0	13H
D3/0	D7/4	14H
D7/4	D3/0	15H
D3/0	D7/4	16H
D7/4	D3/0	17H
D3/0	D7/4	18H
D7/4	D3/0	19H
D3/0	D7/4	1AH
D7/4	D3/0	1BH
D3/0	D7/4	1CH
D7/4	D3/0	1DH
D3/0	D7/4	1EH
D7/4	D3/0	1FH
D3/0	D7/4	3CH
D7/4	D3/0	3DH
D3/0	D7/4	3EH
D7/4	D3/0	3FH
D3/0	D7/4	40H
D7/4	D3/0	41H
D3/0	D7/4	42H
D7/4	D3/0	43H
D3/0	D7/4	44H
D7/4	D3/0	45H
D3/0	D7/4	46H
D7/4	D3/0	47H
D3/0	D7/4	48H
D7/4	D3/0	49H
D3/0	D7/4	4AH
D7/4	D3/0	4BH
D3/0	D7/4	4CH
D7/4	D3/0	4DH
D3/0	D7/4	4EH
D7/4	D3/0	4FH

RAM															
Page 0								Page 1							
Page 2								Page 3							
Page 4								Page 5							
Page 6								Page 7							
Page 8								Page 9							
Page 10								Page 11							
Page 12								Page 13							
Page 14								Page 15							
Page 16								Page 17							
Page 18								Page 19							
Page 20								Page 21							
Page 22								Page 23							
Page 24								Page 25							
Page 26								Page 27							
Page 28								Page 29							
Page 30								Page 31							
Page 32								Page 33							
Page 34								Page 35							
Page 36								Page 37							
Page 38								Page 39							
Page 40								Page 41							
Page 42								Page 43							
Page 44								Page 45							
Page 46								Page 47							
Page 48								Page 49							
Page 50								Page 51							
Page 52								Page 53							
Page 54								Page 55							
Page 56								Page 57							
Page 58								Page 59							
Page 60								Page 61							
Page 62								Page 63							
Page 64								Page 65							
Page 66								Page 67							
Page 68								Page 69							
Page 70								Page 71							
Page 72								Page 73							
Page 74								Page 75							
Page 76								Page 77							
Page 78								Page 79							

MY=0 SL=0	MY=0 SL=16	MY=1 SL=0	MY=1 SL=16
R1	R145	R160	R96
R2	R146	R159	R95
R3	R147	R158	R14
R4	R148	R157	R13
R5	R149	R156	R12
R6	R150	R155	R11
R7	R151	R154	R10
R8	R152	R153	R9
R9	R153	R152	R8
R10	R154	R151	R7
R11	R155	R150	R6
R12	R156	R149	R5
R13	R157	R148	R4
R14	R158	R147	R3
R15	R159	R146	R2
R16	R160	R145	R1
R17	R1		R96
R18	R2		R95
R19	R3		R94
R20	R4		R93
R21	R5		R92
R22	R6		R91
R23	R7		R90
R24	R8		R89
R25	R9		R88
R26	R10		R87
R27	R11		R86
R28	R12		R85
R29	R13		R84
R30	R14		R83
R31	R15		R82
R32	R16		R81
R141		R20	---
R142		R19	---
R143		R18	---
R144		R17	---
R145		R16	---
R146		R15	---
R147		R14	---
R148		R13	---
R149		R12	---
R150		R11	---
R151		R10	---
R152		R9	---
R153		R8	---
R154		R7	---
R155		R6	---
R156		R5	---
R157	R141	R4	R20
R158	R142	R3	R19
R159	R143	R2	R18
R160	R144	R1	R17
		160	96
		96	160
		96	96
		MUX	



## 2 Electrical Characteristics

### 2.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

( $V_{SS} = 0$  V, at 25°C)

Items	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit
Supply voltage for logics	$V_{DD}-V_{SS}$	-0.3	+4.0	V
Supply voltage for driving LCD	$V_{LCD}-V_{SS}$	-0.3	+18.0	V
Input voltage	$V_{IN}$	-0.3	$V_{DD}+0.3$	V
Operation temperature range	$T_{OP}$	0	60	°C
Storage temperature range	$T_{ST}$	-10	70	°C

## 2.2 DC Characteristics

( $V_{DD}=3V \pm 10\%$ ,  $V_{SS}=0V$ , at  $25^\circ C$ )

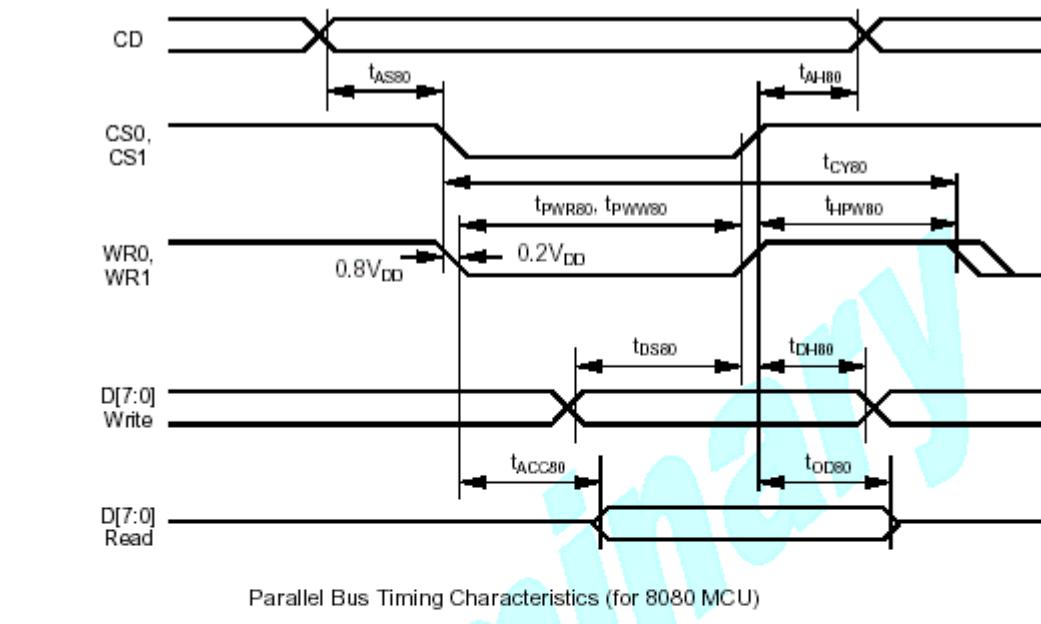
Items	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Supply voltage (Logic)	$V_{DD}-V_{SS}$		2.4	3.0	3.3	V
Supply voltage (LCD)	$V_{LCD}-V_{SS}$	0 °C		-		V
		25 °C		14.0	16.5	V
		40 °C		-		V
Input level voltage	$V_{in}$	High, $V_{IH}$	$0.7V_{DD}$		$V_{DD}$	V
		Low, $V_{IL}$	0		$0.3V_{DD}$	V
Output level voltage	$V_{out}$	High, $V_{OH}$	$V_{DD}-0.4$			V
		Low, $V_{OL}$			0.4	V
Power supply current	$I_{DD}$	*Note1		-		mA
Power supply for LED	$V_{LED+}-V_{LED-}$			4.2	5.0	V
LCD power supply current	$I_{DD}$			-		mA
Power consumption	$P_{disp}$			-		mW

\*Note1:

Measuring Condition:

- Temp. =  $25^\circ C$
- $V_{DD}-V_{SS}$  = 3.0 V
- $V_{LCD}-V_{SS}$  = Typical  $V_{LCD}$  at  $25^\circ C$
- $f_{FR}$  = 200 Hz
- Duty = 1/160 Duty
- Display Pattern = Checkered pattern

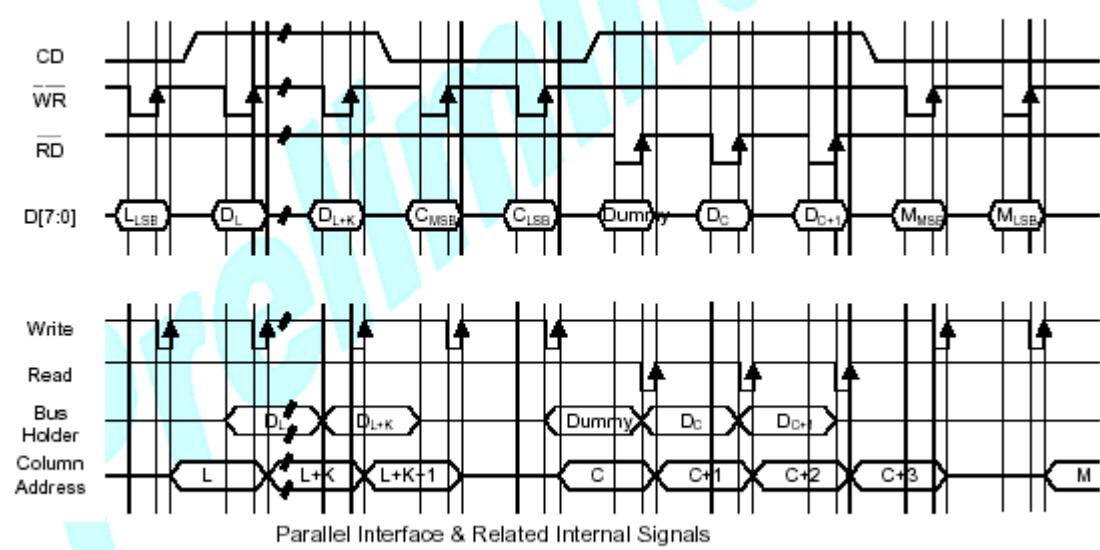
## 2.3 AC Characteristics



( $V_{DD}=2.4V$  to  $3.0V$ ,  $T_a = -30$  to  $+85^\circ C$ )

Symbol	Signal	Description	Condition	Min.	Max.	Units
$t_{AS80}$	CD	Address setup time		20	—	ns
$t_{AH80}$		Address hold time		40	—	ns
$t_{CY80}$		System cycle time		100	—	ns
$t_{PWR80}$	WR1	Pulse width (read)		45	—	ns
$t_{PWW80}$	WR0	Pulse width (write)		45	—	ns
$t_{HPW80}$	WR0, WR1	High pulse width		40	—	ns
$t_{DS80}$	D0~D7	Data setup time		30	—	ns
$t_{DH80}$		Data hold time		10	—	ns
$t_{ACC80}$		Read access time	$C_L = 100\text{pF}$	—	50	ns
$t_{OD80}$		Output disable time		10	50	ns

## 2.4 Parallel interface and Related internal Signals



## 2.5 Commands

C/D: 0: Control,  
W/R: 0: Write Cycle, 1: Data  
1: Read Cycle

# Useful Data bits  
– Don't Care

Command	C/D	W/R	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Action
Write Data Byte	1	0	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	Write 1 byte @ PA/CA
Read Data Byte	1	1	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	Read 1 byte @ PA/CA
Get Status	0	1	BZ	MX	DE	RS	WA	GN1	GN0	1	Get Status Summary
Set Column Address LSB	0	0	0	0	0	0	#	#	#	#	Set CA[3:0]=D[3:0]
Set Column Address MSB	0	0	0	0	0	1	#	#	#	#	Set CA[7:4] =D[3:0]
Set Mux rate.	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	#	#	Set MR[1:0]=D[1:0]
Set Temp. Compensation.	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	#	#	Set TC[1:0]=D[1:0]
Set Panel Loading	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	#	#	Set PC[1:0]=D[1:0]
Set Pump Control	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	#	#	Set PC[3:2]=D[1:0]
Set Adv. Program Control (double byte command)	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	R	Set APC[R][7:0]=D[7:0], where R = 0, or 1
Set Max CA (double byte command)	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	
Set Start Line LSB	0	0	0	1	0	0	#	#	#	#	Set SL[3:0]=D[3:0]
Set Start Line MSB	0	0	0	1	0	1	#	#	#	#	Set SL[7:4]=D[3:0]
Set Page Address LSB	0	0	0	1	1	0	#	#	#	#	Set PA[3:0]=D[3:0]
Set Page Address MSB	0	0	0	1	1	1	#	#	#	#	Set PA[7:4]=D[3:0]
Set V <sub>REF</sub> potential meter (double-byte command)	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	Set PM[5:0]=D[5:0]
	0	0	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	Set GN[1:0]=D[7:6]
Set RAM Address Control	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	#	#	#	Set AC[2:0]=D[2:0]
Set Fixed Lines	0	0	1	0	0	1	#	#	#	#	Set FL[3:0]=D[3:0]
Set Frame Rate	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	#	#	Set LC[4:3]=D[1:0]
Set All-Pixel-ON	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	#	Set DC[1]=D0
Set Inverse Display	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	#	Set DC[0]=D0
Set Display Enable	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	#	#	#	Set DC[4:2]=D[2:0]
Set LCD Control	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	#	#	#	Set LC[2:0]=D[2:0]
Set Gray Scale Mode	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	#	#	Set LC[6:5] = D[1:0]
System Reset	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	System Reset sequence
NOP	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	No operation
Set LCD Bias Ratio	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	#	#	Set BR[1:0]= D[1:0]
Reset Cursor Update Mode	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	Set AC[3]=0, CA=CR;
Set Cursor Update Mode	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	Set AC[3]=1, CR=CA;
Set Test Control (double byte command)	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	TT		For testing only. Do not use.
	0	0	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	

\* Other than commands listed above, all other bit patterns result in NOP (No Operation).

Please see the Data sheet of UC-1611 to get more information.

### 3. Optical Characteristic

#### Optical Characteristic

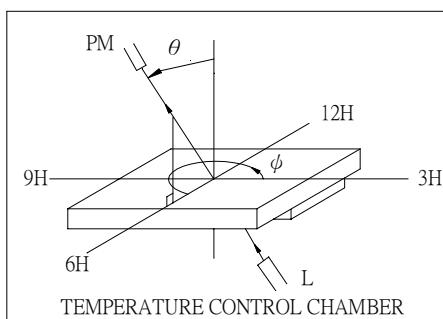
Items		Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Response time	Rise	tr	$\theta = \phi = 0^\circ$		(150)		ms
	Fall	tf	$\theta = \phi = 0^\circ$		(100)		ms
Viewing Angle ( $\theta$ )		$\theta$	$CR \geq 2$	$\phi=0^\circ$		(30)	$^\circ$
		$\phi$		$\theta=0^\circ$		(50)	$^\circ$
Contrast ratio		CR	$\theta = \phi = 0^\circ$		5		-
Chromaticity Coordinates	Red	x	$\theta = \phi = 0^\circ$		(TBD)		-
		y			(TBD)		
	Green	x	$\theta = \phi = 0^\circ$		(TBD)		
		y			(TBD)		
	Blue	x	$\theta = \phi = 0^\circ$		(TBD)		
		y			(TBD)		
	White	x	$\theta = \phi = 0^\circ$		(TBD)		
		y			(TBD)		
	Black	x	$\theta = \phi = 0^\circ$		(TBD)		
		y			(TBD)		

# Definition of Optical Characteristics

Measurement Condition

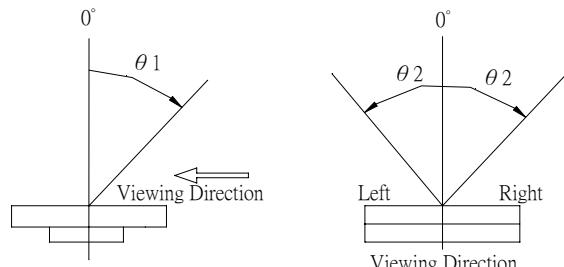
L: LIGHT SOURCE

PM: LIGHT RECEIVING PHOTOMULTIPLIER TUBE

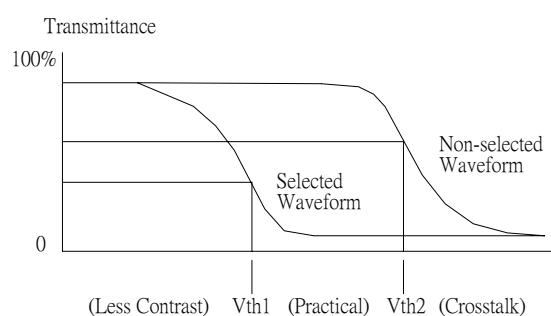


[Note 1] Definition of Viewing Angle

Viewing Direction:  $\phi = 270^\circ$

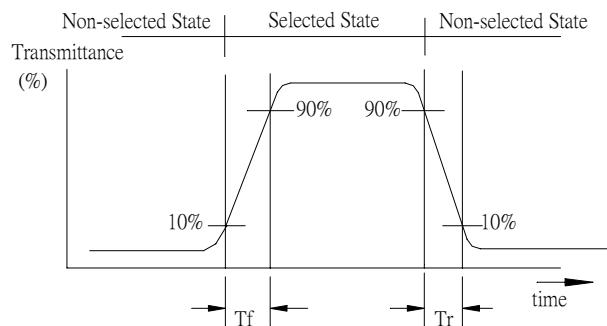


[Note 2] Definition of "Vth"



- (a).  $V_{th1}: \phi = 270^\circ, \theta 1=10^\circ$ , Selected Waveform 50% Transmittance
- (b).  $V_{th1}: \phi = 270^\circ, \theta 1=40^\circ$ , Non-selected Waveform 70% Transmittance

[Note 4] Definition of Response Time



Measurement Condition: Viewing Angle:  $\theta 2=0^\circ, \theta 1=10^\circ$

[Note 3] Definition of Contrast Ratio

$$(a). \text{Contrast Ratio} = \frac{\text{Transmittance under Non-selected Waveform}}{\text{Transmittance under Selected Waveform}}$$

(b). Measurement Condition: Viewing Angle:  $\theta 2=0^\circ, \theta 1=10^\circ$

# 4 Reliability

## Environmental Test

Item No	Items	Content of Test	Test Condition	Applicable Standard
1	High temperature storage	Endurance test applying the high storage temperature for a long time.	80°C 200 Hrs	
2	Low temperature storage	Endurance test applying the low storage temperature for a long time.	-30°C 200Hrs	
3	High temperature operation	Endurance test applying the electric stress (Voltage & Current) and the thermal stress to the element for a long time	70°C 200Hrs (*1)	
4	Low temperature operation	Endurance test applying the electric stress under low temperature for a long time.	-20°C 200Hrs (*1)	
5	High temperature / humidity storage	Endurance test applying the high temperature and high humidity storage for a long time.	40°C 90% RH 200Hrs	
6	Temperature cycle	Endurance test applying the low and high temperature cycles.  $\begin{array}{ccc} -30^{\circ}\text{C} & \longleftrightarrow & 80^{\circ}\text{C} \\ (30\text{min.}) & & (30\text{min.}) \\ \longleftarrow & & \longrightarrow \\ & 1 \text{ Cycle} & \end{array}$	10 Cycles.	
7	Vibration test	10 → 55 → 10 Hz, within 1 minute amplitude 1.5mm .	15 minutes for each direction (X, Y, Z)	
8	Drop test	Packed, 100CM free fall, (6 sides, 1corner, 3edges)		

\*1): Driving condition for operation test:

Power supply voltage for logic system = + 5.0V

Power supply voltage for LCD system = Getting Optimum Contrast at 25°C

# 5 HANDLING INSTRUCTION

## □ PRECAUTION IN USE OF LCD

- Don't contact or scratch the front surface and the contact pads of an LCD panel with hard materials such as metal or glass or with one's nail.
- To clean the surface, wipe it gently with soft cloth dampened alcohol.
- Do not attempt to wiped off the contact pads.
- Keep LCD panels away from direct sunlight, also avoid storing them in a high-temperature & high humidity environment for a long period.
- Do not drive LCD panels by DC voltage.
- Do not expose LCD panels to organic solvent.
- Liquid in LCD is hazardous substance, any contacts with liquid crystal materials, wash it off immediately with soap and water.
- The polarizer is easily damaged and should be handle with special care. Don't press or rub it with hard objects.

## □ PRECAUTION FOR HANDLING LCM

- The LCD module contains a C-MOS LSI. To avoid damage to the LSI from static electricity generated while working, Ground your body, work/assembly areas and assembly equipment to protect the module against STATIC ELECTRICITY.
- Do not input any signal before power is turned on.
- Do not take LCM from it's packaging bag until it is assembled.
- Peel off the LCM protective film slowly since static electricity may be generated.
- Pay attention to the humidity of the workshop, 50~60%RH is satisfactory.
- Use a non-leak iron for soldering LCM.
- Do not touch the display surface or connection terminals area with bare hands. Smudges on the display surface reduce the insulation between terminals.
- Cautions for soldering to LCM:  
Conditions for soldering I/O terminals:  
Temperature at iron tip:  $280^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 10^{\circ}\text{C}$ .  
Soldering time: 3~4 sec./ terminal.  
Type of solder: Eutectic solder (rosin flux filled).

## □ PRECAUTION FOR STORING LCM

- To avoid degradation of the device, do not store the module under the conditions of direct sunlight, high temperature or high humidity. Keep the module in bags designed to prevent static electricity charging under low temperature / normal humidity conditions(avoid high temperature / high humidity and low temperature below 0 °C).

**PRODUCTION NO. DEFINITION**

**N O: 8 0 6 0 1 - 0 1**

Input Lot series No.  
DAY  
MONTH  
YEAR